

# Converting Colors

Hex(481011)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(481011) contains.

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**Color**

**Hex(481011)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	481011
RGB	72, 16, 17
RGB Percent	28%, 6%, 7%
CMY	0.7176, 0.9373, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.76, 0.72
HSL	359°, 64%, 17%
HSV	359°, 78%, 28%
XYZ	2.9590, 1.7888, 0.7196
YIQ	32.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

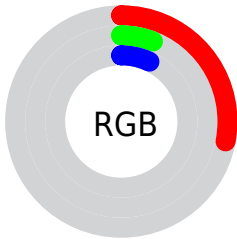
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	72, 16, 17
Decimal	4722705
CIELab	14.34, 26.53, 14.43
CIElCh	14, 30.196, 28.539
Yxy	1.7888, 0.5412, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282912785 (0xFF481011)
YUV	32.8580, -7.8180, 34.3275
Hunter-Lab	13.3745, 16.0857, 6.1720

# Details

The Hex color **481011** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **104847**, and the grayscale version is **212121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **7D3F3B**, and **060000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48090A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **481718**.

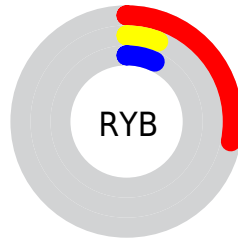
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (6%)

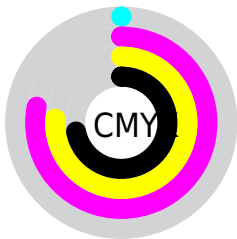
Blue (7%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (7%)

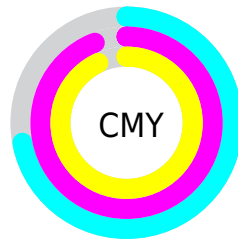


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (94%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 481011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 481011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 481011

 481011

 FFF8F1

 300000

 7D3F3B

 060000

 985752

 000000

 B4706A

 D18A84

 EEA49E

 FFBFB9

 FFD4D4

 481011

 481011

■ 48090A

■ 481718

■ 480203

■ 481E1F

■ 480001

■ 482626

■ 482D2D

■ 483434

■ 483B3B

■ 484242

■ 484A4A

■ 485151

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



480C26



481011



3F1A00

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



481011



002C0B



00274F

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



481011



104847

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



002C48



481011



002E23

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



481011



1C2900



002E38



201F4A

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



481011



352000



002E38



00294E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



481011



5E4949



461048



302323



B0B0B0



303030



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



481011



5E0708



482A10



242020



630002



E30004



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



481011



5E0708



102E48



242020



630002

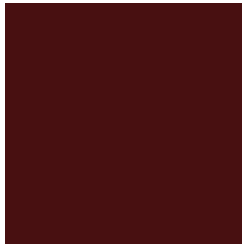


E30004



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 481011 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

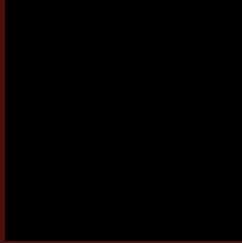
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 481011 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 481011.

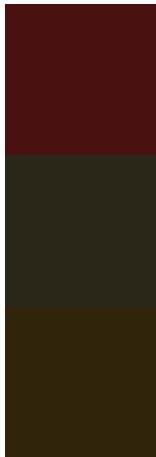


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 481011.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
481011

**Protanopia**  
2A2618

**Deuteranopia**  
30240D



**Tritanopia**  
481010

# Trichromacy



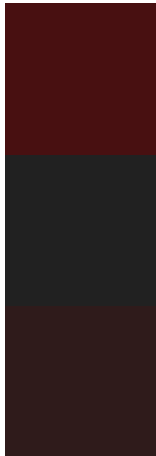
**Original Color**  
481011

**Protanomaly**  
351E15

**Deuteranomaly**  
391D0E

**Tritanomaly**  
481010

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
481011

**Achromatopsia**  
212121

**Achromatomaly**  
2F1B1B

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 481011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #481011 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#481011  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #481011 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #481011
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 481011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

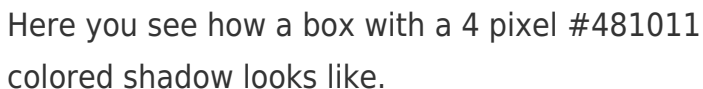
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#481011 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#481011 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #481011 colored shadow looks like.

A rectangular box with a dark red border and a dark red shadow. The box is white with a thin dark red border on the top and left sides, and a thicker dark red shadow on the bottom and right sides.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #481011; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #481011; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #481011 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 481011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#481011 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#481011 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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