

# Converting Colors

Hex(171800)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(171800) contains.

<b>Hex(171800)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(171800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	171800
RGB	23, 24, 0
RGB Percent	9%, 9%, 0%
CMY	0.9098, 0.9059, 1.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 1.00, 0.91
HSL	62°, 100%, 5%
HSV	62°, 100%, 9%
XYZ	0.6800, 0.8354, 0.1254
YIQ	20.9650, 7.1080, -7.6760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 24, 1</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1513472</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">7.55, -4.67, 11.22</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">8, 12.151, 112.614</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.8354, 0.4144, 0.5092</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279703552 (0xFF171800)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">20.9650, -10.3357, 1.7847</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">9.1402, -2.7158, 5.5846</a>

# Details

The Hex color **171800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **010018**, and the grayscale version is **151515**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **414330**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171802**.

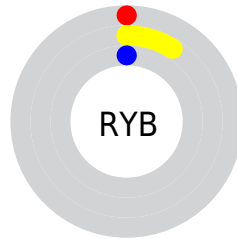
# Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (9%)

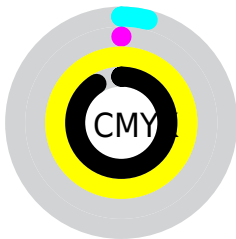
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (0%)

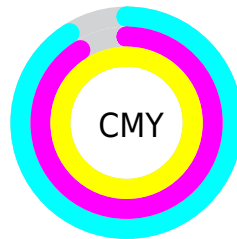


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (91%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (91%)


Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 171800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 171800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 171800

 171800

 F8FAE2

 000000

 414330

 585A46

 71735E

 8A8C77

 A4A690

 C0C2AB

 DBDDC6

 171800

■ 171802

■ 171805

■ 171807

■ 17180A

■ 18180C

■ 18180E

■ 181811

■ 181813

■ 181816

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1F1500



171800



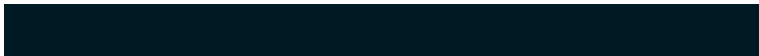
0B1A09

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171800



001A23



251019

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171800



010018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1F1220



171800



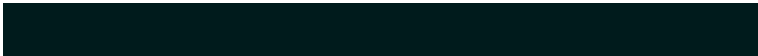
061826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171800



001B1C



141525



261010

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171800



011B11



141525



23111C



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171800



1E1F15



180100



0F0F0A



8F8F8F



0F0F0F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171800



1D1F00



0B1800



0D0D0B



494D00



C4CC00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



010018



01001F



0D0018



0C0B0D



03004D

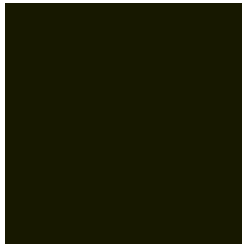


0900CC



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 171800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

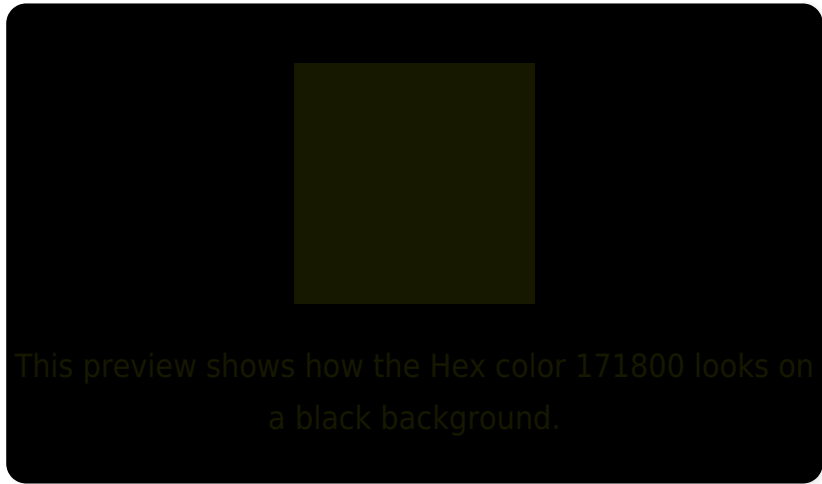
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

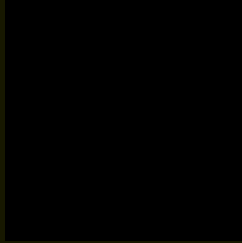
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 171800 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 171800.

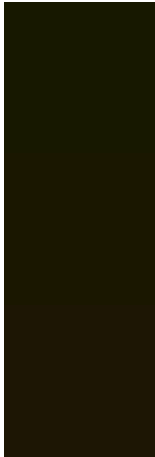


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 171800.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
171800

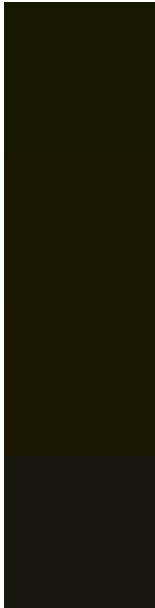
**Protanopia**  
1A1700

**Deuteranopia**  
1D1604



**Tritanopia**  
191618

# Trichromacy



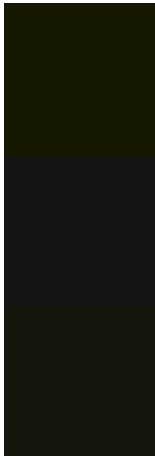
**Original Color**  
171800

**Protanomaly**  
191700

**Deuteranomaly**  
1B1703

**Tritanomaly**  
18170F

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
171800

**Achromatopsia**  
151515

**Achromatomaly**  
16160D

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 171800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #171800 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#171800  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #171800 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #171800
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 171800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

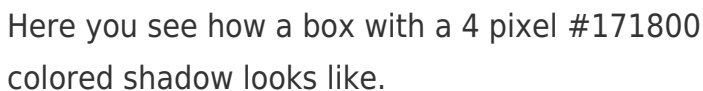
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#171800 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#171800 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #171800 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #171800; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #171800; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #171800 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 171800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#171800 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#171800 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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