

Converting Colors

Hex(1D1536)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(1D1536) contains.

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Color

Hex(1D1536)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D1536
RGB	29, 21, 54
RGB Percent	11%, 8%, 21%
CMY	0.8863, 0.9176, 0.7882
CMYK	0.46, 0.61, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	255°, 44%, 15%
HSV	255°, 61%, 21%
XYZ	1.4407, 1.0639, 3.6194
YIQ	27.1540, -5.8250, 11.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

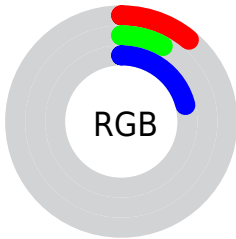
Format	Color
R _Y B	29, 21, 54
Decimal	1905974
CIE Lab	9.51, 13.77, -20.32
CIE LCh	10, 24.548, 304.131
Yxy	1.0639, 0.2353, 0.1737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280096054 (0xFF1D1536)
YUV	27.1540, 13.2351, 1.6189
Hunter-Lab	10.3145, 6.8824, -13.5853

Details

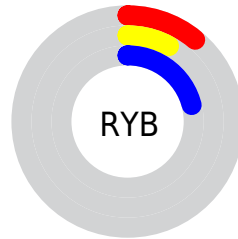
The Hex color **1D1536** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **2E3615**, and the grayscale version is **1B1B1B**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4B4065**, and **000005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191036**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211A36**.

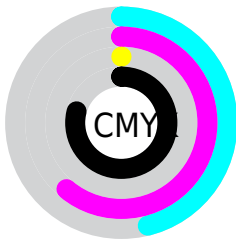
Distribution



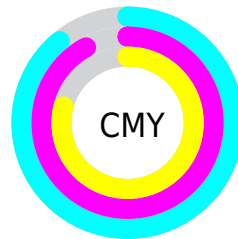
- Red (11%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1D1536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1D1536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1D1536

■ 1D1536

■ FFF6FF

■ 070021

■ 4B4065

■ 000005

■ 63577E

■ 000000

■ 7C6F98

■ 9689B3

■ B1A3CF

■ CDBEEB

■ E9DAFF

■ 1D1536

■ 1D1536

■ 191036

■ 211A36

■ 150A36

■ 252036

■ 110536

■ 292536

■ 0D0036

■ 2D2B36

■ 313036

■ 363536

■ 3A3B36

■ 3E4036

■ 424636

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



001C3C



1D1536



300D29

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1D1536



2E1400



00231C

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1D1536



2E3615

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



002208



1D1536



211A00

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



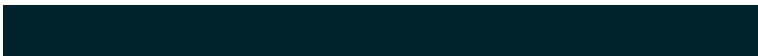
1D1536



360C02



101F00



00222D

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1D1536



36091E



101F00



002317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1D1536



3E3B47



152E36



1E1C24



A3A3A3



242424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1D1536



201347



2D1536



1A191C



16005C



3500DB

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36152E



47133B



1E3615



1C191B



5C0046



DB00A6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1D1536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

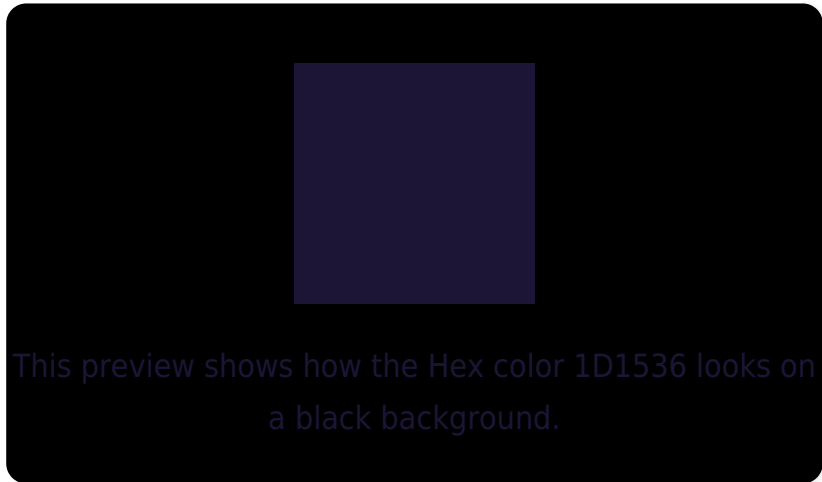
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

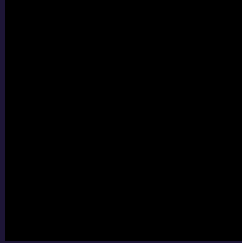
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 1D1536 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D1536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D1536.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
1D1536

Protanopia
001A37

Deuteranopia
001C30



Tritanopia
171C1E

Trichromacy



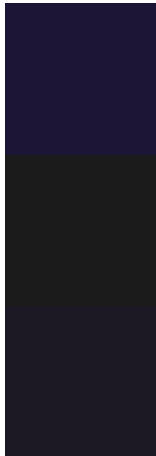
Original Color
1D1536

Protanomaly
0B1837

Deuteranomaly
0B1932

Tritanomaly
191927

Monochromacy



Original Color
1D1536

Achromatopsia
1B1B1B

Achromatomaly
1C1925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1D1536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1D1536 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1D1536  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1D1536 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1D1536
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1D1536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

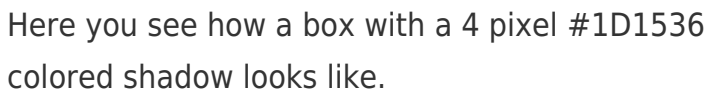
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1D1536 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1D1536 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1D1536 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D1536; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1D1536; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D1536 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1D1536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1D1536 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1D1536 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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