

# Converting Colors

Hex(2D1011)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(2D1011) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(2D1011)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1011
RGB	45, 16, 17
RGB Percent	18%, 6%, 7%
CMY	0.8235, 0.9373, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.62, 0.82
HSL	358°, 48%, 12%
HSV	358°, 64%, 18%
XYZ	1.3687, 0.9689, 0.6452
YIQ	24.7850, 16.9630, 6.4590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

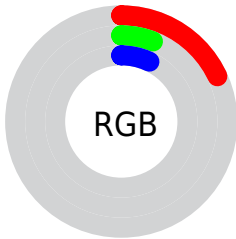
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	45, 16, 17
Decimal	2953233
CIELab	8.73, 15.05, 5.82
CIELCh	9, 16.136, 21.154
Yxy	0.9689, 0.4588, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281143313 (0xFF2D1011)
YUV	24.7850, -3.8380, 17.7286
Hunter-Lab	9.8435, 7.5929, 3.0042

# Details


The Hex color **2D1011** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **102D2C**, and the grayscale version is **191919**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5D3B3B**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2D0C0D**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2D1515**.

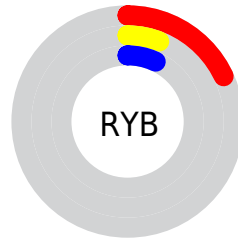
# Distribution



 Red (18%)

 Green (6%)

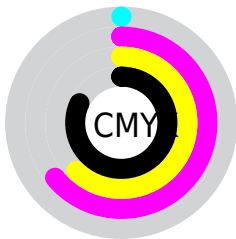
 Blue (7%)



 Red (18%)

 Yellow (6%)

 Blue (7%)

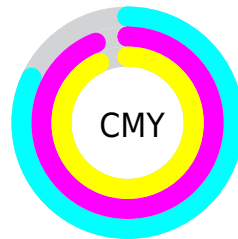


 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (64%)

 Yellow (62%)

 Black (82%)



 Cyan (82%)

 Magenta (94%)

 Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 2D1011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 2D1011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 2D1011

 2D1011

 FFF1F1

 150000

 5D3B3B

 000000

 765252

 906A6B

 AB8484

 C79E9E

 E3B9B9

 FFD5D4

 2D1011

 2D1011

■ 2D0C0D

■ 2D1515

■ 2D0708

■ 2D191A

■ 2D0304

■ 2D1E1E

■ 2D0002

■ 2D2222

■ 2D2727

■ 2D2B2B

■ 2D302F

■ 2D3434

■ 2D3938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2B101D



2D1011



2A1302

# Triad

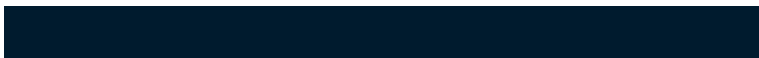
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2D1011



0B1D07



001B2E

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2D1011



102D2C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



001D29



2D1011



001F15

# Square

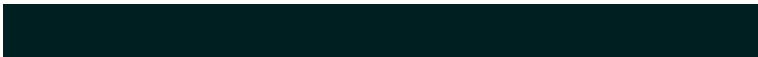
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2D1011



1A1B00



001F20



14172D

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2D1011



261600



001F20



001C2D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2D1011



3B3030



2C102D



1F1818



9E9E9E



1F1F1F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2D1011



3B0D0F



2D1D10



171515



570003



D60007



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2D1011



3B0D0F



10202D



171515



570003

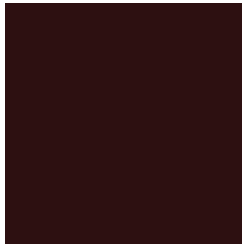


D60007



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 2D1011 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

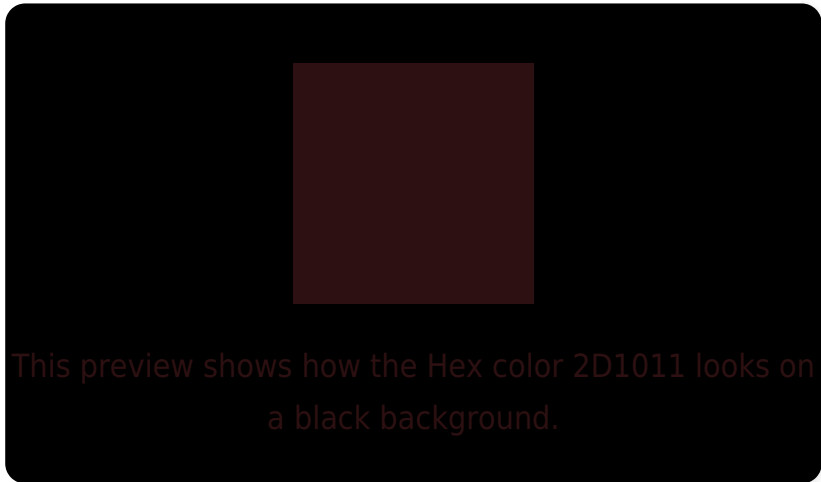
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

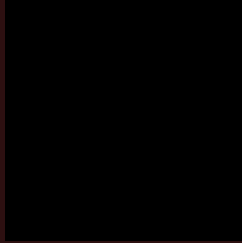
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 2D1011 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1011.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1011.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



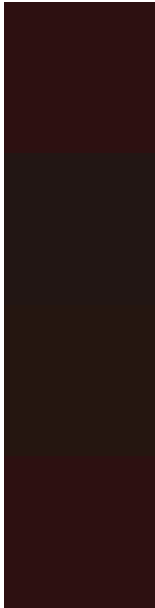
**Original Color**  
2D1011

**Protanopia**  
1C1A15

**Deuteranopia**  
201910



# Trichromacy



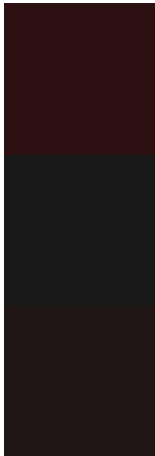
**Original Color**  
2D1011

**Protanomaly**  
221614

**Deuteranomaly**  
251610

**Tritanomaly**  
2D1011

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
2D1011

**Achromatopsia**  
191919

**Achromatomaly**  
201616

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 2D1011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #2D1011 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#2D1011  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #2D1011 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #2D1011
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 2D1011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

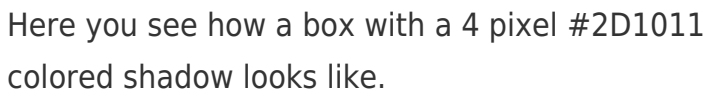
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#2D1011 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#2D1011 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #2D1011 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1011; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #2D1011; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1011 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 2D1011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#2D1011 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#2D1011 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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