

# Converting Colors

Hex(483C28)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(483C28) contains.

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# Color

Hex(483C28)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	483C28
RGB	72, 60, 40
RGB Percent	28%, 24%, 16%
CMY	0.7176, 0.7647, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.44, 0.72
HSL	38°, 29%, 22%
HSV	38°, 44%, 28%
XYZ	4.6713, 4.7626, 2.6806
YIQ	61.3080, 13.5720, -3.6760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

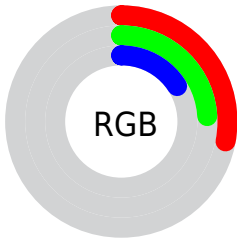
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	59, 72, 40
Decimal	4733992
CIELab	26.05, 1.91, 14.31
CIELCh	26, 14.441, 82.401
Yxy	4.7626, 0.3856, 0.3931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282924072 (0xFF483C28)
YUV	61.3080, -10.5048, 9.3769
Hunter-Lab	21.8235, 0.0172, 7.9939

# Details

The Hex color **483C28** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **283448**, and the grayscale version is **3D3D3D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **796B55**, and **1C1200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **483921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **483F2F**.

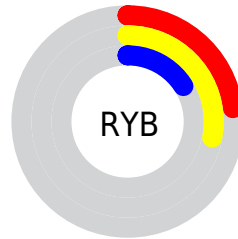
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (24%)

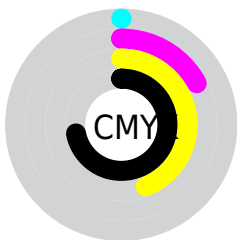
Blue (16%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (16%)

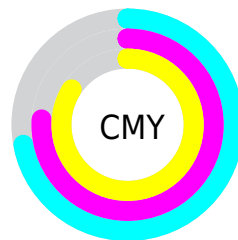


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 483C28 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 483C28 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





483C28



483C28

FFFFFF



312613



796B55



1C1200



93846E



000000



AE9E87



CAB9A1



E6D5BC



FFF1D8



FFFFF5



483C28



483C28

■ 483921

■ 483F2F

■ 48371A

■ 484136

■ 483412

■ 48443E

■ 48310B

■ 484745

■ 482F04

■ 484A4C

■ 482D00

■ 484C53

■ 484F5A

■ 485262

■ 485469

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50382D



483C28



3D4029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



483C28



1B4446



49384B

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



483C28



283448

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3B3C52



483C28



1E424F

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



483C28



24443A



2B4053



513641

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



483C28



35412D



2B4053



45394E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



483C28



5E5A52



482834



302E29



B0B0B0



303030



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



483C28



5E4C2C



444828



242220



633E00



E38E00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



283448



2C3F5E



2C2848



202124



002563

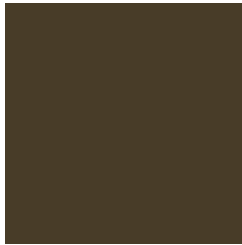


0055E3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 483C28 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

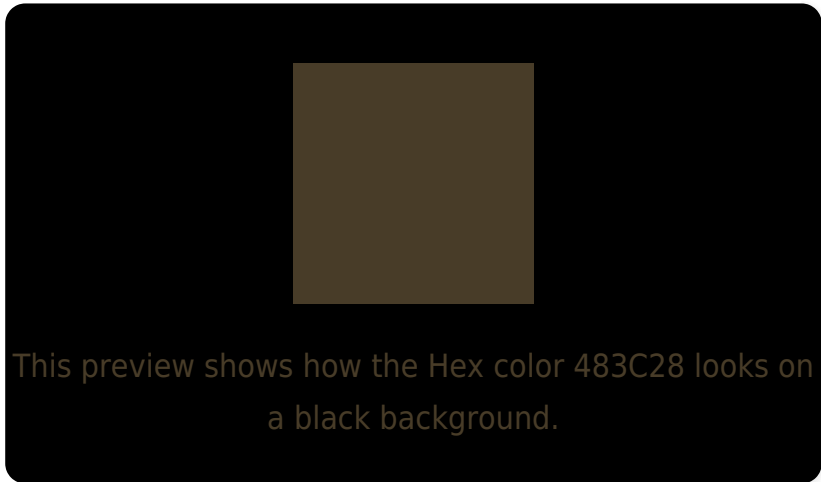
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

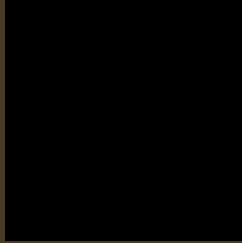
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 483C28 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 483C28.

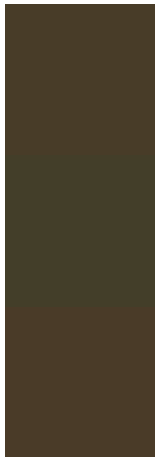


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 483C28.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

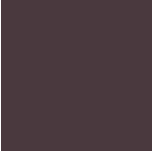
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
483C28

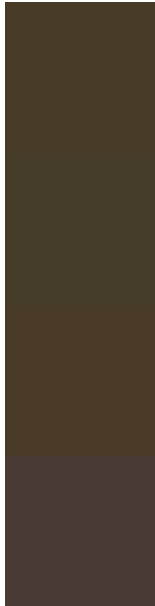
**Protanopia**  
433E29

**Deuteranopia**  
4A3B28



**Tritanopia**  
4A393E

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
483C28

**Protanomaly**  
453D29

**Deuteranomaly**  
493B28

**Tritanomaly**  
493A36

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
483C28

**Achromatopsia**  
3D3D3D

**Achromatomaly**  
413D35

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 483C28 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #483C28 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#483C28  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #483C28 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #483C28  
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 483C28 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

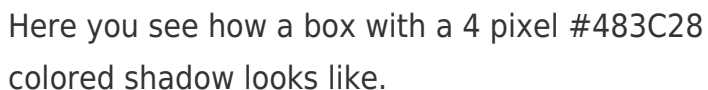
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid  
#483C28 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#483C28 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #483C28 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #483C28; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #483C28; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #483C28 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 483C28 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#483C28 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#483C28 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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