

# Converting Colors

Hex(282A2D)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(282A2D) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(282A2D)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	282A2D
RGB	40, 42, 45
RGB Percent	16%, 16%, 18%
CMY	0.8431, 0.8353, 0.8235
CMYK	0.11, 0.07, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	216°, 6%, 17%
HSV	216°, 11%, 18%
XYZ	2.1767, 2.2965, 2.8112
YIQ	41.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	40, 41, 45
Decimal	2632237
CIELab	16.97, -0.13, -2.26
CIElCh	17, 2.267, 266.665
Yxy	2.2965, 0.2988, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280822317 (0xFF282A2D)
YUV	41.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	15.1542, -0.8809, -0.3906

# Details

The Hex color **282A2D** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **2D2B28**, and the grayscale version is **2A2A2A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55575B**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24272D**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2D2D2D**.

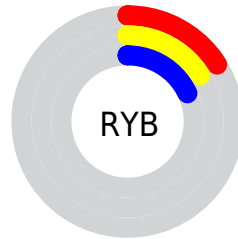
# Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (16%)

Blue (18%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (18%)

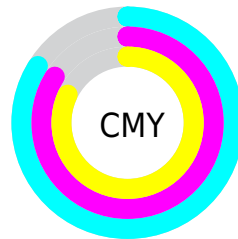


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 282A2D changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 282A2D by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 282A2D

■ 282A2D

FFFFFF

■ 141618

■ 55575B

■ 000000

■ 6D7073

■ 87898D

■ A1A3A7

■ BCBE2

■ D7DADE

■ F4F7FB

■ 282A2D

■ 282A2D

■ 24272D

■ 2D2D2D

■ 1F252D

■ 312F2D

■ 1A222D

■ 36322D

■ 161F2D

■ 3A352D

■ 111D2D

■ 3F372D

■ 0D1A2D

■ 433A2D

■ 09172D

■ 483D2D

■ 04142D

■ 4C402D

■ 00122D

■ 51422D

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



272A2C



282A2D



2A292D

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



282A2D



2D2928



282B28

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



282A2D



2D2B28

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2A2A27



282A2D



2D2927

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



282A2D



2D292A



2B2A27



262B2A

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



282A2D



2B292C



2B2A27



282A28



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



282A2D



393A3B



282D2B



1D1E1F



9E9E9E



1F1F1F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



282A2D



33363B



29282D



151617



002357



0056D6



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2D282A



3B3336



2D2D28



171516



570023

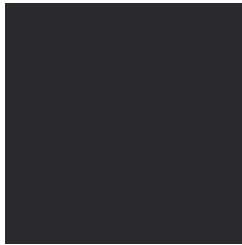


D60056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 282A2D looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

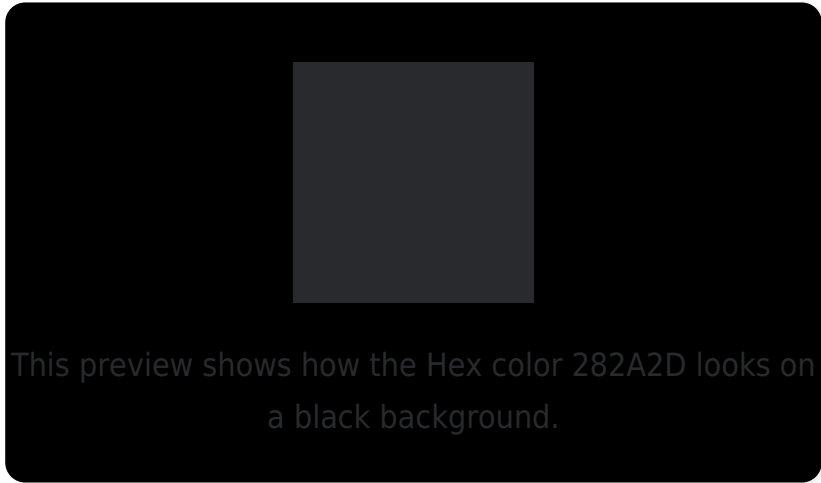
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

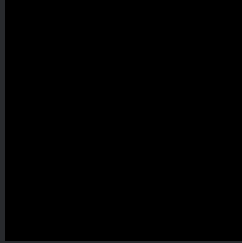
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

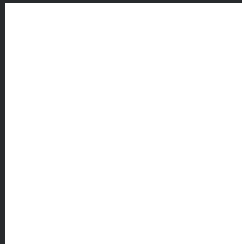
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 282A2D Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 282A2D.

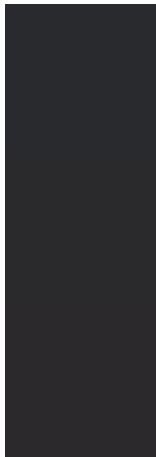


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 282A2D.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



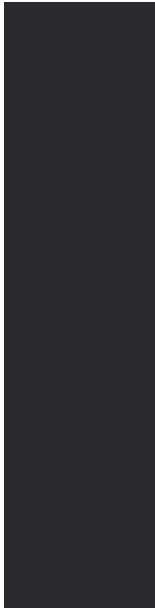
**Original Color**  
282A2D

**Protanopia**  
2A2A2D

**Deuteranopia**  
2C292D



# Trichromacy



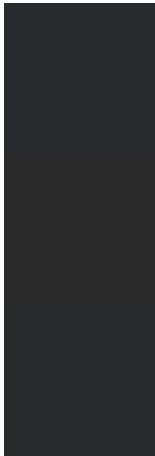
**Original Color**  
282A2D

**Protanomaly**  
292A2D

**Deuteranomaly**  
2B292D

**Tritanomaly**  
282A2D

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
282A2D

**Achromatopsia**  
2A2A2A

**Achromatomaly**  
292A2B

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 282A2D is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #282A2D looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#282A2D  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #282A2D colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #282A2D
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 282A2D is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

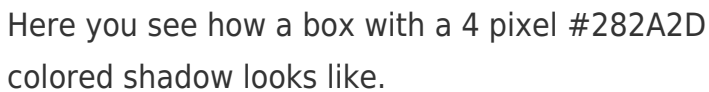
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#282A2D }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#282A2D }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #282A2D colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #282A2D; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #282A2D; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #282A2D }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 282A2D is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#282A2D }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#282A2D }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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