

# Converting Colors

Hex(43B1AD)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(43B1AD) contains.

<b>Hex(43B1AD)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Hex(43B1AD)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43B1AD
RGB	67, 177, 173
RGB Percent	26%, 69%, 68%
CMY	0.7373, 0.3059, 0.3216
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.02, 0.31
HSL	178°, 45%, 48%
HSV	178°, 62%, 69%
XYZ	25.5797, 35.6547, 45.0690
YIQ	143.6540, -64.2760, -24.5640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

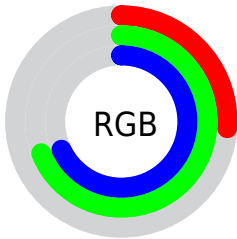
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">67, 123, 177</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4436397</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.26, -31.73, -7.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 32.546, 192.839</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.6547, 0.2406, 0.3354</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282626477</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF43B1AD</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">143.6540, 14.4676, -67.2256</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.7116, -28.0280, -2.9527</a>

# Details

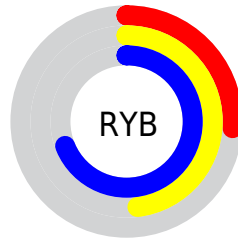
The Hex color **43B1AD** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **B14347**, and the grayscale version is **909090**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **7FE9E4**, and **007C79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31B1AC**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55B1AE**.

# Distribution



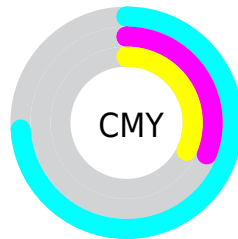
- Red (26%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 43B1AD changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 43B1AD by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 43B1AD

 43B1AD

FFFFFF

 1D9692

 7FE9E4

 007C79

 9DFFFF

 006260

 BAFFFF

 004A48

 D7FFFF

 003332

 F5FFFF

 001F1D

 000002

 000000

 43B1AD

 43B1AD

■ 31B1AC

■ 55B1AE

■ 20B1AC

■ 66B1AE

■ 0EB1AB

■ 78B1AF

■ 00B1AB

■ 8AB1B0

■ 9CB1B0

■ ADB1B1

■ BFB1B2

■ D1B1B2

■ E2B1B3

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65B08F



43B1AD



3BAFC8

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43B1AD



B595CC



C4996A

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43B1AD



B14347

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



D6907B



43B1AD



D08DB3

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43B1AD



8CA0DA



DB8B95



A8A367

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43B1AD



50ABD4



DB8B95



CB966E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43B1AD



BAE6E4



48B143



587372



F2F2F2



737373



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43B1AD



39E6DF



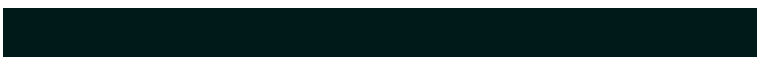
4380B1



505959



009993



001A19



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



B14347



E63940



B17543



595051



990006

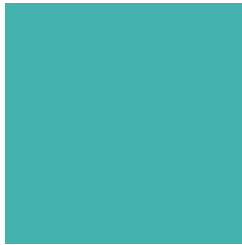


1A0001



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 43B1AD looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 43B1AD looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

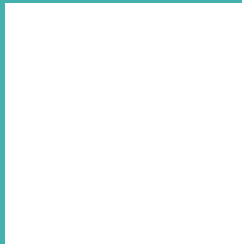
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 43B1AD Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 43B1AD.

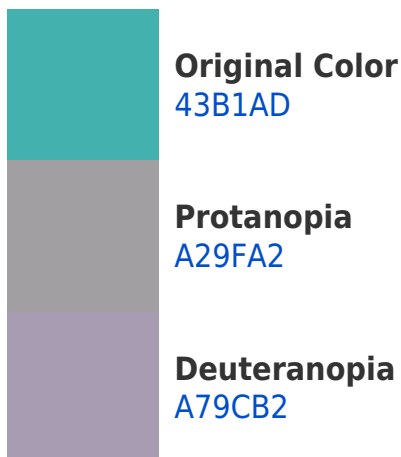


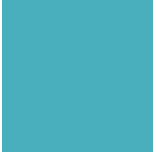
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 43B1AD.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

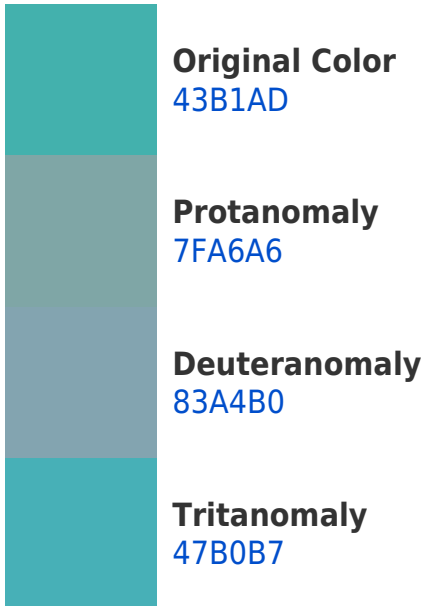
## Dichromacy



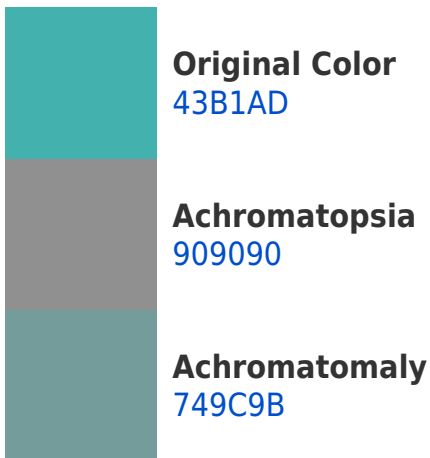


**Tritanopia**  
4AAFBD

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 43B1AD is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #43B1AD looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#43B1AD  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #43B1AD colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #43B1AD
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 43B1AD is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#43B1AD }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#43B1AD }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #43B1AD colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #43B1AD; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #43B1AD; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #43B1AD }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 43B1AD is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#43B1AD }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#43B1AD }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor