

Converting Colors

Hex(488CCD)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(488CCD) contains.

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Color

Hex(488CCD)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	488CCD
RGB	72, 140, 205
RGB Percent	28%, 55%, 80%
CMY	0.7176, 0.4510, 0.1961
CMYK	0.65, 0.32, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	209°, 57%, 54%
HSV	209°, 65%, 80%
XYZ	23.0700, 24.5417, 61.2787
YIQ	127.0780, -61.3930, 5.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

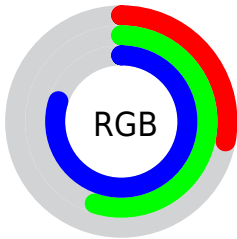
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 117, 205
Decimal	4754637
CIE _{Lab}	56.63, -1.15, -39.91
CIE _{LCh}	57, 39.924, 268.350
Yxy	24.5417, 0.2119, 0.2254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282944717 (0xFF488CCD)
YUV	127.0780, 38.4155, -48.3034
Hunter-Lab	49.5395, -3.5687, -38.6620

Details

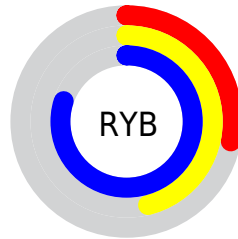
The Hex color **488CCD** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **CD8948**, and the grayscale version is **7F7F7F**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84C1FF**, and **005A96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3482CD**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5D96CD**.

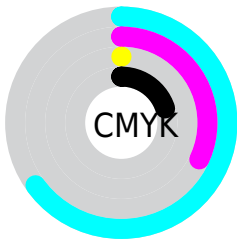
Distribution



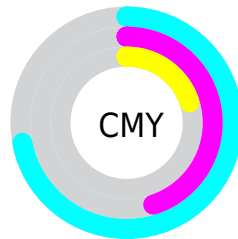
- Red (28%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 488CCD changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 488CCD by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 488CCD

■ 488CCD

FFFFFF

■ 2373B1

■ 84C1FF

■ 005A96

■ A2DDFF

■ 00437C

■ BFFAFF

■ 002D63

■ DDFFFF

■ 001A4B

■ FBFFFF

■ 000434

■ 00021D

■ 000000

■ 488CCD

■ 488CCD

■ 3482CD

■ 5D96CD

■ 1F78CD

■ 71A0CD

■ 0B6ECD

■ 86AACD

■ 0069CD

■ 9AB4CD

■ AFBECD

■ C3C8CD

■ D8D2CD

■ ECDCCD

■ FFE6CD

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0095C2



488CCD



887FC5

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



488CCD



C96E69



519662

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



488CCD



CD8948

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7C9049



488CCD



BA794D

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



488CCD



C76B8B



9F8541



009A85

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



488CCD



A677B6



9F8541



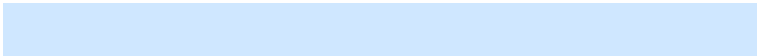
609558

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



488CCD



CFE7FF



48CD88



627180



000000



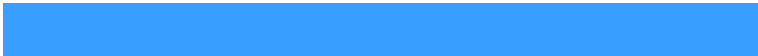
808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



488CCD



389EFF



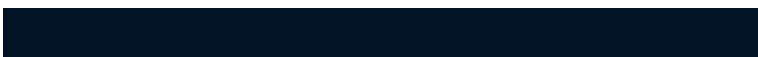
484ACD



5C6166



0055A6



001426

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



CD488C



FF389E



CDCB48



665C61



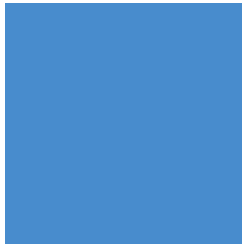
A60055



260014

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 488CCD looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

