

# Converting Colors

Hex(5146CE)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(5146CE) contains.

<b>Hex(5146CE)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(5146CE)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5146CE
RGB	81, 70, 206
RGB Percent	32%, 27%, 81%
CMY	0.6824, 0.7255, 0.1922
CMYK	0.61, 0.66, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	245°, 58%, 54%
HSV	245°, 66%, 81%
XYZ	16.7241, 10.5859, 59.5543
YIQ	88.7930, -37.1000, 44.6280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

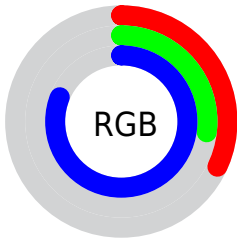
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	81, 70, 206
Decimal	5326542
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.87, 43.65, -68.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 81.609, 302.339
Yxy	10.5859, 0.1925, 0.1219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283516622 (0xFF5146CE)
<b>YUV</b>	88.7930, 57.7831, -6.8345
Hunter-Lab	32.5359, 34.8144, -85.7502

# Details

The Hex color **5146CE** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **C3CE46**, and the grayscale version is **585858**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **8E77FF**, and **001896** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **BE31CE**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **645BCE**.

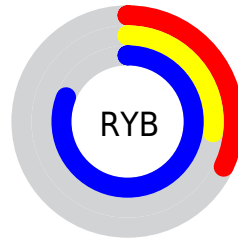
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (27%)

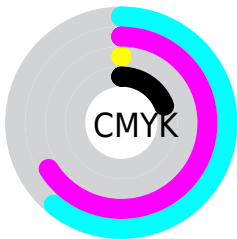
Blue (81%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (81%)

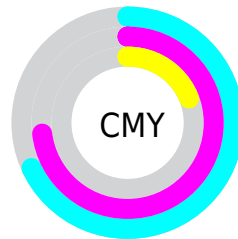


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 5146CE changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 5146CE by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 5146CE

■ 5146CE

FFFFFF

■ 2D2FB2

■ 8E77FF

■ 001896

■ AC91FF

■ 00047C

■ CAACFF

■ 000062

■ E8C8FF

■ 000949

■ FFE4FF

■ 000431

■ 00011C

■ 000000

■ 5146CE

■ 5146CE

■ 3E31CE

■ 645BCE

■ 2B1DCE

■ 776FCE

■ 1808CE

■ 8A84CE

■ 1100CE

■ 9D98CE

■ B0ADCE

■ C3C2CE

■ D6D6CE

■ E8EBCE

■ FBFFCE

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0064E3



5146CE



AB009B

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



5146CE



9F3D00



00755F

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



5146CE



C3CE46

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



007213



5146CE



6C5B00

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



5146CE



C10019



1F6B00



0075A2

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



5146CE



C30070



1F6B00



007448



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



5146CE



D0CCFF



46C5CE



636180



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



5146CE



4636FF



9346CE



5D5C66



0D00A6



030026



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



CE46C3



FF36EF



81CE46



665C65



A60098

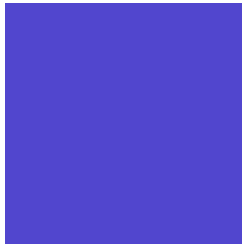


260023



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 5146CE looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

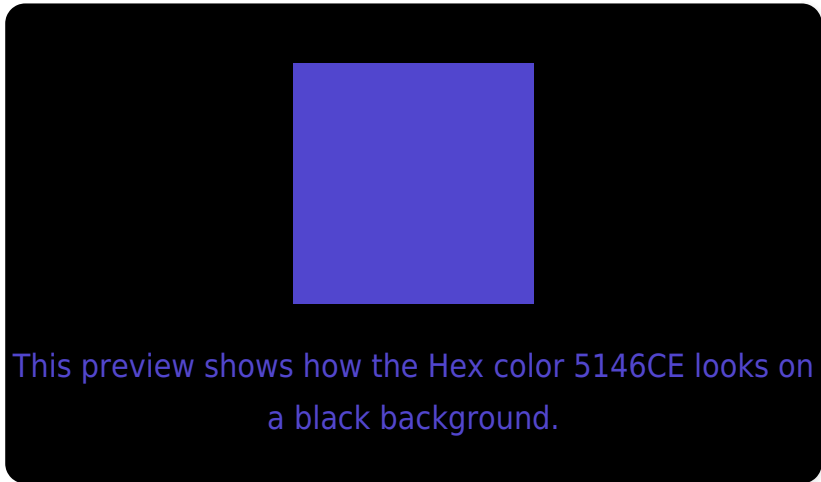
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

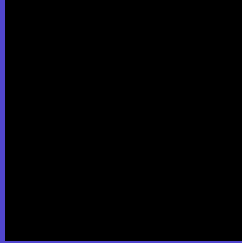
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 5146CE Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 5146CE.

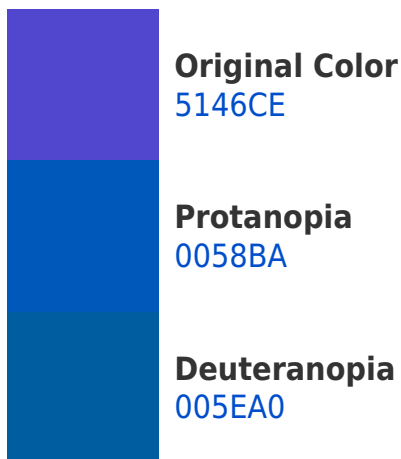



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 5146CE.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

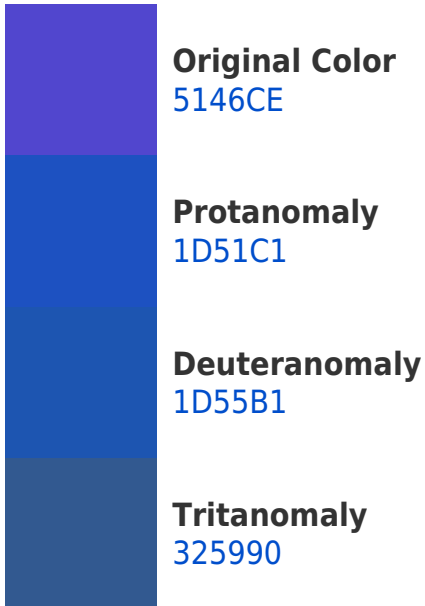
## Dichromacy



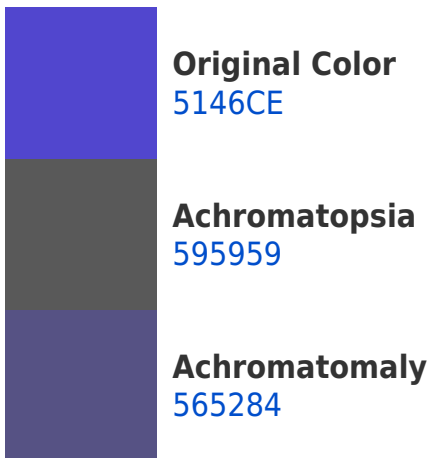


**Tritanopia**  
21646C

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 5146CE is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #5146CE looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#5146CE  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #5146CE colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #5146CE
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 5146CE is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

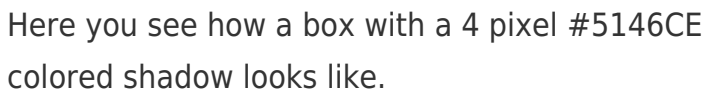
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#5146CE }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#5146CE }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #5146CE colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5146CE; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #5146CE; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5146CE }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 5146CE is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#5146CE }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#5146CE }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor