

Converting Colors

Hex(2D1133)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(2D1133) contains.

Hex(2D1133)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Hex(2D1133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1133
RGB	45, 17, 51
RGB Percent	18%, 7%, 20%
CMY	0.8235, 0.9333, 0.8000
CMYK	0.12, 0.67, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	289°, 50%, 13%
HSV	289°, 67%, 20%
XYZ	1.8802, 1.1978, 3.2641
YIQ	29.2480, 5.7740, 16.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

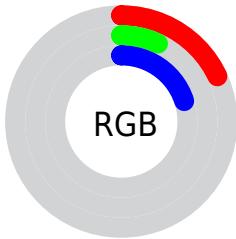
Format	Color
RYB	45, 17, 51
Decimal	2953523
CIELab	10.54, 20.82, -16.37
CIElCh	11, 26.487, 321.830
Yxy	1.1978, 0.2965, 0.1889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281143603 (0xFF2D1133)
YUV	29.2480, 10.7237, 13.8145
Hunter-Lab	10.9444, 11.5124, -10.0216




Details

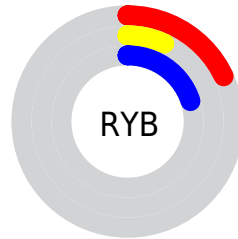
The Hex color **2D1133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **173311**, and the grayscale version is **1D1D1D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5C3D62**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2C0C33**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2E1633**.

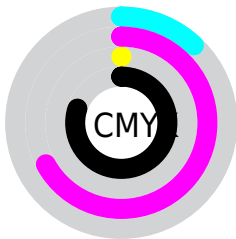
Distribution







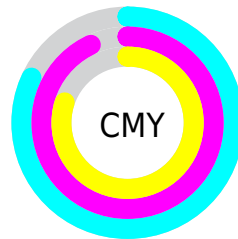
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (7%)
-  Blue (20%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Blue (20%)



-  Cyan (12%)
-  Magenta (67%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (80%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (93%)
-  Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 2D1133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 2D1133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 2D1133

■ 2D1133

■ FFF4FF

■ 1B001E

■ 5C3D62

■ 000000

■ 75547B

■ 8F6D94

■ AA86AF

■ C5A1CB

■ E1BCE7

■ FED8FF

■ 2D1133

■ 2D1133

■ 2C0C33

■ 2E1633

■ 2B0733

■ 2F1B33

■ 2A0233

■ 302033

■ 2A0033

■ 312533

■ 322B33

■ 323033

■ 333533

■ 343A33

■ 353F33

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101A3E



2D1133



3A0922

Triad

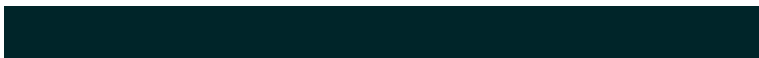
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2D1133



291A00



002529

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2D1133



173311

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



002517



2D1133



191F00

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2D1133



361200



012300



002439

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2D1133



3C0816



012300



002523

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2D1133



403542



111733



201921



A1A1A1



212121

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2D1133



390D42



331128



19171A



490059



B200D9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



331117



420D17



11331C



1A1717



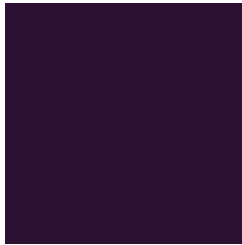
590010



D90026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 2D1133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

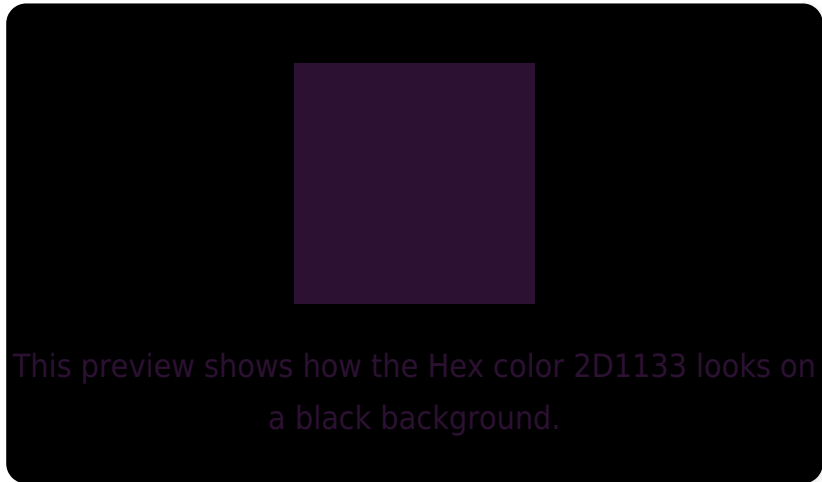
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

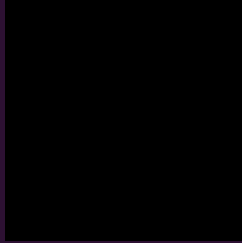
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 2D1133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
2D1133

Protanopia
001D3D

Deuteranopia
121E31



Tritanopia
2A191B

Trichromacy



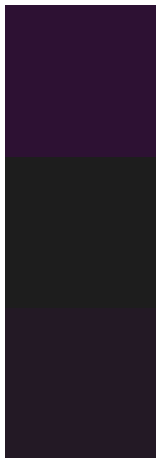
Original Color
2D1133

Protanomaly
101939

Deuteranomaly
1C1932

Tritanomaly
2B1624

Monochromacy



Original Color
2D1133

Achromatopsia
1D1D1D

Achromatomaly
231925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 2D1133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #2D1133 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#2D1133  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #2D1133 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #2D1133
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 2D1133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

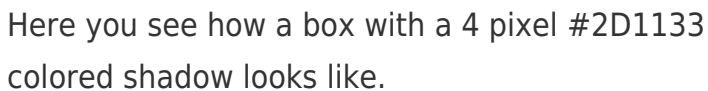
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#2D1133 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#2D1133 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #2D1133 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1133; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #2D1133; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1133 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 2D1133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#2D1133 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#2D1133 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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