

# Converting Colors

Hex(5693BB)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(5693BB) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(5693BB)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5693BB
RGB	86, 147, 187
RGB Percent	34%, 58%, 73%
CMY	0.6627, 0.4235, 0.2667
CMYK	0.54, 0.21, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	204°, 43%, 54%
HSV	204°, 54%, 73%
XYZ	23.2411, 26.4337, 50.8910
YIQ	133.3210, -49.1960, -0.4920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

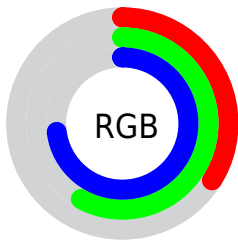
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	86, 124, 187
Decimal	5673915
CIE Lab	58.45, -8.23, -26.86
CIE LCh	58, 28.087, 252.967
Yxy	26.4337, 0.2311, 0.2628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283863995 (0xFF5693BB)
YUV	133.3210, 26.4637, -41.5005
Hunter-Lab	51.4137, -9.2848, -22.6976

# Details

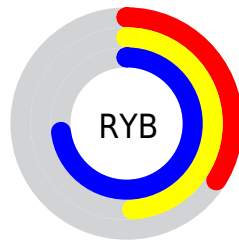
The Hex color **5693BB** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **BB7E56**, and the grayscale version is **858585**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **8EC9F3**, and **166186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **438CBB**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **699ABB**.

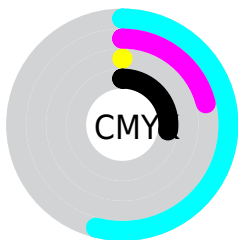
# Distribution



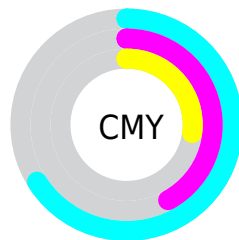
- Red (34%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 5693BB changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 5693BB by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 5693BB

■ 5693BB

FFFFFF

■ 3979A0

■ 8EC9F3

■ 166186

■ AAE5FF

■ 00496C

■ C7FFFF

■ 003254

■ E4FFFF

■ 001E3C

■ 000327

■ 000110

■ 000000

■ 5693BB

■ 5693BB

■ 438CBB

■ 699ABB

■ 3184BB

■ 7BA2BB

■ 1E7DBB

■ 8EA9BB

■ 0B75BB

■ A1B1BB

■ 0071BB

■ B3B8BB

■ C6BFBB

■ D9C7BB

■ ECCEBB

■ FED6BB

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



3B98AD



5693BB



7C8BBC

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



5693BB



BD7A83



779568

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



5693BB



BB7E56

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



938E5C



5693BB



B97E6C

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



5693BB



B47C9C



AA865E



5A997D

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



5693BB



9385B6



AA865E



819363



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



5693BB



CBE3F2



56BB7D



63717A



FAFAFA



7A7A7A



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



5693BB



55B4F2



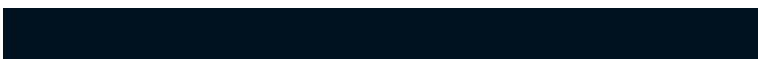
5662BB



555B5E



005F9E



00121F



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



BB5693



F255B4



BBAF56



5E555B



9E005F



1F0012



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 5693BB looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

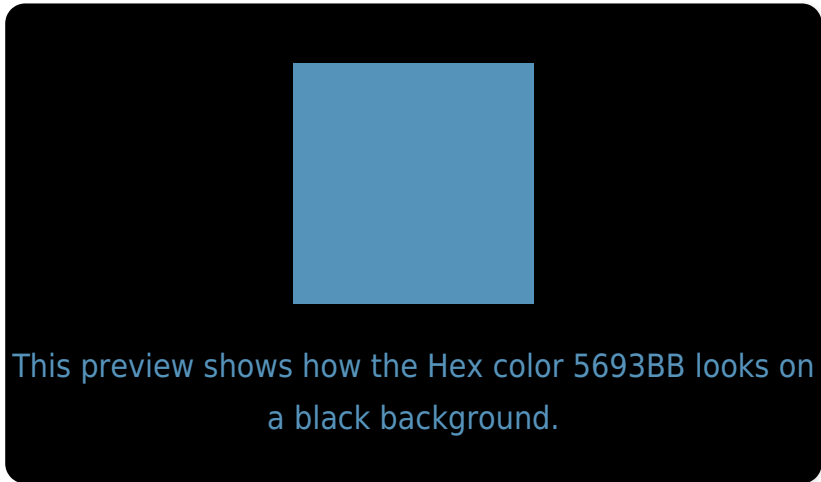
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

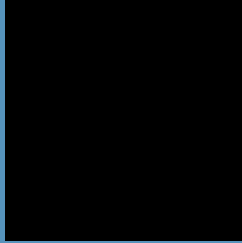
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

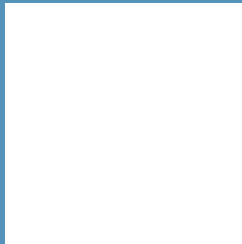
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 5693BB Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 5693BB.

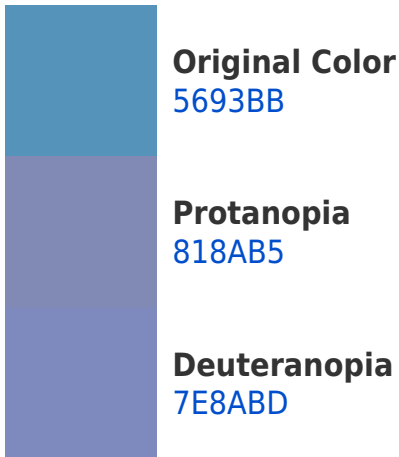


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 5693BB.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

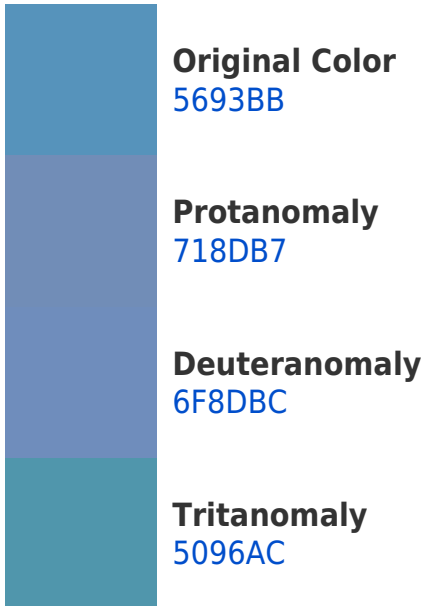
## Dichromacy



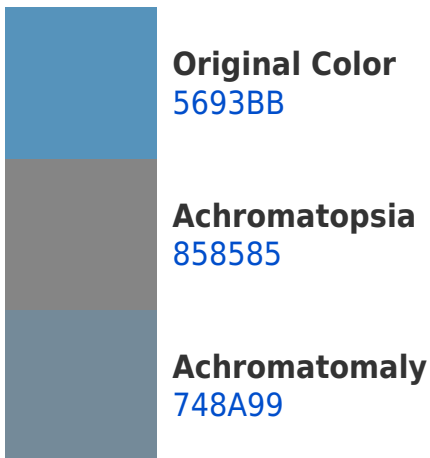


**Tritanopia**  
4D97A3

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 5693BB is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #5693BB looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#5693BB  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #5693BB colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #5693BB
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 5693BB is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#5693BB }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#5693BB }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #5693BB colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5693BB; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #5693BB; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5693BB }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 5693BB is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#5693BB }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#5693BB }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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