

Converting Colors

Hex(1F2F36)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(1F2F36) contains.

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Color

Hex(1F2F36)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F2F36
RGB	31, 47, 54
RGB Percent	12%, 18%, 21%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8157, 0.7882
CMYK	0.43, 0.13, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	198°, 27%, 17%
HSV	198°, 43%, 21%
XYZ	2.2474, 2.5907, 3.8716
YIQ	43.0140, -11.7830, -1.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

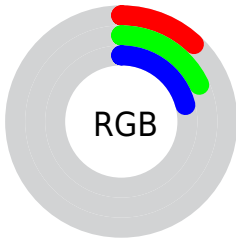
Format	Color
RYB	31, 40, 54
Decimal	2043702
CIELab	18.32, -4.44, -6.59
CIELCh	18, 7.942, 236.045
Yxy	2.5907, 0.2580, 0.2974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280233782 (0xFF1F2F36)
YUV	43.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363
Hunter-Lab	16.0956, -3.2431, -2.9947

Details

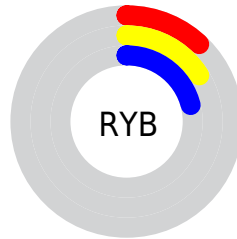
The Hex color **1F2F36** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **36261F**, and the grayscale version is **2B2B2B**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4C5D65**, and **000009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1A2D36**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243136**.

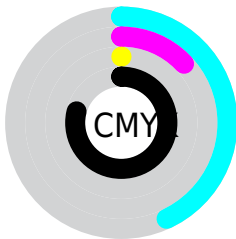
Distribution



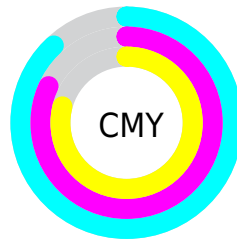
- Red (12%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1F2F36 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1F2F36 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1F2F36

■ 1F2F36

FFFFFF

■ 0A1A21

■ 4C5D65

■ 000009

■ 64757E

■ 000000

■ 7D8F97

■ 97AAB2

■ B2C5CE

■ CEE1EA

■ EAFDFF

■ 1F2F36

■ 1F2F36

■ 1A2D36

■ 243136

■ 142C36

■ 2A3236

■ 0F2A36

■ 2F3436

■ 092836

■ 353636

■ 042736

■ 3A3736

■ 002636

■ 3F3936

■ 453B36

■ 4A3C36

■ 503E36

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1D3031



1F2F36



252D38

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1F2F36



38292E



2C2E22

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1F2F36



36261F

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



322C21



1F2F36



392928

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1F2F36



332A33



362A23



252F26

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1F2F36



2A2C38



362A23



2E2D22

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1F2F36



3E4547



1F3626



1E2224



A3A3A3



242424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1F2F36



233C47



1F2436



191B1C



00405C



0099DB

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



361F2F



47233C



36311F



1C191B



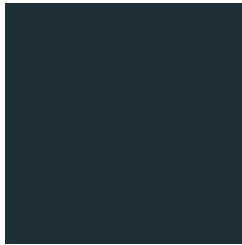
5C0040



DB0099

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1F2F36 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

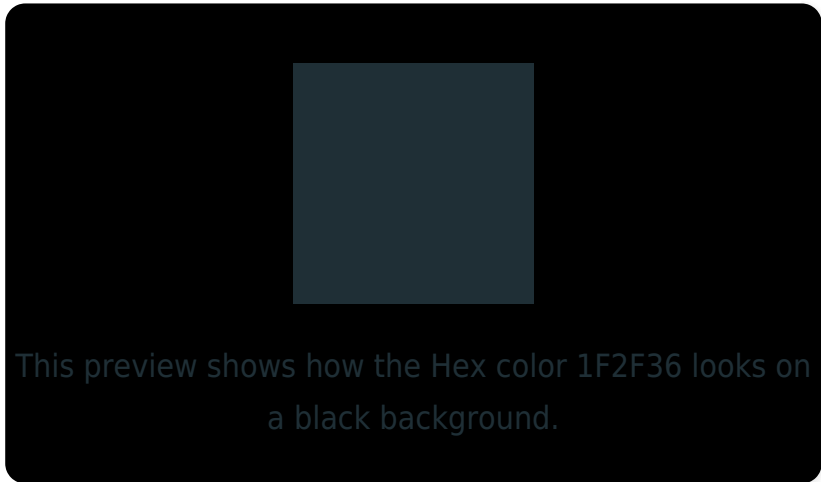
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

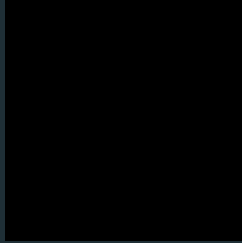
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

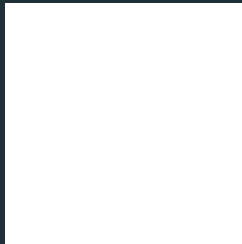
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 1F2F36 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F2F36.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F2F36.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
1F2F36

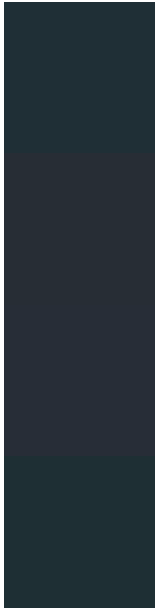
Protanopia
2B2C34

Deuteranopia
2C2C37



Tritanopia
1E2F33

Trichromacy



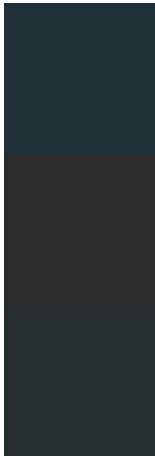
Original Color
1F2F36

Protanomaly
272D35

Deuteranomaly
272D37

Tritanomaly
1E2F34

Monochromacy



Original Color
1F2F36

Achromatopsia
2B2B2B

Achromatomaly
272C2F

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1F2F36 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1F2F36 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1F2F36  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1F2F36 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1F2F36
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1F2F36 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

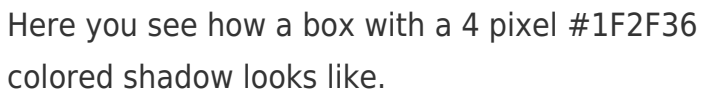
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1F2F36 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1F2F36 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1F2F36 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F2F36; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1F2F36; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F2F36 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1F2F36 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1F2F36 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1F2F36 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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