

# Converting Colors

Hex(381620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(381620) contains.

<b>Hex(381620)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(381620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	381620
RGB	56, 22, 32
RGB Percent	22%, 9%, 13%
CMY	0.7804, 0.9137, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.43, 0.78
HSL	342°, 44%, 15%
HSV	342°, 61%, 22%
XYZ	2.1785, 1.5189, 1.5448
YIQ	33.3060, 17.0540, 10.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

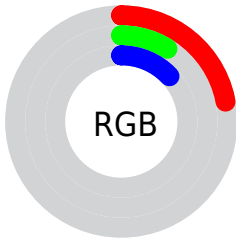
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	56, 22, 32
Decimal	3675680
CIE Lab	12.73, 18.20, 1.11
CIE LCh	13, 18.238, 3.496
Yxy	1.5189, 0.4156, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281865760 (0xFF381620)
YUV	33.3060, -0.6439, 19.9026
Hunter-Lab	12.3242, 9.9855, 1.1949




# Details

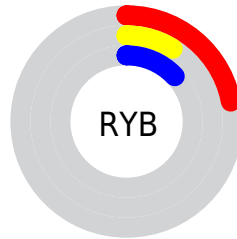
The Hex color **381620** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **16382E**, and the grayscale version is **212121**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69424C**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38101C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **381C24**.

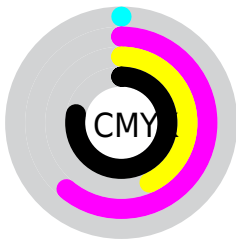
# Distribution







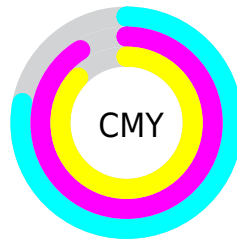
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (9%)
-  Blue (13%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (9%)
-  Blue (13%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (61%)
-  Yellow (43%)
-  Black (78%)



-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (91%)
-  Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 381620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 381620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 381620

 381620

 FFFBFF

 240008

 69424C

 000000

 825A64

 9D737D

 B88C96

 D4A7B1

 F1C2CC

 FFDEE9

 381620

 381620

■ 38101C

■ 381C24

■ 380B18

■ 382128

■ 380514

■ 38272C

■ 380010

■ 382C30

■ 383234

■ 383838

■ 383D3C

■ 384340

■ 384844

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32182C



381620



371814

# Triad

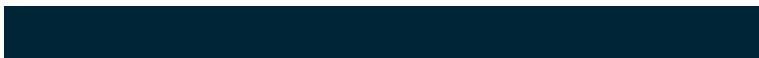
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



381620



1A2408



002537

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



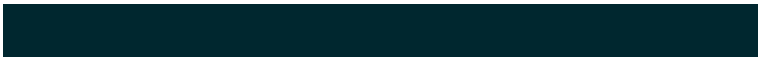
381620



16382E

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



00272F



381620



082615

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



381620



282101



002722



0C223A

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



381620



341B0B



002722



002635



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



381620



4A3D41



2E1638



261E20



A6A6A6



262626



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



381620



4A1424



381D16



1C191A



5C001B



DB0040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



381620



4A1424



163138



1C191A



5C001B

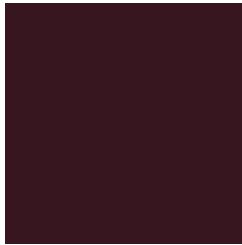


DB0041



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 381620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

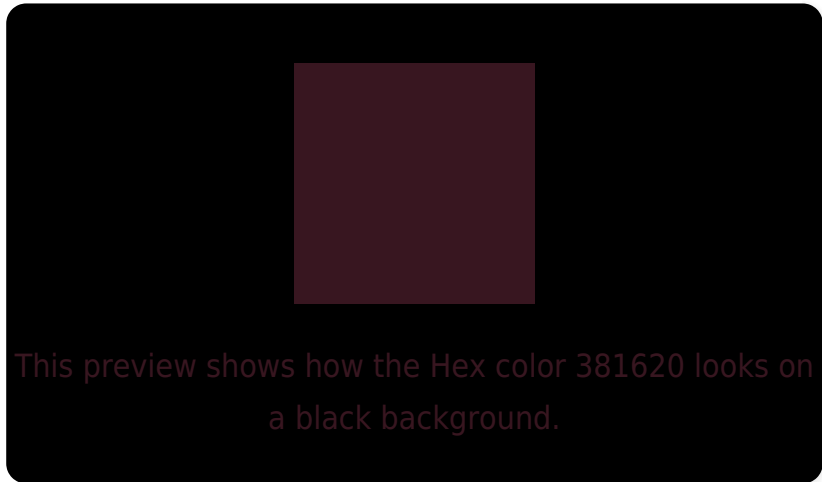
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

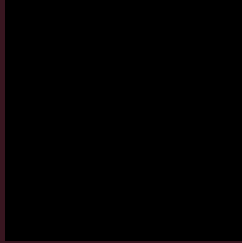
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 381620 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 381620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 381620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
381620

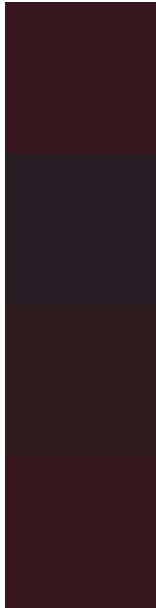
**Protanopia**  
212227

**Deuteranopia**  
27211E



**Tritanopia**  
381719

# Trichromacy



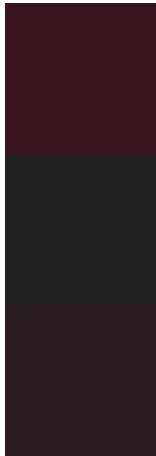
**Original Color**  
381620

**Protanomaly**  
291E24

**Deuteranomaly**  
2D1D1F

**Tritanomaly**  
38171C

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
381620

**Achromatopsia**  
212121

**Achromatomaly**  
291D21

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 381620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #381620 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#381620  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #381620 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #381620
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 381620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

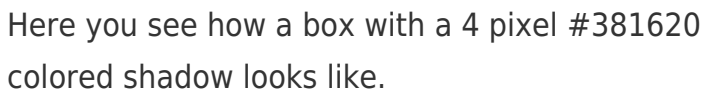
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#381620 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#381620 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #381620 colored shadow looks like.

A rectangular box with a dark red border and a dark red shadow. The box is white with a thin dark red border on the top and left sides, and a thicker dark red shadow on the bottom and right sides.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #381620; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #381620; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #381620 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 381620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#381620 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#381620 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor