

Converting Colors

Hex(2D1D2F)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(2D1D2F) contains.

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Color

Hex(2D1D2F)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1D2F
RGB	45, 29, 47
RGB Percent	18%, 11%, 18%
CMY	0.8235, 0.8863, 0.8157
CMYK	0.04, 0.38, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	293°, 24%, 15%
HSV	293°, 38%, 18%
XYZ	2.0346, 1.6419, 2.8990
YIQ	35.8360, 3.7580, 8.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

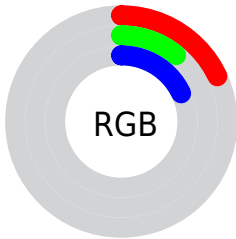
Format	Color
RYB	45, 29, 47
Decimal	2956591
CIELab	13.48, 11.75, -8.89
CIElCh	13, 14.733, 322.894
Yxy	1.6419, 0.3094, 0.2497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281146671 (0xFF2D1D2F)
YUV	35.8360, 5.5039, 8.0368
Hunter-Lab	12.8135, 5.9203, -4.4447

Details

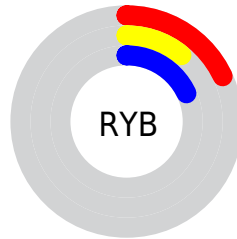
The Hex color **2D1D2F** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **1F2F1D**, and the grayscale version is **242424**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5B495D**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2C182F**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2E222F**.

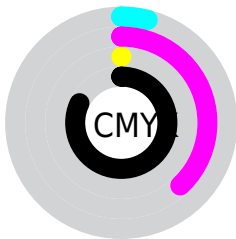
Distribution



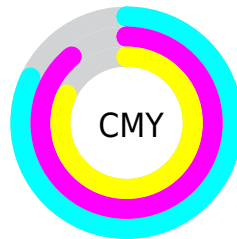
- Red (18%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 2D1D2F changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 2D1D2F by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 2D1D2F

■ 2D1D2F

FFFFFF

■ 1A041A

■ 5B495D

■ 000000

■ 746176

■ 8D7A8F

■ A893AA

■ C3AEC5

■ DFC9E1

■ FCE5FE

■ 2D1D2F

■ 2D1D2F

■ 2C182F

■ 2E222F

■ 2C142F

■ 2E262F

■ 2B0F2F

■ 2F2B2F

■ 2B0A2F

■ 2F302F

■ 2A062F

■ 30352F

■ 2A012F

■ 30392F

■ 2A002F

■ 313E2F

■ 31432F

■ 32472F

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202135



2D1D2F



341B25

Triad

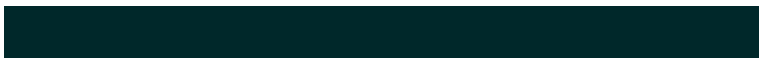
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2D1D2F



2B210D



00282A

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2D1D2F



1F2F1D

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



062820



2D1D2F



21240E

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2D1D2F



331D12



152716



002733

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2D1D2F



361A1E



152716



002827

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2D1D2F



3C363D



1D1F2F



1E1B1F



9E9E9E



1F1F1F

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2D1D2F



3A213D



2F1D28



171517



4D0057



BE00D6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2F1D1F



3D2124



1D2F24



171515



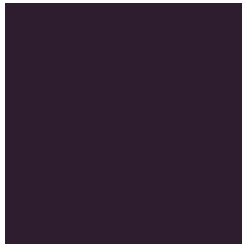
57000A



D60018

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 2D1D2F looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

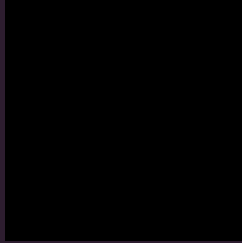
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 2D1D2F Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1D2F.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 2D1D2F.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
2D1D2F

Protanopia
1D2233

Deuteranopia
20222E

Trichromacy



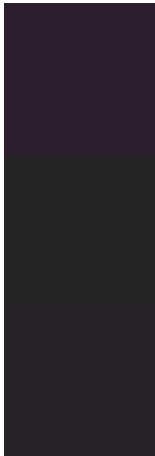
Original Color
2D1D2F

Protanomaly
232032

Deuteranomaly
25202E

Tritanomaly
2C1F27

Monochromacy



Original Color
2D1D2F

Achromatopsia
242424

Achromatomaly
272128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 2D1D2F is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #2D1D2F looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#2D1D2F  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #2D1D2F colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #2D1D2F
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 2D1D2F is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

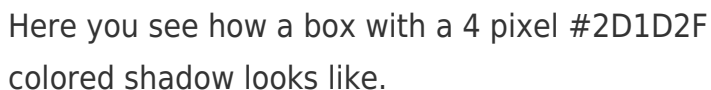
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#2D1D2F }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#2D1D2F }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #2D1D2F colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1D2F; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #2D1D2F; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #2D1D2F }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 2D1D2F is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#2D1D2F }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#2D1D2F }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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