

# Converting Colors

Hex(1F286C)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1F286C) contains.

<b>Hex(1F286C)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

Hex(1F286C)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1F286C
RGB	31, 40, 108
RGB Percent	12%, 16%, 42%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8431, 0.5765
CMYK	0.71, 0.63, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	233°, 55%, 27%
HSV	233°, 71%, 42%
XYZ	4.0306, 2.8916, 14.5331
YIQ	45.0610, -27.1920, 19.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

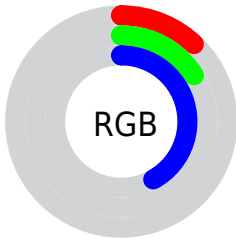
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	31, 39, 108
Decimal	2041964
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	19.60, 20.89, -40.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 45.860, 297.103
Yxy	2.8916, 0.1879, 0.1348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280232044 (0xFF1F286C)
YUV	45.0610, 31.0289, -12.3315
Hunter-Lab	17.0047, 12.5518, -38.7688




# Details

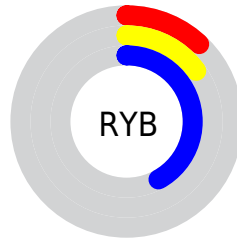
The Hex color **1F286C** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **6C631F**, and the grayscale version is **2D2D2D**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5655A0**, and **00003C** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141E6C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2A326C**.

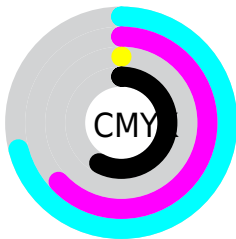
# Distribution







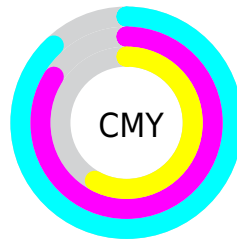
-  Red (12%)
-  Green (16%)
-  Blue (42%)






-  Red (12%)
-  Yellow (15%)
-  Blue (42%)



-  Cyan (71%)
-  Magenta (63%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (58%)



-  Cyan (88%)
-  Magenta (84%)
-  Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1F286C changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1F286C by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 1F286C

■ 1F286C

FFFFFF

■ 001453

■ 5655A0

■ 00003C

■ 716DBB

■ 000225

■ 8C87D7

■ 00010D

■ A7A1F4

■ 000000

■ C4BCFF

■ E0D7FF

■ FEF4FF

■ 1F286C

■ 1F286C

■ 141E6C

■ 2A326C

■ 09156C

■ 353B6C

■ 000D6C

■ 3F456C

■ 4A4E6C

■ 55586C

■ 60616C

■ 6B6B6C

■ 75746C

■ 807E6C

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



003573



1F286C



531154

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1F286C



571D00



003D2B

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1F286C



6C631F

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



003B04



1F286C



3E2D00

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1F286C



660213



1E3600



003D4D

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1F286C



62003F



1E3600



003C1F



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1F286C



6F728C



1F6C62



363847



C7C7C7



474747



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1F286C



14228C



3B1F6C



303136



000E75



001DF5



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6C1F28



8C1422



506C1F



363031



75000E

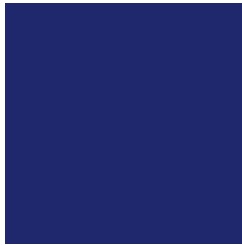


F5001D



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1F286C looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

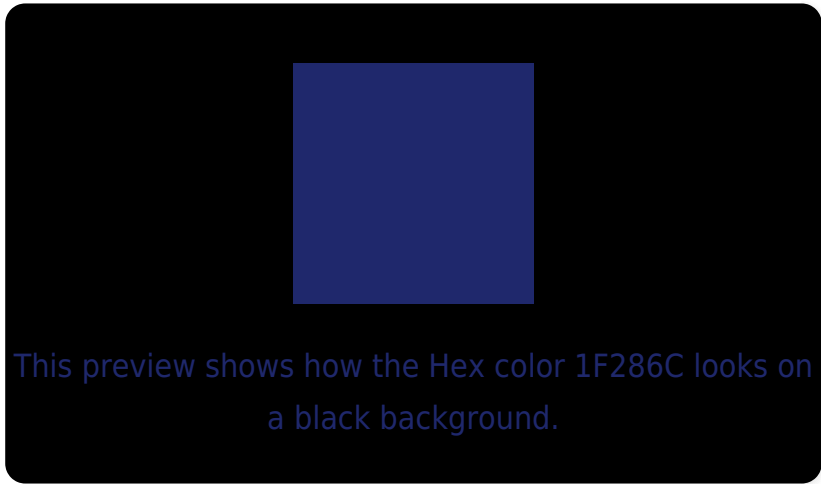
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

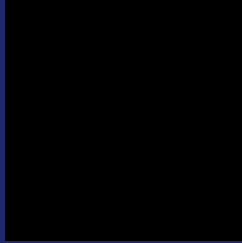
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1F286C Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F286C.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F286C.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1F286C

**Protanopia**  
002E61

**Deuteranopia**  
003154



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
1F286C

**Protanomaly**  
0B2C65

**Deuteranomaly**  
0B2E5D

**Tritanomaly**  
0B304C

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1F286C

**Achromatopsia**  
2D2D2D

**Achromatomaly**  
282B44

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1F286C is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1F286C looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1F286C  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1F286C colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1F286C
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1F286C is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1F286C }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1F286C }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1F286C colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F286C; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1F286C; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F286C }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1F286C is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1F286C }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1F286C }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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