

# Converting Colors

Hex(332F11)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(332F11) contains.

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# Color

Hex(332F11)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	332F11
RGB	51, 47, 17
RGB Percent	20%, 18%, 7%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8157, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.67, 0.80
HSL	53°, 50%, 13%
HSV	53°, 67%, 20%
XYZ	2.4829, 2.7773, 0.9355
YIQ	44.7760, 12.0140, -8.4820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

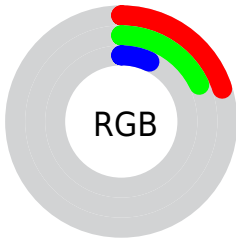
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	22, 51, 17
Decimal	3354385
CIELab	19.13, -3.06, 19.60
CIELCh	19, 19.837, 98.873
Yxy	2.7773, 0.4007, 0.4483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281544465 (0xFF332F11)
YUV	44.7760, -13.6936, 5.4584
Hunter-Lab	16.6653, -2.5697, 8.3374

# Details

The Hex color **332F11** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **111533**, and the grayscale version is **2D2D2D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **635D3C**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **332E0C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **333016**.

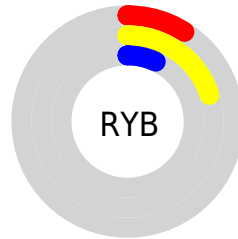
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (18%)

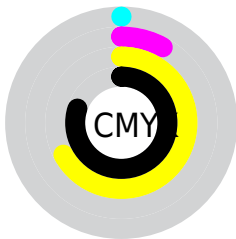
Blue (7%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (7%)

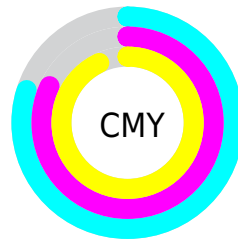


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 332F11 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 332F11 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





332F11



332F11



FFFFFF3



1E1A00



635D3C



000000



7C7553



968F6C



B1A985



CDC4A0



E9E0BB



FFFDD6



332F11



332F11

■ 332E0C

■ 333016

■ 332E07

■ 33301B

■ 332D02

■ 333120

■ 332D00

■ 333125

■ 33322B

■ 333330

■ 333335

■ 33343A

■ 33343F

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



402A13



332F11



233317

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



332F11



003540



442439

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



332F11



111533

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



352945



332F11



003349

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



332F11



003632



1E2E4B



4A222B

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



332F11



17341F



1E2E4B



40253E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



332F11



424135



331116



212019



A1A1A1



212121



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



332F11



423C0D



273311



1A1917



594F00



D9BF00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111533



0D1342



1D1133



17171A



000A59

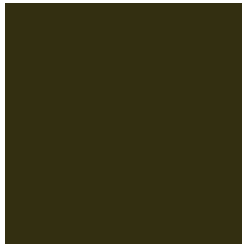


0019D9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 332F11 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

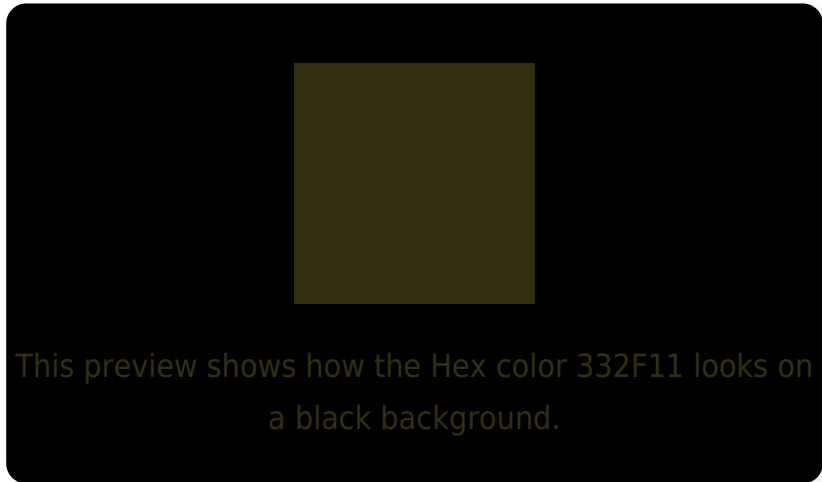
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

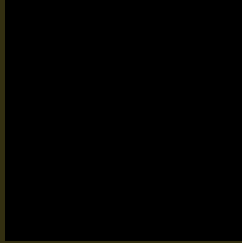
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 332F11 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 332F11.

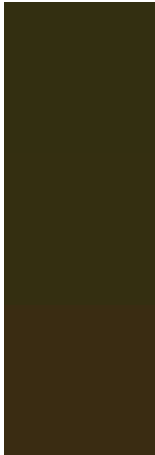


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 332F11.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
332F11

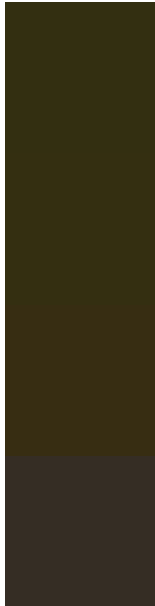
**Protanopia**  
342F11

**Deuteranopia**  
3A2C12



**Tritanopia**  
362C2F

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
332F11

**Protanomaly**  
342F11

**Deuteranomaly**  
372D12

**Tritanomaly**  
352D24

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
332F11

**Achromatopsia**  
2D2D2D

**Achromatomaly**  
2F2E23

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 332F11 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #332F11 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#332F11  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #332F11 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #332F11
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 332F11 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

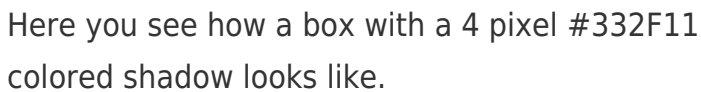
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#332F11 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#332F11 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #332F11 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #332F11; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #332F11; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #332F11 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 332F11 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#332F11 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#332F11 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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