

# Converting Colors

Hex(4A50FB)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(4A50FB) contains.

<b>Hex(4A50FB)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

Hex(4A50FB)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4A50FB
RGB	74, 80, 251
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 98%
CMY	0.7098, 0.6863, 0.0157
CMYK	0.71, 0.68, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	238°, 96%, 64%
HSV	238°, 71%, 98%
XYZ	23.1053, 14.1582, 92.7818
YIQ	97.7000, -58.4670, 51.9090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

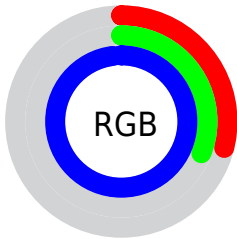
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	74, 80, 251
Decimal	4870395
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.46, 51.45, -85.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 99.678, 301.077
Yxy	14.1582, 0.1777, 0.1089
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283060475 (0xFF4A50FB)
YUV	97.7000, 75.5769, -20.7849
Hunter-Lab	37.6274, 43.7609, -119.8584

# Details

The Hex color **4A50FB** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. The color can be described as middle washed blue. A complement of this color would be **FBF54A**, and the grayscale version is **616161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **9082FF**, and **0022C1** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3138FB**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6368FB**.

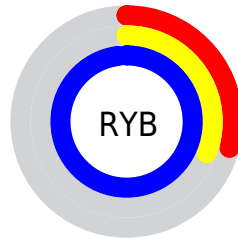
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (31%)

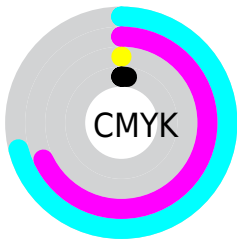
Blue (98%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (98%)

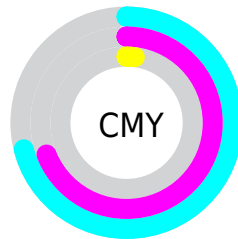


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 4A50FB changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 4A50FB by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4A50FB

 4A50FB

FFFFFF

 1038DE

 9082FF

 0022C1

 B09DFF

 000CA5

 D0B8FF

 00008A

 EFD4FF

 00006F

 FFF0FF

 000C56

 00063D

 000327

 000110

■ 4A50FB

■ 4A50FB

■ 3138FB

■ 6368FB

■ 1820FB

■ 7C80FB

■ 0009FB

■ 9599FB

■ AEB1FB

■ C7C9FB

■ E1E1FB

■ FAFAFB

■ FFFFFB

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0076FF



4A50FB



C800BB

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4A50FB



BD3E00



00876A

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4A50FB



FBF54A

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



008300



4A50FB



7E6800

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4A50FB



E60019



167B00



0088BE

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4A50FB



E80086



167B00



00864D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4A50FB



C9CBFF



4AFBF2



606180



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4A50FB



262EFF



9A4AFB



70717D



0006BD



00023D



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



FB4A50



FF262E



ABFB4A



7D7071



BD0006

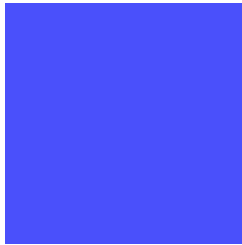


3D0002



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 4A50FB looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

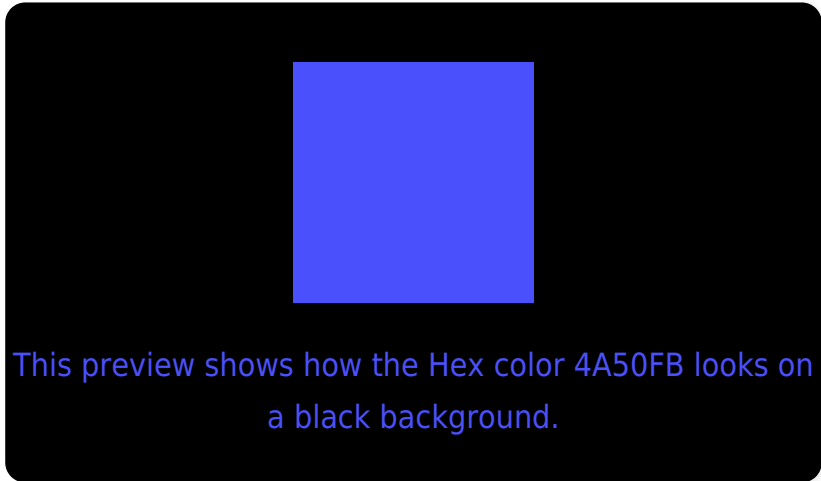
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

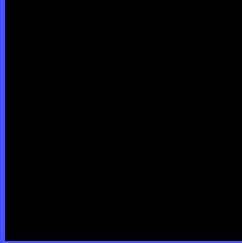
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 4A50FB Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 4A50FB.

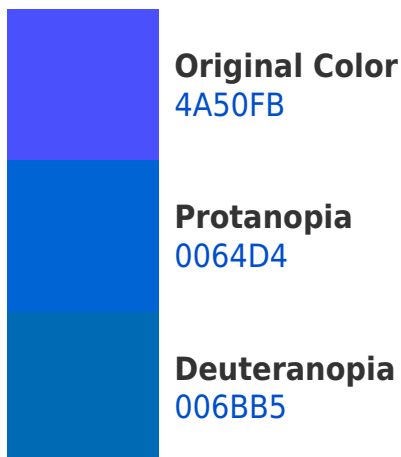


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 4A50FB.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

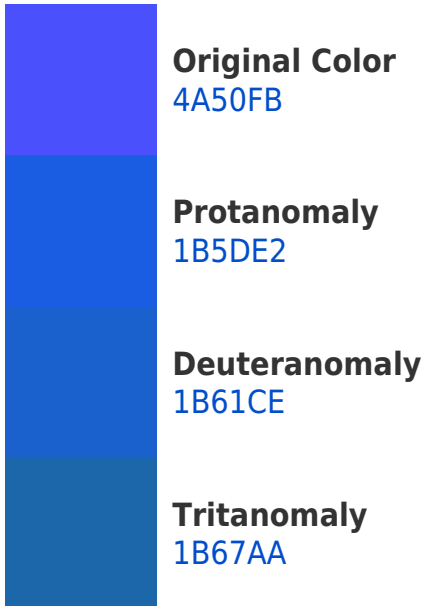
## Dichromacy



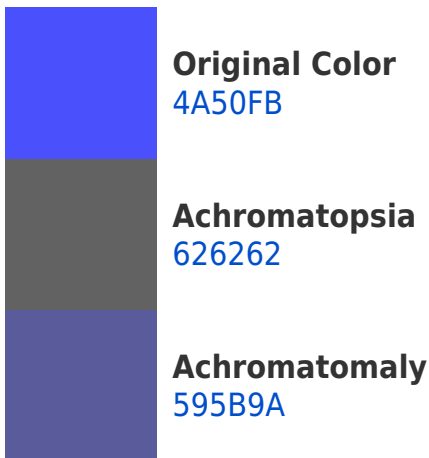


**Tritanopia**  
00747B

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 4A50FB is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #4A50FB looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#4A50FB  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #4A50FB colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #4A50FB
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 4A50FB is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#4A50FB }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#4A50FB }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #4A50FB colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #4A50FB; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #4A50FB; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #4A50FB }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 4A50FB is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#4A50FB }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#4A50FB }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor