

# Converting Colors

Hex(558AD2)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(558AD2) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(558AD2)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	558AD2
RGB	85, 138, 210
RGB Percent	33%, 54%, 82%
CMY	0.6667, 0.4588, 0.1765
CMYK	0.60, 0.34, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	215°, 58%, 58%
HSV	215°, 60%, 82%
XYZ	24.4676, 24.7614, 64.4626
YIQ	130.3610, -54.7000, 11.1560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

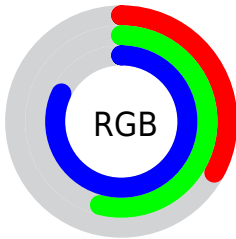
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	85, 122, 210
Decimal	5606098
CIE Lab	56.84, 4.09, -42.35
CIE LCh	57, 42.544, 275.522
Yxy	24.7614, 0.2152, 0.2178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283796178 (0xFF558AD2)
YUV	130.3610, 39.2620, -39.7816
Hunter-Lab	49.7608, 0.6879, -41.9746

# Details

The Hex color **558AD2** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **D29D55**, and the grayscale version is **828282**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90BFFF**, and **02599B** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **407ED2**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6A96D2**.

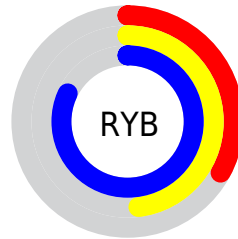
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (54%)

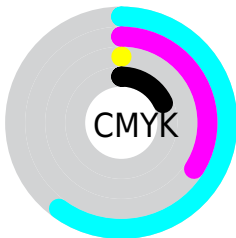
Blue (82%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (82%)

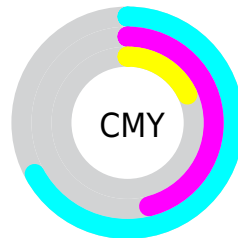


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 558AD2 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 558AD2 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 558AD2

■ 558AD2

FFFFFF

■ 3571B6

■ 90BFFF

■ 02599B

■ ADDBFF

■ 004281

■ CAF7FF

■ 002C67

■ E8FFFF

■ 00184F

■ 000537

■ 000221

■ 000006

■ 000000

■ 558AD2

■ 558AD2

■ 407ED2

■ 6A96D2

■ 2B72D2

■ 7FA2D2

■ 1666D2

■ 94AED2

■ 015AD2

■ A9BAD2

■ 0059D2

■ BEC6D2

■ D3D3D2

■ E8DFD2

■ FDEBD2

■ FFF7D2

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0094CB



558AD2



947CC5

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



558AD2



CA6F5F



3E9968

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



558AD2



D29D55

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71934A



558AD2



B77B45

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



558AD2



CD6983



98893C



009B8E

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



558AD2



B173B3



98893C



51975D

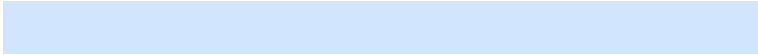


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



558AD2



D1E5FF



55D29C



636F80



000000



808080

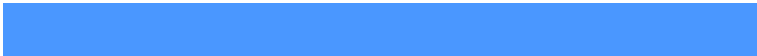


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



558AD2



4A97FF



5D55D2



5E6369



0047A8



001129



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



D2558A



FF4A97



CAD255



695E63



A80047

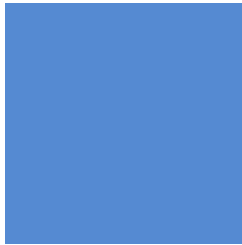


290011



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 558AD2 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

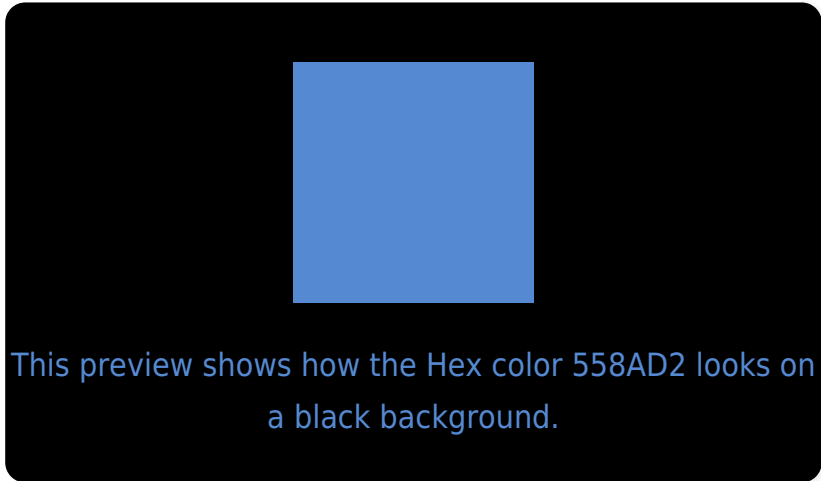
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

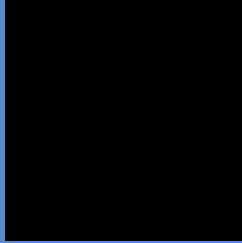
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

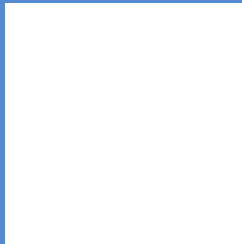
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 558AD2 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 558AD2.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 558AD2.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

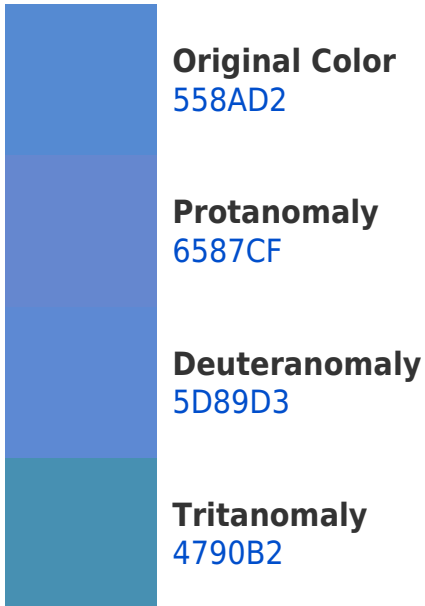
## Dichromacy



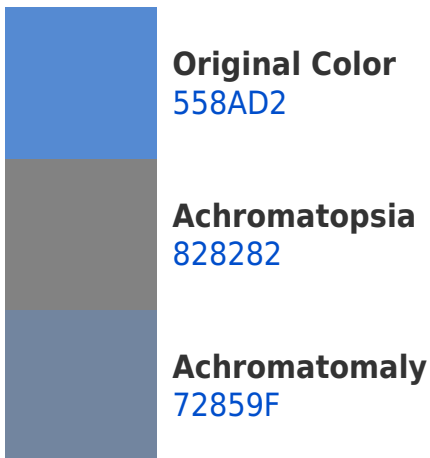


**Tritanopia**  
3F94A0

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 558AD2 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #558AD2 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#558AD2  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #558AD2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #558AD2
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 558AD2 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#558AD2 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:#558AD2 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #558AD2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #558AD2; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #558AD2; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #558AD2 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 558AD2 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#558AD2 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#558AD2 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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