

# Converting Colors

Hex(5093C7)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(5093C7) contains.

<b>Hex(5093C7)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Hex(5093C7)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5093C7
RGB	80, 147, 199
RGB Percent	31%, 58%, 78%
CMY	0.6863, 0.4235, 0.2196
CMYK	0.60, 0.26, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	206°, 52%, 55%
HSV	206°, 60%, 78%
XYZ	24.0508, 26.6964, 57.9181
YIQ	132.8950, -56.6240, 1.9680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

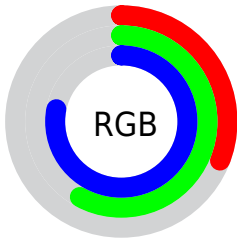
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	80, 123, 199
Decimal	5280711
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.69, -5.70, -33.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 33.754, 260.283
Yxy	26.6964, 0.2213, 0.2457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283470791 (0xFF5093C7)
YUV	132.8950, 32.5898, -46.3889
Hunter-Lab	51.6686, -7.3315, -30.2934

# Details

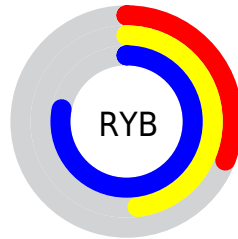
The Hex color **5093C7** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **C78450**, and the grayscale version is **858585**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **8AC9FF**, and **006191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3C8AC7**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **649CC7**.

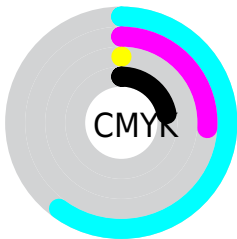
# Distribution



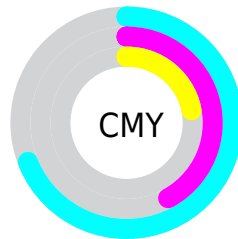
- Red (31%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 5093C7 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 5093C7 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 5093C7

FFFFFF

■ 8AC9FF

■ A7E5FF

■ C4FFFF

■ E2FFFF

■ 5093C7

■ 3079AC

■ 006191

■ 004977

■ 00335E

■ 001E46

■ 00042F

■ 00011A

■ 000000

■ 5093C7

■ 5093C7

■ 3C8AC7

■ 649CC7

■ 2882C7

■ 78A4C7

■ 1479C7

■ 8CADC7

■ 0070C7

■ A0B6C7

■ B4BEC7

■ C7C7C7

■ DBD0C7

■ EFD9C7

■ FFE1C7

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129ABA



5093C7



8289C5

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



5093C7



C7777A



6A9966

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



5093C7



C78450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8C9255



5093C7



BE7E61

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



5093C7



C07798



A98853



439C82

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



5093C7



9E82BA



A98853



76975F

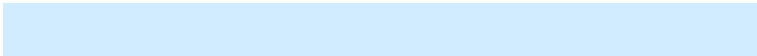


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



5093C7



D1EBFF



50C784



637380



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



5093C7



47AFFF



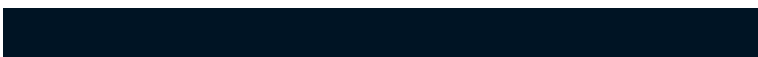
5058C7



5A5F63



005CA3



001424



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



C75093



FF47AF



C7BF50



635A5F



A3005C



240014



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 5093C7 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

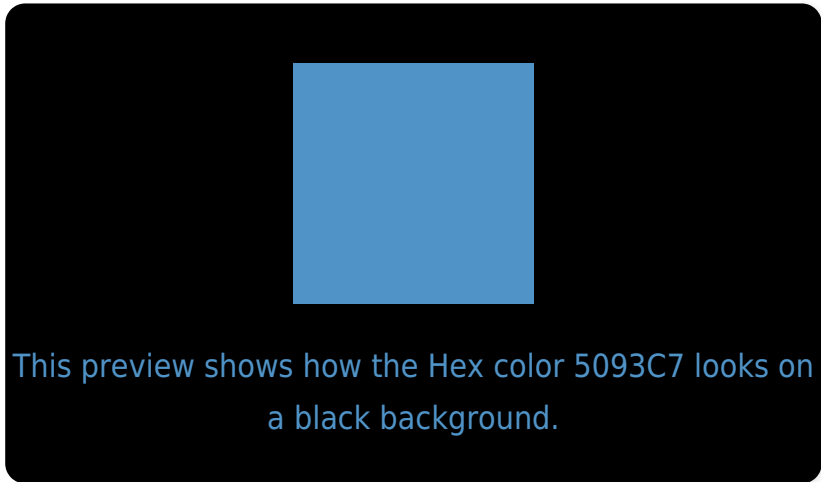
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

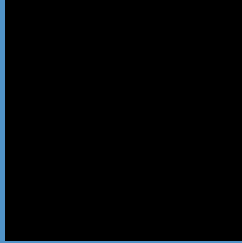
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

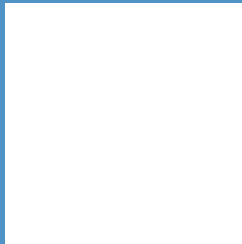
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 5093C7 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 5093C7.

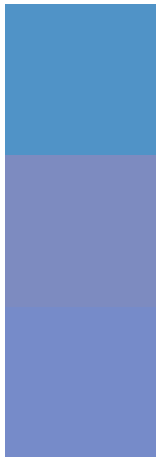


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 5093C7.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

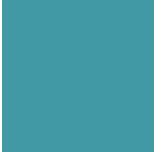
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
5093C7

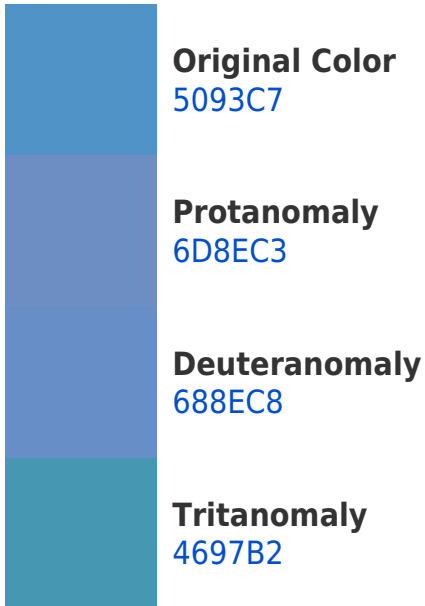
**Protanopia**  
7D8BC0

**Deuteranopia**  
768BC9

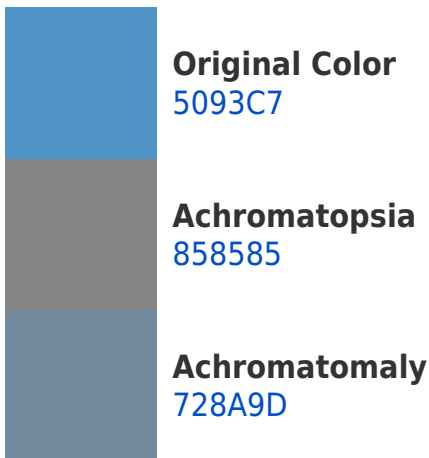


**Tritanopia**  
4199A6

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 5093C7 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #5093C7 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#5093C7  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #5093C7 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #5093C7
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 5093C7 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#5093C7 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#5093C7 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #5093C7 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5093C7; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #5093C7; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5093C7 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 5093C7 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#5093C7 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#5093C7 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor