

# Converting Colors

Hex(1D36DC)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1D36DC) contains.

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# Color

Hex(1D36DC)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D36DC
RGB	29, 54, 220
RGB Percent	11%, 21%, 86%
CMY	0.8863, 0.7882, 0.1373
CMYK	0.87, 0.75, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	232°, 77%, 49%
HSV	232°, 87%, 86%
XYZ	14.7441, 8.0669, 68.4901
YIQ	65.4490, -68.1860, 46.3260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

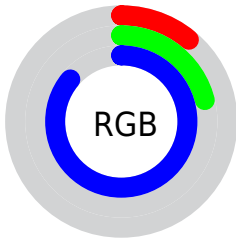
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	29, 51, 220
Decimal	1914588
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.12, 52.61, -84.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	34, 99.921, 301.773
Yxy	8.0669, 0.1615, 0.0884
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280104668 (0xFF1D36DC)
YUV	65.4490, 76.1936, -31.9658
Hunter-Lab	28.4022, 42.9589, -123.0925

# Details

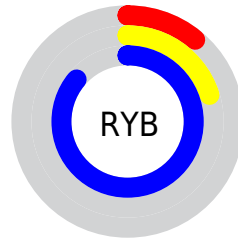
The Hex color **1D36DC** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **DCC31D**, and the grayscale version is **414141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **7267FF**, and **0009A3** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0723DC**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **3349DC**.

# Distribution



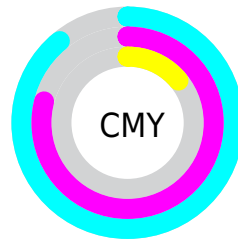
- Red (11%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1D36DC changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1D36DC by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 1D36DC

■ 1D36DC

FFFFFF

■ 001FBF

■ 7267FF

■ 0009A3

■ 9380FF

■ 000088

■ B39BFF

■ 00006E

■ D3B6FF

■ 000B54

■ F2D2FF

■ 00063C

■ FFEEFF

■ 000225

■ 00010E

■ 000000

■ 1D36DC

■ 1D36DC

■ 0723DC

■ 3349DC

■ 001DDC

■ 495CDC

■ 5F6FDC

■ 7582DC

■ 8B96DC

■ A1A9DC

■ B7BCDC

■ CDCFDC

■ E3E2DC

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



005DF6



1D36DC



AB009D

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1D36DC



9B2300



006A53

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1D36DC



DCC31D

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



006700



1D36DC



5F5000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1D36DC



C30000



006100



006CA4

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1D36DC



C8006A



006100



006937



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1D36DC



BDC5FF



1DDCC3



585D80



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1D36DC



0021FF



631DDC



63646E



0017AD



00062E



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



DC1D36



FF0021



96DC1D



6E6364



AD0017

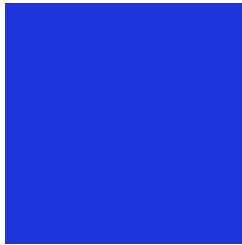


2E0006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1D36DC looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

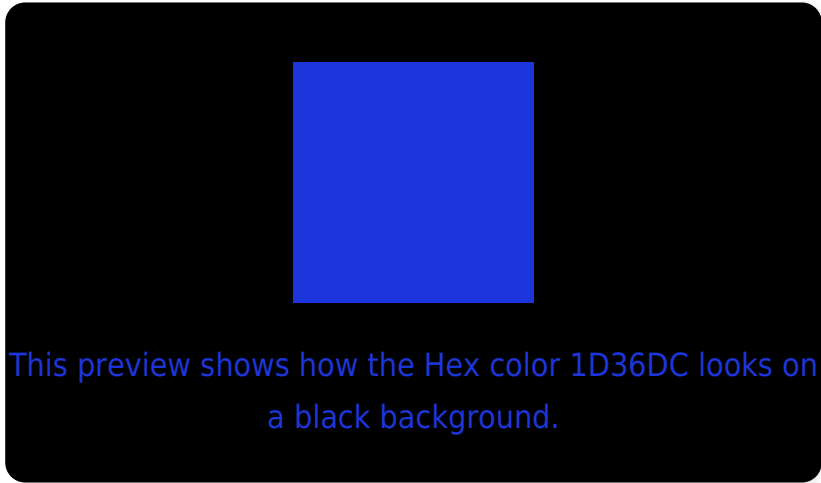
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1D36DC Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D36DC.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1D36DC.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1D36DC

**Protanopia**  
004DA2

**Deuteranopia**  
005289



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
1D36DC

**Protanomaly**  
0B45B7

**Deuteranomaly**  
0B48A7

**Tritanomaly**  
0B4C8B

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1D36DC

**Achromatopsia**  
414141

**Achromatomaly**  
343D79

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1D36DC is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1D36DC looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1D36DC  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1D36DC colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1D36DC
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1D36DC is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1D36DC }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1D36DC }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1D36DC colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D36DC; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1D36DC; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1D36DC }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1D36DC is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1D36DC }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1D36DC }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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