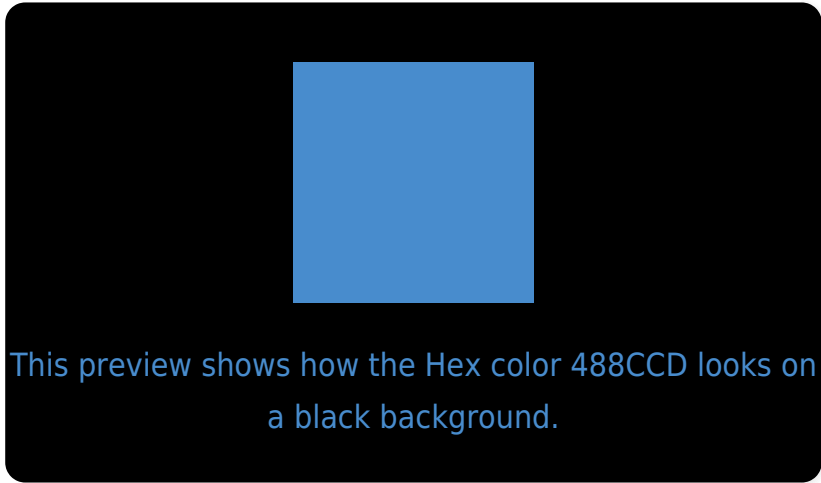
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

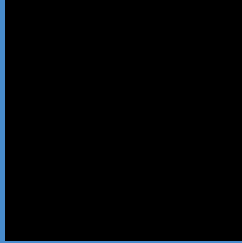
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 488CCD Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 488CCD.

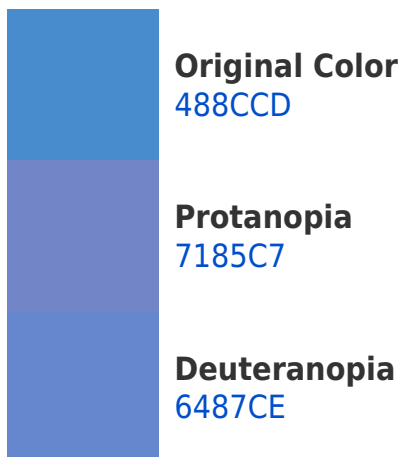


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 488CCD.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

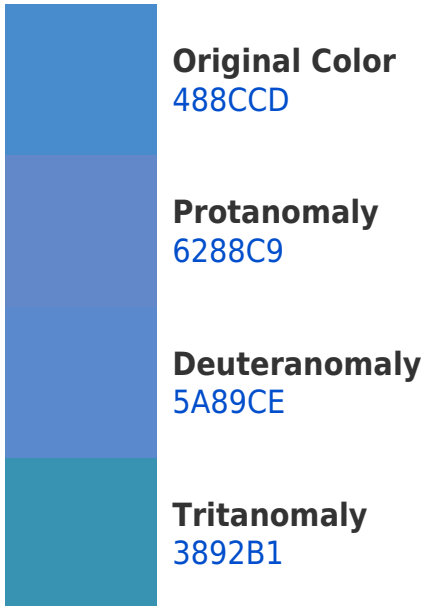
Dichromacy



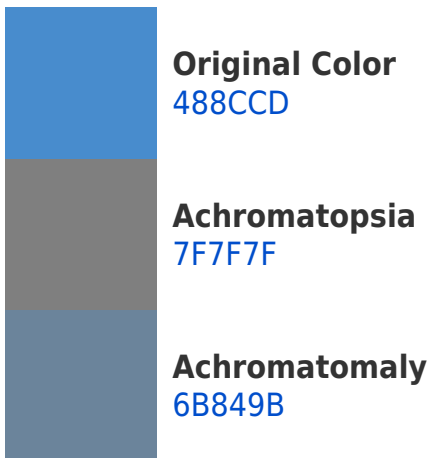


Tritanopia
2F95A1

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 488CCD is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #488CCD looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#488CCD  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #488CCD colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #488CCD
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 488CCD is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#488CCD }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#488CCD }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #488CCD colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #488CCD; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #488CCD; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #488CCD }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 488CCD is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#488CCD }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#488CCD }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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