

Converting Colors

Hex(1A7FF1)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(1A7FF1) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| Hex(1A7FF1) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

Hex(1A7FF1)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 1A7FF1 |
| RGB | 26, 127, 241 |
| RGB Percent | 10%, 50%, 95% |
| CMY | 0.8980, 0.5020, 0.0549 |
| CMYK | 0.89, 0.47, 0.00, 0.05 |
| HSL | 212°, 88%, 52% |
| HSV | 212°, 89%, 95% |
| XYZ | 23.8926, 21.7492, 86.1578 |
| YIQ | 109.7970, -96.7900, 14.0420 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

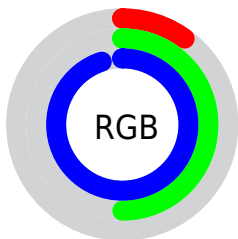
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 26, 95, 241 |
| Decimal | 1736689 |
| CIE Lab | 53.76, 14.87, -64.71 |
| CIE LCh | 54, 66.397, 282.940 |
| Yxy | 21.7492, 0.1813, 0.1650 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279926769 (0xFF1A7FF1) |
| YUV | 109.7970, 64.6831, -73.4900 |
| Hunter-Lab | 46.6361, 9.8359, -76.8901 |

Details

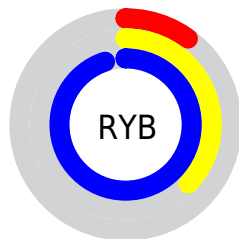
The Hex color **1A7FF1** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **F18C1A**, and the grayscale version is **6D6D6D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72B3FF**, and **004FB8** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0272F1**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **328CF1**.

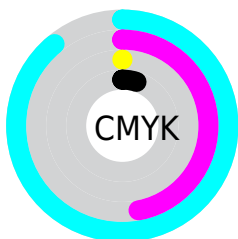
Distribution



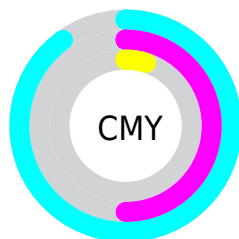
- Red (10%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1A7FF1 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1A7FF1 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1A7FF1

■ 1A7FF1

FFFFFF

■ 0066D4

■ 72B3FF

■ 004FB8

■ 93CEFF

■ 00399D

■ B3EAFF

■ 002582

■ D2FFFF

■ 001268

■ F2FFFF

■ 000A4F

■ 000537

■ 000221

■ 000005

■ 1A7FF1

■ 1A7FF1

■ 0272F1

■ 328CF1

■ 0071F1

■ 4A99F1

■ 62A5F1

■ 7AB2F1

■ 92BFF1

■ ABCCF1

■ C3D8F1

■ DBE5F1

■ F3F2F1

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0090EE



1A7FF1



A165D5

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1A7FF1



D85734



00985D

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1A7FF1



F18C1A

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



409222



1A7FF1



B57200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1A7FF1



E6426A



848600



009A99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1A7FF1



C952B6



848600



009749

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1A7FF1



BADAFF



1AF189



576A80



000000



808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1A7FF1



0078FF



1E1AF1



6C7178



0056B8



001A38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



F11A7F



FF0078



EDF11A



786C71



B80056



38001A

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1A7FF1 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

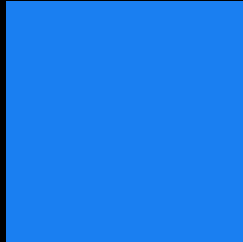
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1A7FF1 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

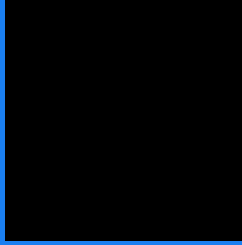
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

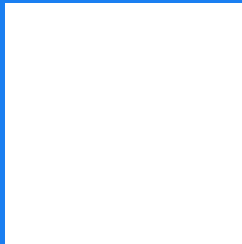
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 1A7FF1 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1A7FF1.

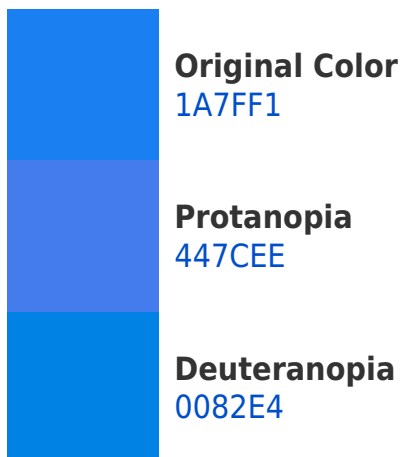


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1A7FF1.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



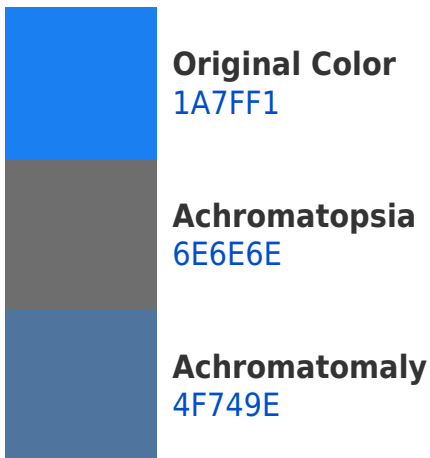


Tritanopia
008E97

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1A7FF1 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1A7FF1 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1A7FF1  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1A7FF1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1A7FF1
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1A7FF1 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1A7FF1 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1A7FF1 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1A7FF1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1A7FF1; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1A7FF1; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1A7FF1 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1A7FF1 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1A7FF1 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1A7FF1 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor