

# Converting Colors

Hex(556562)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(556562) contains.

<b>Hex(556562)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

Hex(556562)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	556562
RGB	85, 101, 98
RGB Percent	33%, 40%, 38%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6039, 0.6157
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.03, 0.60
HSL	169°, 9%, 36%
HSV	169°, 16%, 40%
XYZ	10.6046, 12.1205, 13.3358
YIQ	95.8740, -8.5730, -4.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

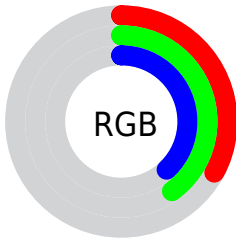
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	85, 94, 101
Decimal	5596514
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.41, -6.74, -0.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 6.746, 182.936
Yxy	12.1205, 0.2941, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283786594 (0xFF556562)
YUV	95.8740, 1.0481, -9.5365
Hunter-Lab	34.8145, -6.5538, 1.6589

# Details

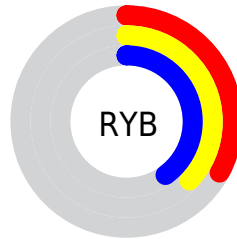
The Hex color **556562** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **655558**, and the grayscale version is **606060**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **879895**, and **283634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4B6560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5F6564**.

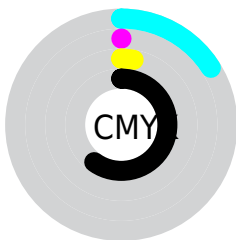
# Distribution



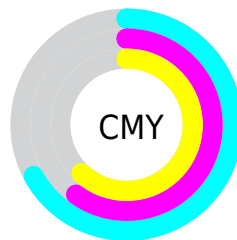
- Red (33%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 556562 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 556562 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 556562

■ 556562

FFFFFF

■ 3E4D4A

■ 879895

■ 283634

■ A1B3AF

■ 13211F

■ BCCECB

■ 000A06

■ D8EAE7

■ 000000

■ F4FFFF

■ 556562

■ 556562

■ 4B6560

■ 5F6564

■ 41655E

■ 696566

■ 37655C

■ 736568

■ 2D655A

■ 7D656A

■ 236559

■ 88656B

■ 186557

■ 92656D

■ 0E6555

■ 9C656F

■ 046553

■ A66571

■ 006552

■ B06573

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59645C



556562



546567

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



556562



64606B



6B6058

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



556562



655558

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6E5E5C



556562



6A5F67

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



556562



5D626D



6D5E61



666157

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



556562



55646A



6D5E61



6C5F59



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



556562



7C8281



586555



3E4242



C2C2C2



424242



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



556562



69827D



556065



2E3332



00735D



00F2C5



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



655558



82696E



655A55



332E2F



730016



F2002D



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 556562 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

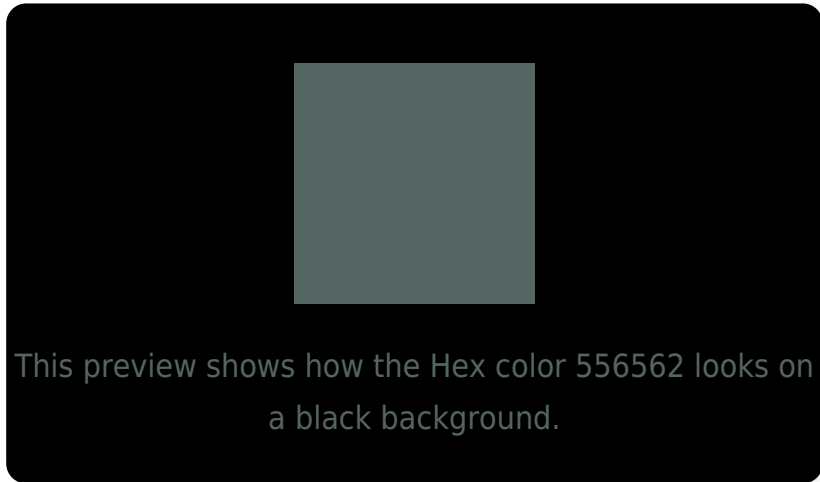
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

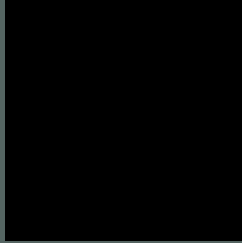
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

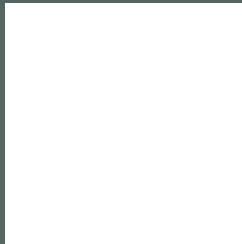
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 556562 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 556562.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 556562.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
556562

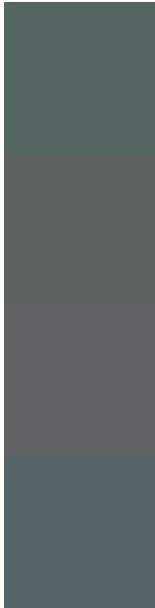
**Protanopia**  
646160

**Deuteranopia**  
6A5E63



**Tritanopia**  
57646B

# Trichromacy



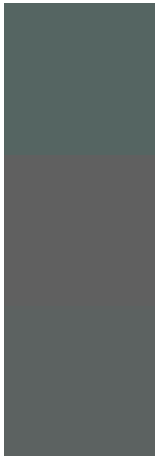
**Original Color**  
556562

**Protanomaly**  
5F6261

**Deuteranomaly**  
626163

**Tritanomaly**  
566468

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
556562

**Achromatopsia**  
606060

**Achromatomaly**  
5C6261

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 556562 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #556562 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#556562  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #556562 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #556562
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 556562 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#556562 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#556562 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #556562 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #556562; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #556562; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #556562 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 556562 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#556562 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#556562 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor