

# Converting Colors

Hex(50546A)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(50546A) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(50546A)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	50546A
RGB	80, 84, 106
RGB Percent	31%, 33%, 42%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6706, 0.5843
CMYK	0.25, 0.21, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	231°, 14%, 36%
HSV	231°, 25%, 42%
XYZ	9.0801, 9.0867, 14.9110
YIQ	85.3120, -9.4460, 5.9940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

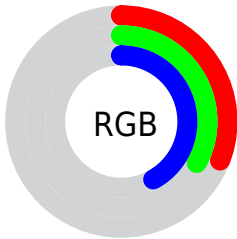
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	80, 83, 106
Decimal	5264490
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.15, 3.78, -13.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 13.706, 286.023
Yxy	9.0867, 0.2745, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283454570 (0xFF50546A)
<b>YUV</b>	85.3120, 10.1992, -4.6586
Hunter-Lab	30.1442, 1.0158, -8.2272

# Details

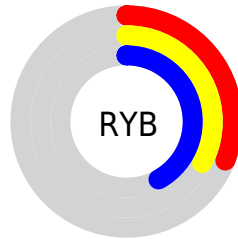
The Hex color **50546A** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **6A6650**, and the grayscale version is **555555**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82859D**, and **23273B** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **454B6A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5B5D6A**.

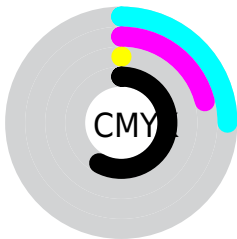
# Distribution



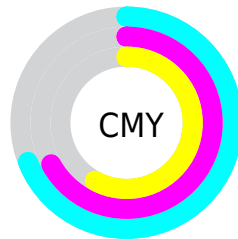
- Red (31%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 50546A changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 50546A by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50546A

■ 50546A

FFFFFF

■ 393D52

■ 82859D

■ 23273B

■ 9CA0B8

■ 0E1325

■ B7BBD4

■ 00010F

■ D3D6F0

■ 000000

■ EFF3FF

■ 50546A

■ 50546A

■ 454B6A

■ 5B5D6A

■ 3B426A

■ 65666A

■ 30396A

■ 706F6A

■ 26306A

■ 7A786A

■ 1B276A

■ 85816A

■ 101E6A

■ 908A6A

■ 06156A

■ 9A936A

■ 00106A

■ A59C6A

■ AFA56A

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41586A



50546A



5E5064

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50546A



694F46



3F5B4F

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50546A



6A6650

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4B5946



50546A



625340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50546A



6C4D4F



575640



375B5B

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50546A



654E5E



575640



425A4C



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50546A



80828A



506A66



3F4045



C4C4C4



454545



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50546A



62688A



59506A



303136



001275



0026F5



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6A5054



8A6268



616A50



363031



750012



F50026



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 50546A looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

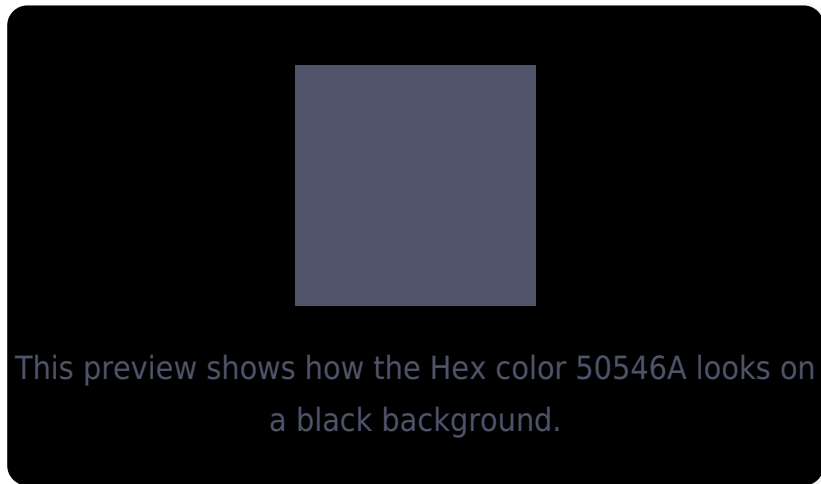
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

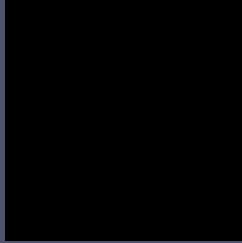
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 50546A Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 50546A.

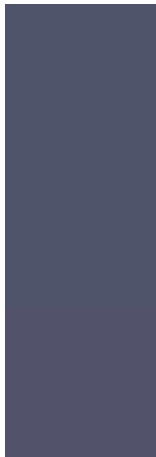


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 50546A.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

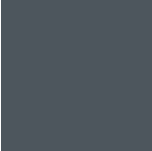
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
50546A

**Protanopia**  
50546A

**Deuteranopia**  
52536A



**Tritanopia**  
4D565D

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

50546A

**Protanomaly**

50546A

**Deuteranomaly**

51536A

**Tritanomaly**

4E5562

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

50546A

**Achromatopsia**

555555

**Achromatomaly**

53555D

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 50546A is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #50546A looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#50546A  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #50546A colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #50546A
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 50546A is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

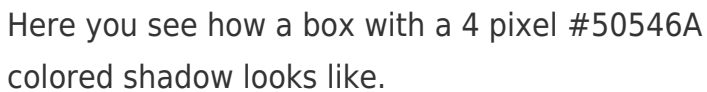
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#50546A }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#50546A }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #50546A colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #50546A; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #50546A; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #50546A }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 50546A is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#50546A }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#50546A }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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