

# Converting Colors

Hex(292E1A)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(292E1A) contains.

<b>Hex(292E1A)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(292E1A)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	292E1A
RGB	41, 46, 26
RGB Percent	16%, 18%, 10%
CMY	0.8392, 0.8196, 0.8980
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.43, 0.82
HSL	75°, 28%, 14%
HSV	75°, 43%, 18%
XYZ	2.0779, 2.5000, 1.3503
YIQ	42.2250, 3.4400, -7.2800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

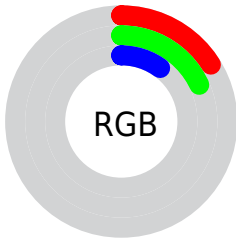
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 46, 31
Decimal	2698778
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.92, -6.39, 12.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 13.762, 117.680
Yxy	2.5000, 0.3505, 0.4217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280888858 (0xFF292E1A)
YUV	42.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743
Hunter-Lab	15.8114, -4.2117, 6.0045

# Details

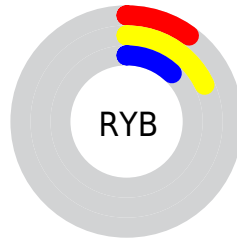
The Hex color **292E1A** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **1F1A2E**, and the grayscale version is **2A2A2A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **575C45**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **282E15**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2A2E1F**.

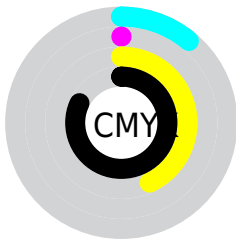
# Distribution



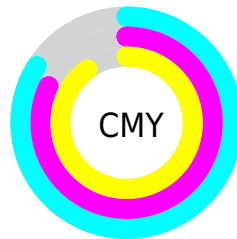
- Red (16%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 292E1A changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 292E1A by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 292E1A

■ 292E1A

FFFFFFE

■ 161900

■ 575C45

■ 000000

■ 6F745D

■ 898E76

■ A3A88F

■ BEC3AA

■ DADFC5

■ F6FCE1

■ 292E1A

■ 292E1A

■ 282E15

■ 2A2E1F

■ 272E11

■ 2B2E23

■ 262E0C

■ 2C2E28

■ 242E08

■ 2E2E2C

■ 232E03

■ 2F2E31

■ 232E00

■ 302E36

■ 312E3A

■ 322E3F

■ 332E43

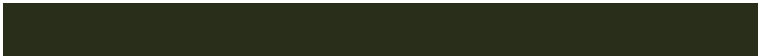
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



332B18



292E1A



1D3021

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



292E1A



0D303C



3E242D

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



292E1A



1F1A2E

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



382637



292E1A



1D2D3F

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



292E1A



083135



2C2A3D



3F2523

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



292E1A



153127



2C2A3D



3D2530



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



292E1A



393B33



2E1F1A



1D1F1A



9E9E9E



1F1F1F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



292E1A



333B1C



1F2E1A



161715



415700



A1D600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1F1A2E



241C3B



291A2E



151517



160057



3600D6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 292E1A looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

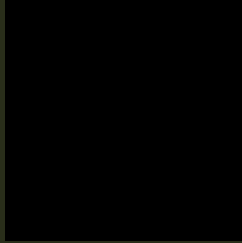
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 292E1A Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 292E1A.

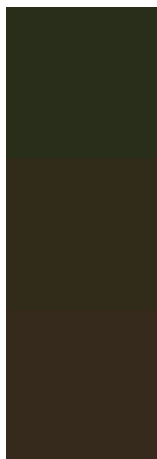


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 292E1A.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



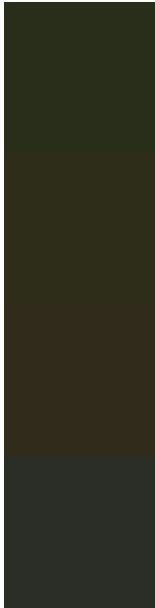
**Original Color**  
292E1A

**Protanopia**  
302C19

**Deuteranopia**  
352A1B



# Trichromacy



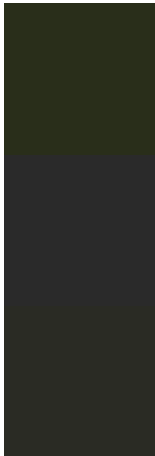
**Original Color**  
292E1A

**Protanomaly**  
2D2D19

**Deuteranomaly**  
312B1B

**Tritanomaly**  
2B2D27

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
292E1A

**Achromatopsia**  
2A2A2A

**Achromatomaly**  
2A2B24

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 292E1A is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #292E1A looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#292E1A  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #292E1A colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #292E1A
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 292E1A is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#292E1A }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#292E1A }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #292E1A colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #292E1A; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #292E1A; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #292E1A }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 292E1A is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#292E1A }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#292E1A }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor