

# Converting Colors

Hex(1C1412)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1C1412) contains.

<b>Hex(1C1412)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(1C1412)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C1412
RGB	28, 20, 18
RGB Percent	11%, 8%, 7%
CMY	0.8902, 0.9216, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.36, 0.89
HSL	12°, 22%, 9%
HSV	12°, 36%, 11%
XYZ	0.8382, 0.7909, 0.6807
YIQ	22.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 21, 18
Decimal	1840146
CIE Lab	7.14, 3.54, 2.58
CIE LCh	7, 4.384, 36.047
Yxy	0.7909, 0.3629, 0.3424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280030226 (0xFF1C1412)
YUV	22.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182
Hunter-Lab	8.8930, 1.2620, 1.6866

# Details

The Hex color **1C1412** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **121A1C**, and the grayscale version is **161616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **473E3C**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1C120F**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1C1615**.

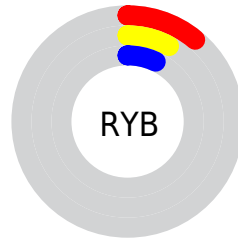
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (8%)

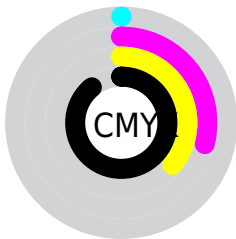
Blue (7%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (7%)

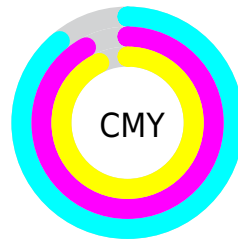


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1C1412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1C1412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 1C1412

■ 1C1412

■ FFF4F2

■ 000000

■ 473E3C

■ 5F5553

■ 786E6C

■ 918785

■ ACA19F

■ C7BCBA

■ E3D8D6

■ 1C1412

■ 1C1412

■ 1C120F

■ 1C1615

■ 1C100C

■ 1C1818

■ 1C0D0A

■ 1C1B1A

■ 1C0B07

■ 1C1D1D

■ 1C0904

■ 1C1F20

■ 1C0701

■ 1C2123

■ 1C0600

■ 1C2426

■ 1C2628

■ 1C282B

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1C1415



1C1412



1B150F

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1C1412



101713



13161C

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1C1412



121A1C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10171B



1C1412



0E1816

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1C1412



141710



0D1719



17151A

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1C1412



19150F



0D1719



12161C



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1C1412



242120



1C121A



121010



919191



121212



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1C1412



241714



1C1912



0D0C0B



4D0F00



CC2900



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121A1C



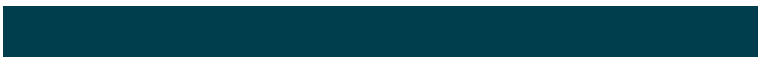
142124



12151C



0B0C0D



003D4D

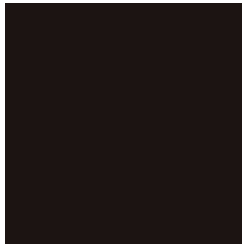


00A3CC



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1C1412 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

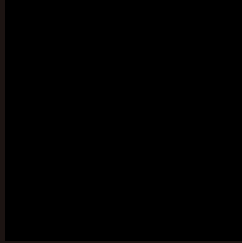
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1C1412 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1C1412.

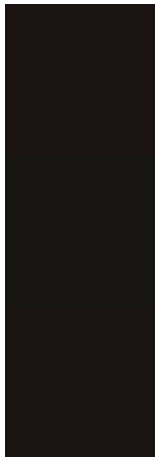


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1C1412.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1C1412

**Protanopia**  
171613

**Deuteranopia**  
1A1512



**Tritanopia**  
1C1415

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

1C1412

**Protanomaly**

191513

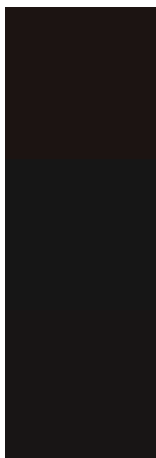
**Deuteranomaly**

1B1512

**Tritanomaly**

1C1414

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

1C1412

**Achromatopsia**

161616

**Achromatomaly**

181515

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1C1412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1C1412 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1C1412  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1C1412 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1C1412
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1C1412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

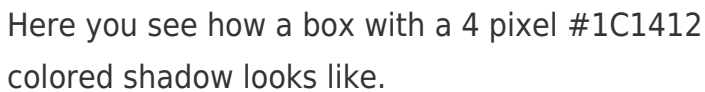
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1C1412 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1C1412 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1C1412 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1C1412; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1C1412; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1C1412 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1C1412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1C1412 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1C1412 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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