

# Converting Colors

Hex(1D3015)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1D3015) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(1D3015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D3015
RGB	29, 48, 21
RGB Percent	11%, 19%, 8%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8118, 0.9176
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.56, 0.81
HSL	102°, 39%, 14%
HSV	102°, 56%, 19%
XYZ	1.6990, 2.4293, 1.0888
YIQ	39.2410, -2.6570, -12.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

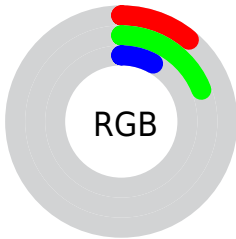
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">21, 48, 40</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1912853</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">17.60, -14.07, 14.83</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">18, 20.449, 133.493</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.4293, 0.3257, 0.4656</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280102933 (0xFF1D3015)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">39.2410, -8.9928, -8.9814</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">15.5861, -7.8177, 6.7684</a>

# Details

The Hex color **1D3015** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **281530**, and the grayscale version is **272727**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4A5E40**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1A3010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20301A**.

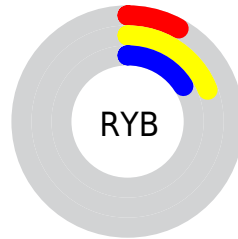
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (19%)

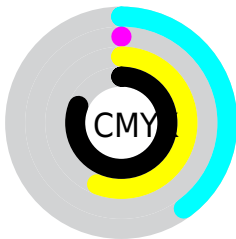
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (16%)

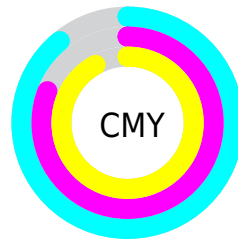


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1D3015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1D3015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 1D3015

 1D3015

 FFFFF7

 061C00

 4A5E40

 000000

 627758

 7B9170

 95AB8A

 B0C7A4

 CBE3BF

 E8FFDB

 1D3015

 1D3015

■ 1A3010

■ 20301A

■ 16300B

■ 24301F

■ 133007

■ 273023

■ 0F3002

■ 2B3028

■ 0E3000

■ 2E302D

■ 313032

■ 353037

■ 38303B

■ 3B3040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2D2C0D



1D3015



053222

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1D3015



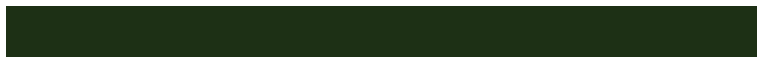
002F47



471F25

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1D3015



281530

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



422034



1D3015



1E2A48

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1D3015



00323F



352541



442218

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1D3015



00332C



352541



461F2A



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1D3015



363D33



302815



1A1F18



9E9E9E



1F1F1F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1D3015



203D14



15301A



151715



1A5700



3FD600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



281530



31143D



30152B



161517



3D0057

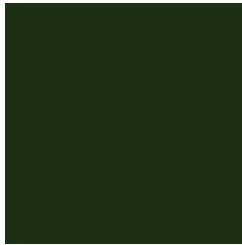


9700D6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1D3015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

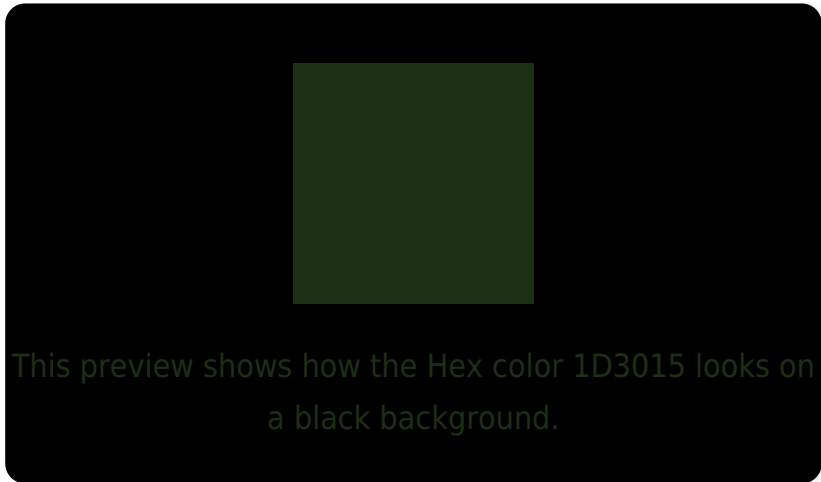
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

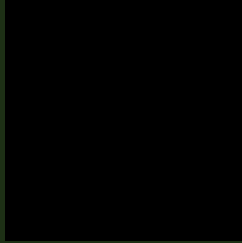
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

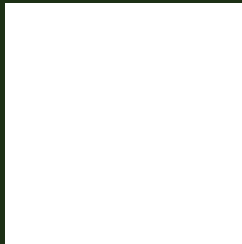
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1D3015 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D3015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D3015.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1D3015

**Protanopia**  
302B13

**Deuteranopia**  
352917



**Tritanopia**  
222D31

# Trichromacy



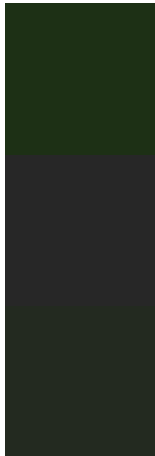
**Original Color**  
1D3015

**Protanomaly**  
292D14

**Deuteranomaly**  
2C2C16

**Tritanomaly**  
202E27

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1D3015

**Achromatopsia**  
272727

**Achromatomaly**  
232A20

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1D3015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1D3015 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1D3015  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1D3015 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1D3015
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1D3015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1D3015 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1D3015 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1D3015 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D3015; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1D3015; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D3015 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1D3015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1D3015 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1D3015 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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