

# Converting Colors

Hex(161C13)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(161C13) contains.

<b>Hex(161C13)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(161C13)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	161C13
RGB	22, 28, 19
RGB Percent	9%, 11%, 7%
CMY	0.9137, 0.8902, 0.9255
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.32, 0.89
HSL	100°, 19%, 9%
HSV	100°, 32%, 11%
XYZ	0.8637, 1.0481, 0.7729
YIQ	25.1800, -0.6870, -4.0710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

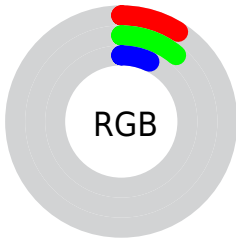
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	19, 28, 25
Decimal	1448979
CIELab	9.39, -5.08, 5.13
CIELCh	9, 7.221, 134.756
Yxy	1.0481, 0.3217, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279639059 (0xFF161C13)
YUV	25.1800, -3.0467, -2.7889
Hunter-Lab	10.2377, -2.8572, 2.6904

# Details

The Hex color **161C13** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **19131C**, and the grayscale version is **191919**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40473D**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141C10**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181C16**.

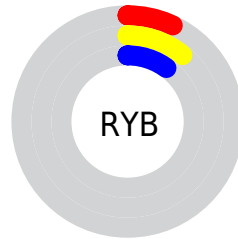
# Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (11%)

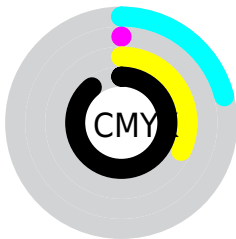
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (10%)

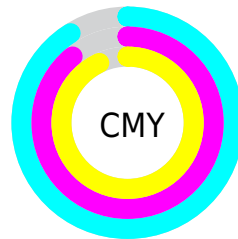


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 161C13 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 161C13 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 161C13

■ 161C13

■ F7FFF3

■ 000000

■ 40473D

■ 585F54

■ 70786D

■ 8A9186

■ A4ACA0

■ BFC7BB

■ DBE3D7

■ 161C13

■ 161C13

■ 141C10

■ 181C16

■ 121C0D

■ 1A1C19

■ 101C0B

■ 1C1C1B

■ 0F1C08

■ 1D1C1E

■ 0D1C05

■ 1F1C21

■ 0B1C02

■ 211C24

■ 091C00

■ 231C27

■ 251C29

■ 271C2C

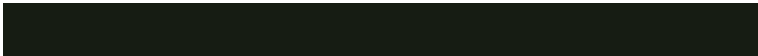
# Harmonies

## Analogous

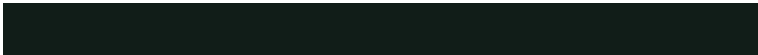
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1C1B10



161C13



111D18

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161C13



111B23



241718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161C13



19131C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22171D



161C13



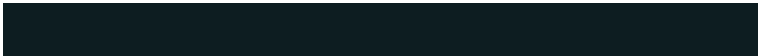
181A24

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161C13



0D1D21



1E1821



231813

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161C13



0E1D1B



1E1821



24171A



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161C13



212420



1C1913



101210



919191



121212



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161C13



1A2416



131C14



0C0D0B



194D00



44CC00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19131C



1F1624



1C131A



0C0B0D



33004D

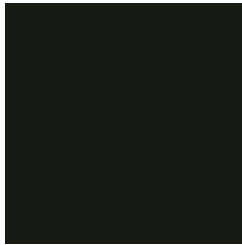


8800CC



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 161C13 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

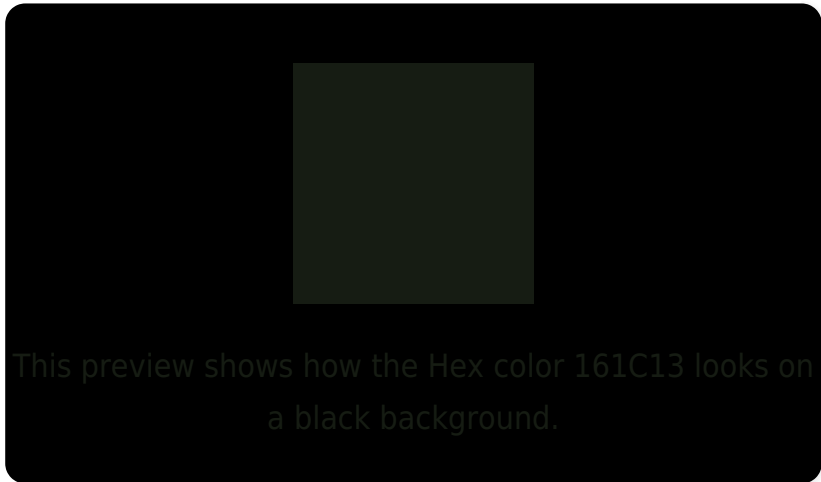
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

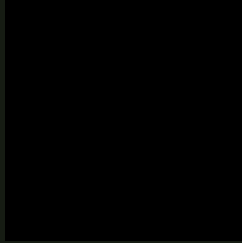
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

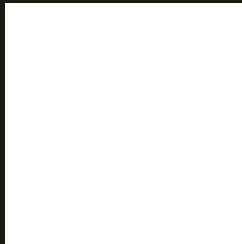
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 161C13 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 161C13.

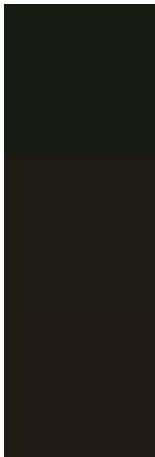


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 161C13.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
161C13

**Protanopia**  
1C1A12

**Deuteranopia**  
1F1914



**Tritanopia**  
181B1D

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

161C13

**Protanomaly**

1A1B12

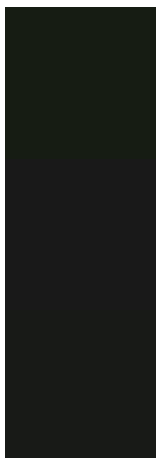
**Deuteranomaly**

1C1A14

**Tritanomaly**

171B19

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

161C13

**Achromatopsia**

191919

**Achromatomaly**

181A17

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 161C13 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #161C13 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#161C13  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #161C13 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #161C13
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 161C13 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#161C13 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#161C13 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #161C13 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #161C13; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #161C13; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #161C13 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 161C13 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#161C13 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#161C13 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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