

# Converting Colors

Hex(1C191B)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1C191B) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(1C191B)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C191B
RGB	28, 25, 27
RGB Percent	11%, 10%, 11%
CMY	0.8902, 0.9020, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.04, 0.89
HSL	320°, 6%, 10%
HSV	320°, 11%, 11%
XYZ	1.0243, 1.0213, 1.1800
YIQ	26.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">28, 25, 27</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1841435</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">9.17, 1.96, -0.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">9, 2.147, 336.155</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.0213, 0.3176, 0.3166</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280031515 (0xFF1C191B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">26.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">10.1058, 0.4081, 0.1508</a>

# Details

The Hex color **1C191B** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **191C1A**, and the grayscale version is **1A1A1A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **474446**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1C161A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1C1C1C**.

# Distribution



- Red (11%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (89%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1C191B changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1C191B by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 1C191B

■ 1C191B

■ FFFBFE

■ 000000

■ 474446

■ 5F5B5E

■ 787476

■ 918D90

■ ACA8AA

■ C7C3C6

■ E3DFE2

■ 1C191B

■ 1C191B

■ 1C161A

■ 1C1C1C

■ 1C1319

■ 1C1F1D

■ 1C1118

■ 1C211E

■ 1C0E17

■ 1C241F

■ 1C0B16

■ 1C2720

■ 1C0815

■ 1C2A21

■ 1C0514

■ 1C2D22

■ 1C0314

■ 1C2F22

■ 1C0013

■ 1C3223

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1A191C



1C191B



1D191A

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1C191B



1B1A17



161B1B

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1C191B



191C1A

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171B1A



1C191B



191A17

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1C191B



1C1917



181B19



171A1C

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1C191B



1D1919



181B19



161B1B



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1C191B



242323



1A191C



121112



919191



121212



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1C191B



241F22



1C191A



0D0B0C



4D0033



CC0088



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1C191B



241F22



191C1B



0D0B0C



4D0033

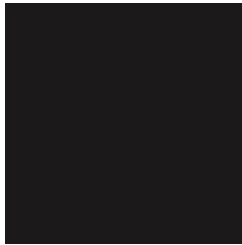


CC0088



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1C191B looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

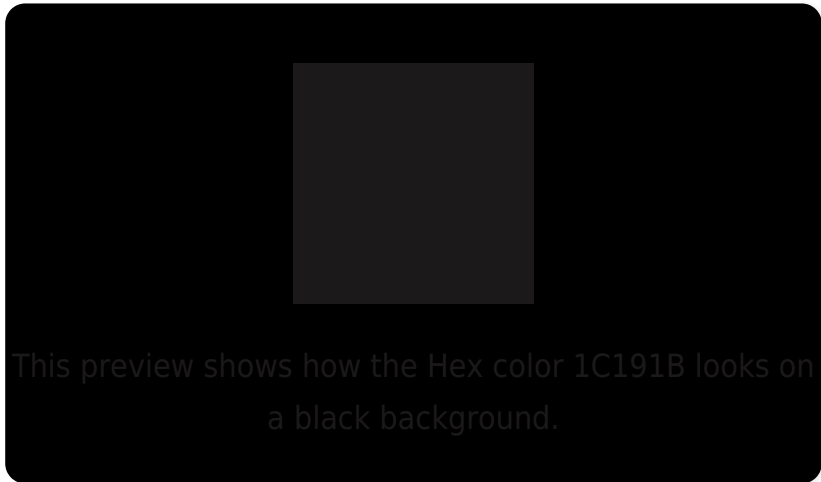
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

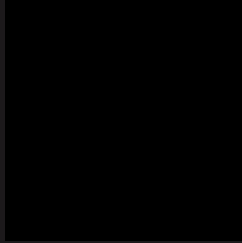
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1C191B Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1C191B.

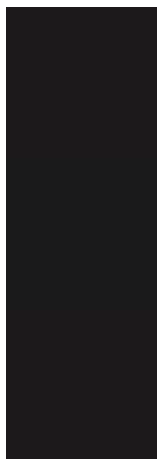


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1C191B.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1C191B

**Protanopia**  
1A1A1B

**Deuteranopia**  
1C191B



**Tritanopia**  
1C191B

# Trichromacy



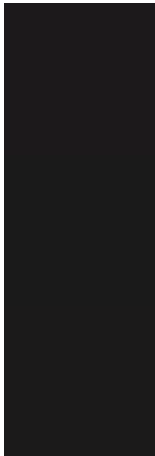
**Original Color**  
1C191B

**Protanomaly**  
1B1A1B

**Deuteranomaly**  
1C191B

**Tritanomaly**  
1C191B

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1C191B

**Achromatopsia**  
1A1A1A

**Achromatomaly**  
1B1A1A

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1C191B is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1C191B looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1C191B  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1C191B colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1C191B
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1C191B is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1C191B }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1C191B }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1C191B colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1C191B; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1C191B; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1C191B }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1C191B is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1C191B }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1C191B }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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