

Converting Colors

Hex(1F1C1A)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(1F1C1A) contains.

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Color

Hex(1F1C1A)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Hex | 1F1C1A |
| RGB | 31, 28, 26 |
| RGB Percent | 12%, 11%, 10% |
| CMY | 0.8784, 0.8902, 0.8980 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.10, 0.16, 0.88 |
| HSL | 24°, 9%, 11% |
| HSV | 24°, 16%, 12% |
| XYZ | 1.1668, 1.1964, 1.1467 |
| YIQ | 28.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| RYB | 31, 29, 26 |
| Decimal | 2038810 |
| CIELab | 10.53, 0.99, 1.90 |
| CIElCh | 11, 2.143, 62.637 |
| Yxy | 1.1964, 0.3324, 0.3409 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280228890 (0xFF1F1C1A) |
| YUV | 28.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443 |
| Hunter-Lab | 10.9380, -0.1005, 1.4408 |

Details

The Hex color **1F1C1A** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **1A1D1F**, and the grayscale version is **1D1D1D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4B4745**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1F1A17**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1F1E1D**.

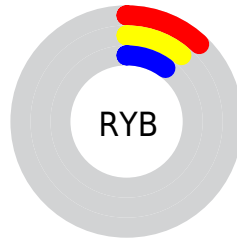
Distribution



 Red (12%)

 Green (11%)

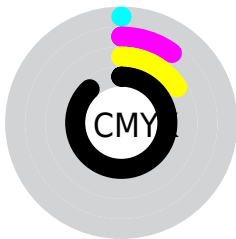
 Blue (10%)



 Red (12%)

 Yellow (11%)

 Blue (10%)

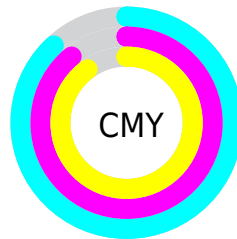


 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (10%)

 Yellow (16%)

 Black (88%)



 Cyan (88%)

 Magenta (89%)

 Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1F1C1A changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1F1C1A by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1F1C1A

■ 1F1C1A

FFFFFFD

■ 060100

■ 4B4745

■ 000000

■ 635F5C

■ 7B7875

■ 95918F

■ B0ACA9

■ CBC7C4

■ E7E3E0

■ 1F1C1A

■ 1F1C1A

■ 1F1A17

■ 1F1E1D

■ 1F1814

■ 1F2020

■ 1F1611

■ 1F2223

■ 1F150E

■ 1F2326

■ 1F130B

■ 1F252A

■ 1F1107

■ 1F272D

■ 1F0F04

■ 1F2930

■ 1F0D01

■ 1F2B33

■ 1F0C00

■ 1F2D36

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201C1B



1F1C1A



1E1C1A

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1F1C1A



191D1D



1D1C1F

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1F1C1A



1A1D1F

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1B1D1F



1F1C1A



191D1E

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1F1C1A



1A1D1B



1A1D1F



1F1C1E

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1F1C1A



1D1D1A



1A1D1F



1C1C1F

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1F1C1A



292827



1F1A1D



141413



949494



141414

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1F1C1A



292421



1F1F1A



0F0E0E



4F2000



CF5300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1A1D1F



212629



1A1A1F



0E0F0F



002F4F



007CCF

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1F1C1A looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

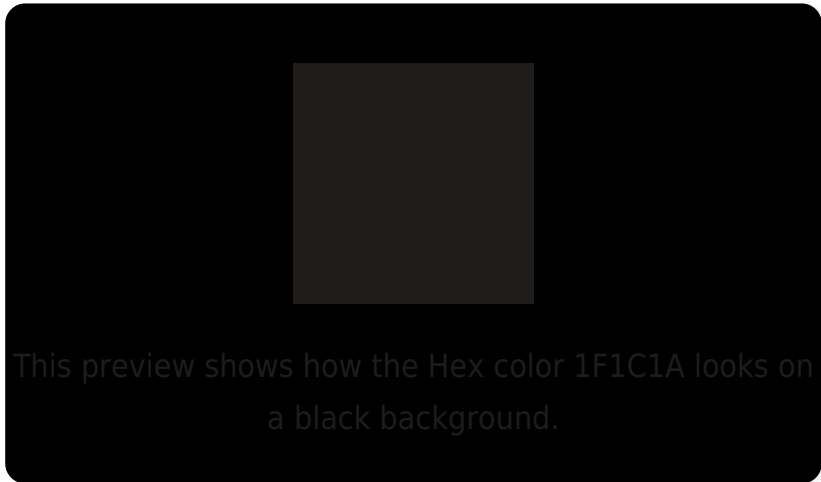
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

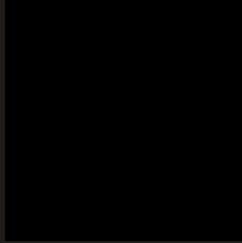
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

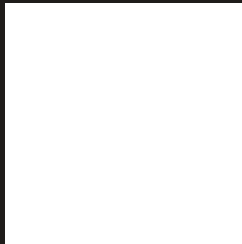
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 1F1C1A Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F1C1A.

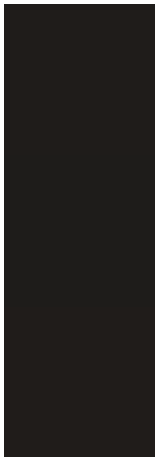


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F1C1A.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
1F1C1A

Protanopia
1E1C1A

Deuteranopia
201C1A



Tritanopia
1F1B1E

Trichromacy



Original Color

1F1C1A

Protanomaly

1E1C1A

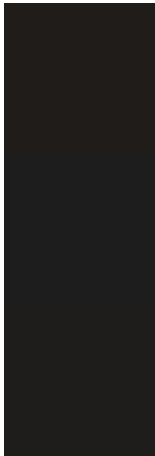
Deuteranomaly

201C1A

Tritanomaly

1F1B1D

Monochromacy



Original Color

1F1C1A

Achromatopsia

1D1D1D

Achromatomaly

1E1D1C

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1F1C1A is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1F1C1A looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1F1C1A  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1F1C1A colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1F1C1A
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1F1C1A is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

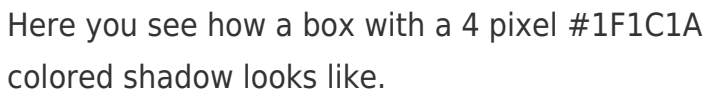
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1F1C1A }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1F1C1A }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1F1C1A colored shadow looks like.



```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F1C1A; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1F1C1A; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F1C1A }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1F1C1A is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1F1C1A }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1F1C1A }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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