

# Converting Colors

Hex(164A59)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(164A59) contains.

<b>Hex(164A59)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(164A59)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	164A59
RGB	22, 74, 89
RGB Percent	9%, 29%, 35%
CMY	0.9137, 0.7098, 0.6510
CMYK	0.75, 0.17, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	193°, 60%, 22%
HSV	193°, 75%, 35%
XYZ	4.5828, 5.7894, 10.3271
YIQ	60.1620, -35.8070, -6.3590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

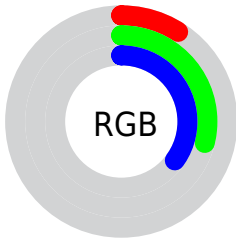
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	22, 51, 89
Decimal	1460825
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.87, -11.44, -13.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 17.955, 230.417
Yxy	5.7894, 0.2214, 0.2797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279650905 (0xFF164A59)
YUV	60.1620, 14.2171, -33.4681
Hunter-Lab	24.0612, -8.1089, -8.6046

# Details

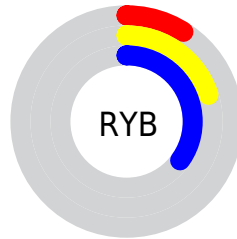
The Hex color **164A59** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **592516**, and the grayscale version is **3C3C3C**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4C7B8B**, and **001E2B** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0D4859**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1F4C59**.

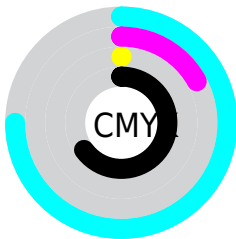
# Distribution



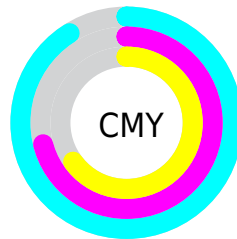
- Red (9%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 164A59 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 164A59 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 164A59

■ 164A59

FFFFFF

■ 003342

■ 4C7B8B

■ 001E2B

■ 6695A5

■ 000117

■ 80AFC0

■ 000000

■ 9BCBDC

■ B7E7F9

■ D3FFFF

■ F0FFFF

■ 164A59

■ 164A59

■ 0D4859

■ 1F4C59

■ 044659

■ 284E59

■ 004559

■ 315059

■ 3A5259

■ 425459

■ 4B5659

■ 545859

■ 5D5A59

■ 665C59

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144C4D



164A59



2A475F

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164A59



5C3A49



44462A

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164A59



592516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



514229



164A59



5F3A3B

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164A59



513D56



5B3D2F



344932

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164A59



38445F



5B3D2F



494529



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164A59



586D73



165925



2A373B



BABABA



3B3B3B



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164A59



0B5C73



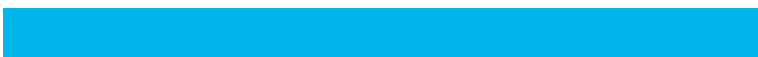
162959



272A2B



00536B



00B6EB



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59164A



730B5C



594616



2B272A



6B0053

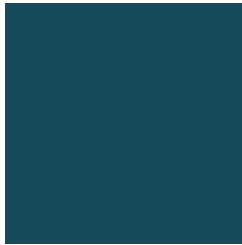


EB00B6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 164A59 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

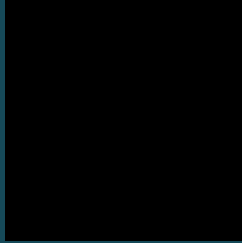
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 164A59 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 164A59.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 164A59.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
164A59

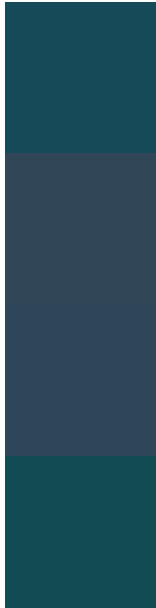
**Protanopia**  
404354

**Deuteranopia**  
3E435B



**Tritanopia**  
0F4B51

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
164A59

**Protanomaly**  
314656

**Deuteranomaly**  
2F465A

**Tritanomaly**  
124B54

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
164A59

**Achromatopsia**  
3C3C3C

**Achromatomaly**  
2E4147

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 164A59 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #164A59 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#164A59  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #164A59 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #164A59
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 164A59 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#164A59 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#164A59 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #164A59 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #164A59; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #164A59; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #164A59 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 164A59 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#164A59 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#164A59 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor