

# Converting Colors

Hex(4E4956)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(4E4956) contains.

<b>Hex(4E4956)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(4E4956)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4E4956
RGB	78, 73, 86
RGB Percent	31%, 29%, 34%
CMY	0.6941, 0.7137, 0.6627
CMYK	0.09, 0.15, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	263°, 8%, 31%
HSV	263°, 15%, 34%
XYZ	7.2041, 7.0567, 9.7865
YIQ	75.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

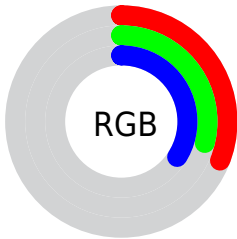
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	78, 73, 86
Decimal	5130582
CIE Lab	31.94, 4.98, -6.94
CIE LCh	32, 8.544, 305.671
Yxy	7.0567, 0.2996, 0.2934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283320662 (0xFF4E4956)
YUV	75.9770, 4.9413, 1.7742
Hunter-Lab	26.5644, 1.9207, -3.2477




# Details

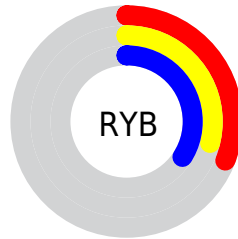
The Hex color **4E4956** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **515649**, and the grayscale version is **4C4C4C**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **7F7A88**, and **221D29** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **494056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **535256**.

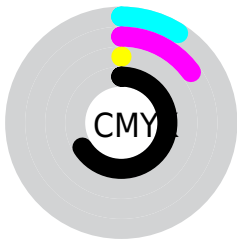
# Distribution







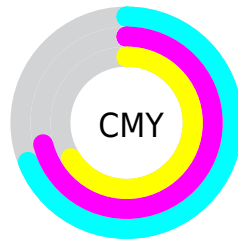
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (34%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (34%)



-  Cyan (9%)
-  Magenta (15%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (66%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 4E4956 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 4E4956 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4E4956

■ 4E4956

FFFFFF

■ 37333F

■ 7F7A88

■ 221D29

■ 9993A2

■ 0C0415

■ B4AEBD

■ 000000

■ CFC9D9

■ ECE5F5

■ 4E4956

■ 4E4956

■ 494056

■ 535256

■ 433856

■ 595A56

■ 3E2F56

■ 5E6356

■ 392756

■ 636B56

■ 341E56

■ 687456

■ 2E1556

■ 6E7D56

■ 290D56

■ 738556

■ 240456

■ 788E56

■ 210056

■ 7E9656

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



454B58



4E4956



554751

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4E4956



55493F



3B4F4C

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4E4956



515649

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



404F45



4E4956



4F4B3E

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4E4956



594744



484D40



3A4F53

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4E4956



58474C



484D40



3C4F4A



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4E4956



6D6B70



495156



363538



B8B8B8



383838



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4E4956



645C70



544956



29272B



29006B



5A00EB



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



564951



705C68



4B5649



2B272A



6B0042



EB0090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 4E4956 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

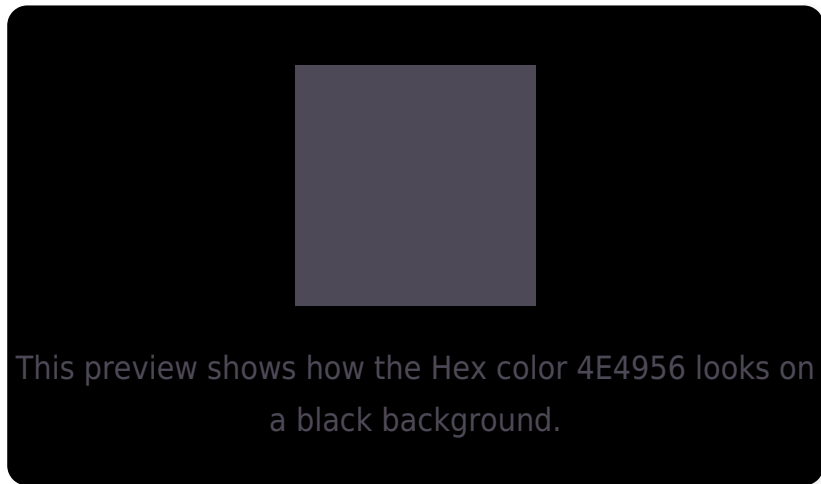
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

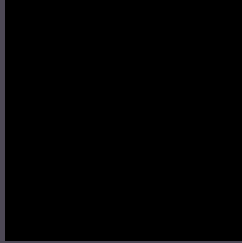
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 4E4956 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 4E4956.

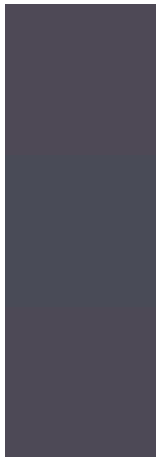


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 4E4956.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4E4956

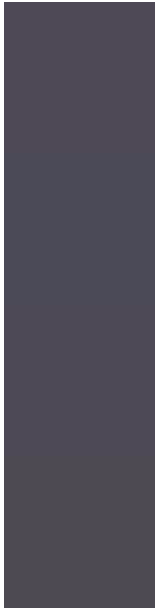
**Protanopia**  
494B57

**Deuteranopia**  
4D4956



**Tritanopia**  
4D4A50

# Trichromacy



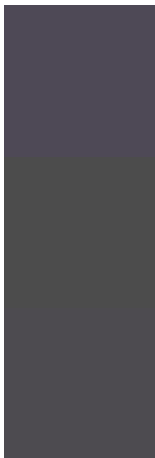
**Original Color**  
4E4956

**Protanomaly**  
4B4A57

**Deuteranomaly**  
4D4956

**Tritanomaly**  
4D4A52

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4E4956

**Achromatopsia**  
4C4C4C

**Achromatomaly**  
4D4B50

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 4E4956 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #4E4956 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#4E4956  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #4E4956 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #4E4956
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 4E4956 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

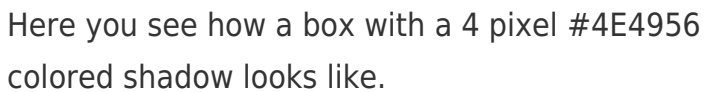
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#4E4956 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#4E4956 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #4E4956 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #4E4956; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #4E4956; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #4E4956 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 4E4956 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#4E4956 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#4E4956 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor