

# Converting Colors

Hex(1F3D28)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(1F3D28) contains.

<b>Hex(1F3D28)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(1F3D28)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F3D28
RGB	31, 61, 40
RGB Percent	12%, 24%, 16%
CMY	0.8784, 0.7608, 0.8431
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.34, 0.76
HSL	138°, 33%, 18%
HSV	138°, 49%, 24%
XYZ	2.6168, 3.7820, 2.5996
YIQ	49.6360, -11.1390, -12.8910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

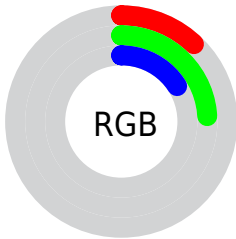
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	31, 54, 61
Decimal	2047272
CIE Lab	22.94, -16.85, 9.54
CIE LCh	23, 19.369, 150.480
Yxy	3.7820, 0.2908, 0.4203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280237352 (0xFF1F3D28)
YUV	49.6360, -4.7505, -16.3438
Hunter-Lab	19.4474, -10.0140, 5.6878

# Details

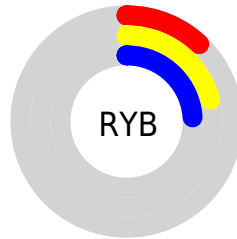
The Hex color **1F3D28** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **3D1F34**, and the grayscale version is **323232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4D6D55**, and **001200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193D24**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **253D2C**.

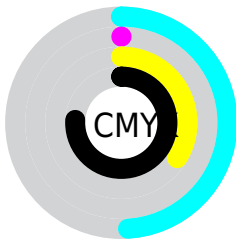
# Distribution



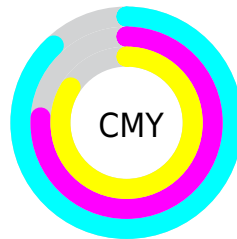
- Red (12%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 1F3D28 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 1F3D28 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





1F3D28



1F3D28

FFFFFF



092714



4D6D55



001200



65866E



000000



7FA087



99BBA1



B4D7BC



D0F4D8



ECFFF4



1F3D28



1F3D28

■ 193D24

■ 253D2C

■ 133D1F

■ 2B3D31

■ 0D3D1B

■ 313D35

■ 073D17

■ 373D39

■ 013D13

■ 3D3D3D

■ 003D12

■ 443D42

■ 4A3D46

■ 503D4A

■ 563D4E

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



313A1D



1F3D28



063E36

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1F3D28



203853



522D29

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1F3D28



3D1F34

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



512B37



1F3D28



383350

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1F3D28



003C4F



492E45



4B311E

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1F3D28



003E40



492E45



532C2D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1F3D28



434F47



343D1F



212924



A8A8A8



292929



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1F3D28



204F2E



1F3D37



1C1F1C



005E1C



00DE43



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3D1F34



4F2041



3D1F25



1F1C1E



5E0042

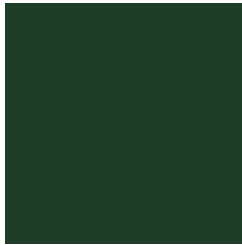


DE009B



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 1F3D28 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

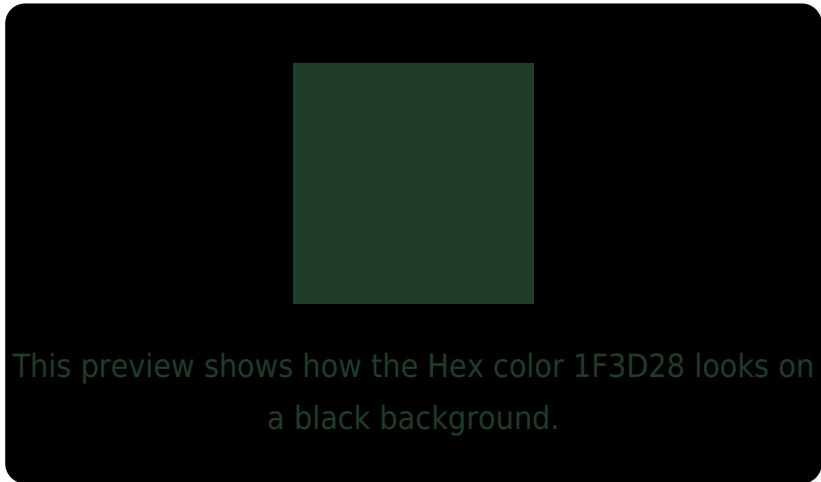
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

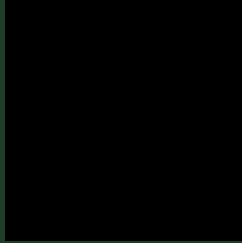
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 1F3D28 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F3D28.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 1F3D28.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
1F3D28

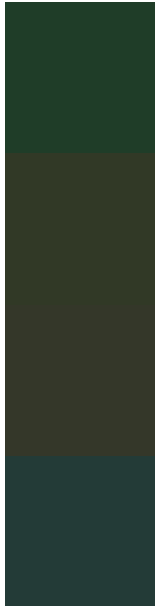
**Protanopia**  
3B3725

**Deuteranopia**  
40342A



**Tritanopia**  
253A3F

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
1F3D28

**Protanomaly**  
313926

**Deuteranomaly**  
343729

**Tritanomaly**  
233B37

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
1F3D28

**Achromatopsia**  
323232

**Achromatomaly**  
2B362E

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 1F3D28 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #1F3D28 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#1F3D28  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #1F3D28 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #1F3D28
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 1F3D28 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

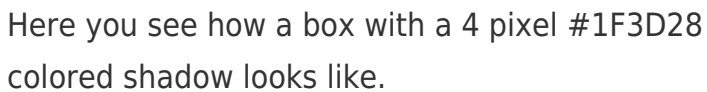
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#1F3D28 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#1F3D28 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #1F3D28 colored shadow looks like.



```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F3D28; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #1F3D28; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #1F3D28 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 1F3D28 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#1F3D28 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#1F3D28 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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