

# Converting Colors

Hex(1DCD8D)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1DCD8D) contains.

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# Color

Hex(1DCD8D)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1DCD8D
RGB	29, 205, 141
RGB Percent	11%, 80%, 55%
CMY	0.8863, 0.1961, 0.4471
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.31, 0.20
HSL	158°, 75%, 46%
HSV	158°, 86%, 80%
XYZ	27.1457, 45.8469, 32.6179
YIQ	145.0800, -84.3520, -57.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

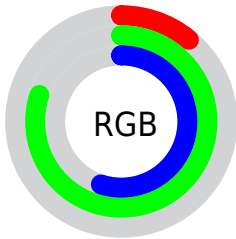
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	29, 137, 205
Decimal	1953165
CIELab	73.45, -56.27, 20.40
CIELCh	73, 59.851, 160.077
Yxy	45.8469, 0.2570, 0.4341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280143245 (0xFF1DCD8D)
YUV	145.0800, -2.0114, -101.8022
Hunter-Lab	67.7104, -46.9308, 18.8357

# Details

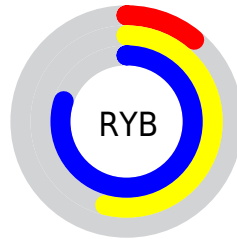
The Hex color **1DCD8D** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **CD1D5D**, and the grayscale version is **919191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **6DFFC3**, and **00955A** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **08CD86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32CD94**.

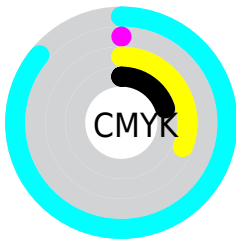
# Distribution



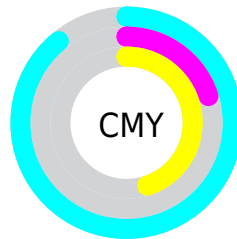
- Red (11%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1DCD8D changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1DCD8D by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 1DCD8D

 1DCD8D

FFFFFF

 00B173

 6DFFC3

 00955A

 8DFFDF

 007B43

 ABFFFC

 00612C

 CAFFFF

 004716

 E9FFFF

 003100

 001400

 000000

 1DCD8D

 1DCD8D

 08CD86

 32CD94

 00CD82

 46CD9C

 5ACDA3

 6FCDAB

 84CDB2

 98CDBA

 ADCDC1

 C1CDC9

 D6CDD0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

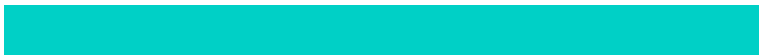
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86C55C



1DCD8D



00D0C6

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1DCD8D



72B4FF



FF9070

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1DCD8D



CD1D5D

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



FF84A4



1DCD8D



D09EFF

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1DCD8D



00C4FF



FF8ADB



F1A44B

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1DCD8D



00CFEA



FF8ADB



FF8A80

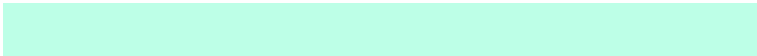


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1DCD8D



BDFFE7



5ECD1D



588071



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1DCD8D



00FFA2



1DB6CD



5C6662



00A669



002618



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



CD1D5D



FF005D



CD341D



665C60



A6003C

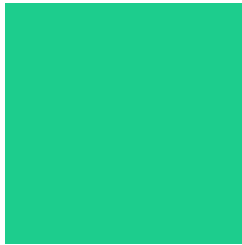


26000E



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1DCD8D looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

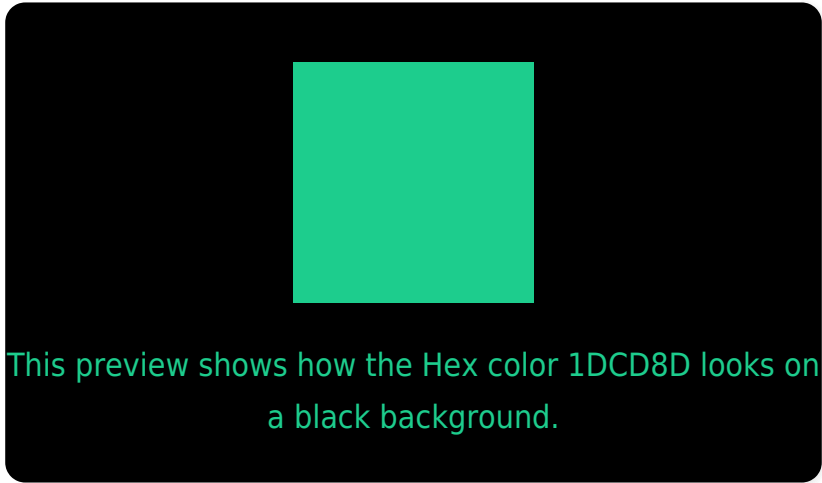
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

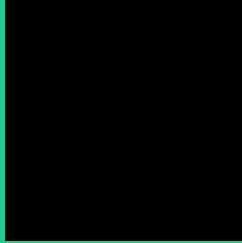
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1DCD8D Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1DCD8D.

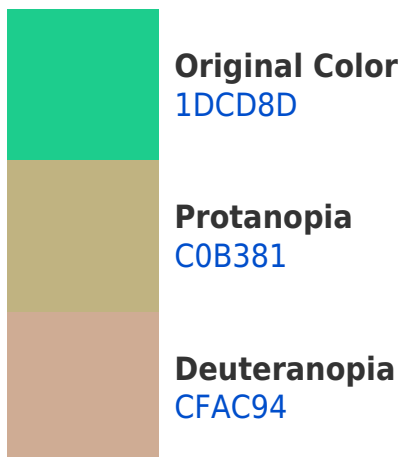


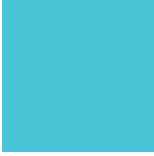
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1DCD8D.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4AC4D4

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
1DCD8D



**Protanomaly**  
85BC85



**Deuteranomaly**  
8EB891



**Tritanomaly**  
3AC7BA

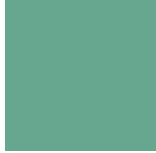
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1DCD8D



**Achromatopsia**  
919191



**Achromatomaly**  
67A790

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1DCD8D is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1DCD8D looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1DCD8D  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1DCD8D colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1DCD8D
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1DCD8D is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1DCD8D }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1DCD8D }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1DCD8D colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1DCD8D; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1DCD8D; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1DCD8D }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1DCD8D is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1DCD8D }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1DCD8D }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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