

# Converting Colors

Hex(5C8C9C)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(5C8C9C) contains.

<b>Hex(5C8C9C)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

Hex(5C8C9C)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C8C9C
RGB	92, 140, 156
RGB Percent	36%, 55%, 61%
CMY	0.6392, 0.4510, 0.3882
CMYK	0.41, 0.10, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	195°, 26%, 49%
HSV	195°, 41%, 61%
XYZ	19.7925, 23.4318, 34.9321
YIQ	127.4720, -33.7440, -5.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

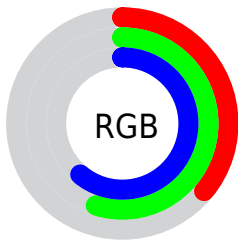
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 119, 156
Decimal	6065308
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.51, -11.89, -13.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 18.075, 228.872
Yxy	23.4318, 0.2532, 0.2998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284255388 (0xFF5C8C9C)
YUV	127.4720, 14.0643, -31.1089
Hunter-Lab	48.4064, -11.7258, -8.9017

# Details

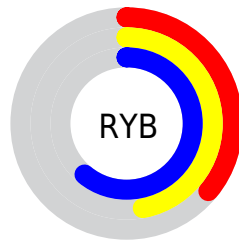
The Hex color **5C8C9C** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **9C6C5C**, and the grayscale version is **7F7F7F**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91C2D2**, and **285A69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4C889C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6C909C**.

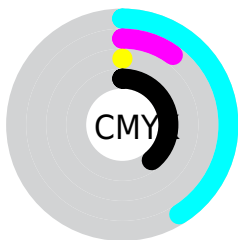
# Distribution



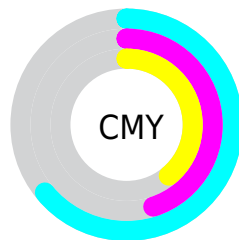
- Red (36%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 5C8C9C changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 5C8C9C by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 5C8C9C

FFFFFF

■ 91C2D2

■ ACDEEF

■ C8FAFF

■ E5FFFF

■ 5C8C9C

■ 4C889C

■ 5C8C9C

■ 427282

■ 285A69

■ 084251

■ 002C3A

■ 001824

■ 00010E

■ 000000

■ 5C8C9C

■ 6C909C

■ 3D849C

■ 7B949C

■ 2D809C

■ 8B989C

■ 1E7C9C

■ 9A9C9C

■ 0E799C

■ AAA09C

■ 00759C

■ BAA39C

■ C9A79C

■ D9AB9C

■ E8AF9C

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5A8E8E



5C8C9C



6B88A3

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



5C8C9C



A17A8B



868767

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



5C8C9C



9C6C5C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



968267



5C8C9C



A57A7C

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



5C8C9C



937E9A



A17D6E



748B70

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



5C8C9C



7985A4



A17D6E



8C8566



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



5C8C9C



B4C6CC



5C9C6C



586266



E6E6E6



666666



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



5C8C9C



68B3CC



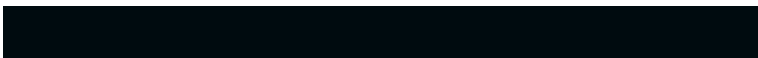
5C6C9C



474D4F



006B8F



000B0F



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9C5C8C



CC68B3



9C8C5C



4F474D



8F006B



0F000B



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 5C8C9C looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

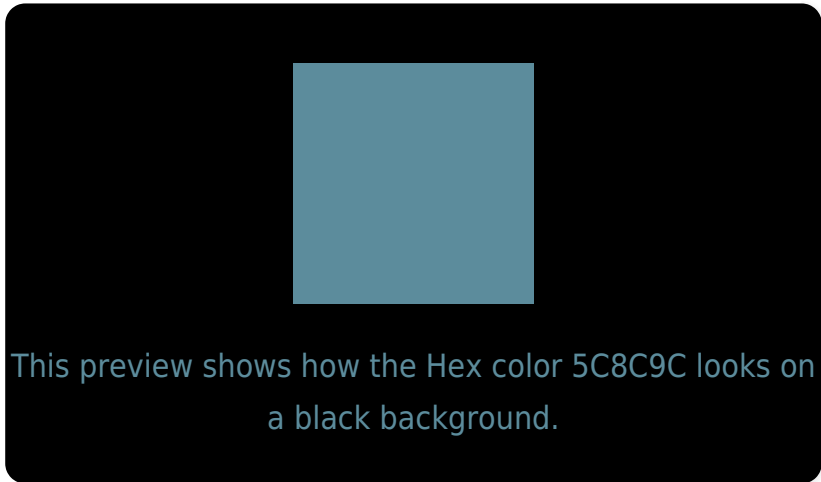
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

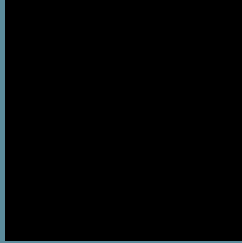
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 5C8C9C Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 5C8C9C.

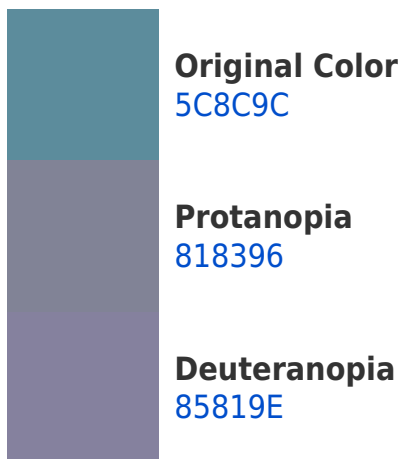


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 5C8C9C.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



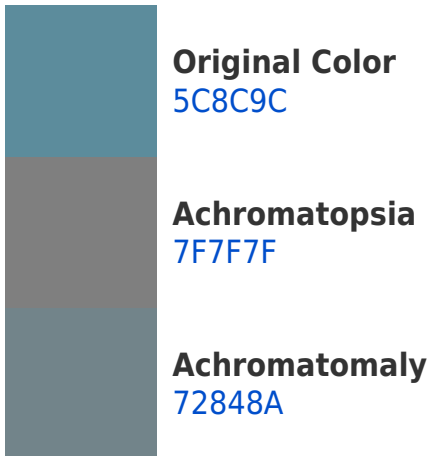


**Tritanopia**  
5B8D98

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 5C8C9C is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #5C8C9C looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#5C8C9C  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #5C8C9C colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #5C8C9C
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 5C8C9C is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#5C8C9C }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#5C8C9C }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #5C8C9C colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5C8C9C; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #5C8C9C; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #5C8C9C }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 5C8C9C is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#5C8C9C }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#5C8C9C }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor