

# Converting Colors

Hex(646264)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(646264) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(646264)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	646264
RGB	100, 98, 100
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 39%
CMY	0.6078, 0.6157, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	300°, 1%, 39%
HSV	300°, 2%, 39%
XYZ	11.9235, 12.3648, 13.8148
YIQ	98.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

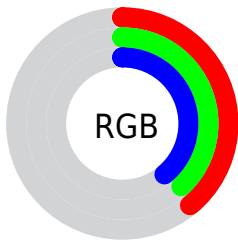
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	100, 98, 100
Decimal	6578788
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.79, 1.20, -0.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 1.479, 324.439
Yxy	12.3648, 0.3129, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284768868 (0xFF646264)
YUV	98.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296
Hunter-Lab	35.1636, -1.0096, 1.3211

# Details

The Hex color **646264** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **626462**, and the grayscale version is **636363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **979597**, and **353435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **645864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **646C64**.

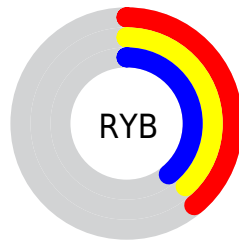
# Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (38%)

Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (39%)

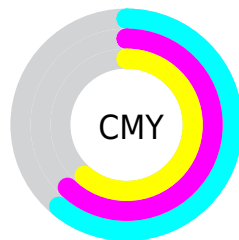


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 646264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 646264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 646264

■ 646264

FFFFFF

■ 4C4A4C

■ 979597

■ 353435

■ B1AFB1

■ 201F20

■ CDCBCD

■ 090609

■ E9E7E9

■ 000000

■ 646264

■ 646264

■ 645864

■ 646C64

■ 644E64

■ 647664

■ 644464

■ 648064

■ 643A64

■ 648A64

■ 643064

■ 649464

■ 642664

■ 649E64

■ 641C64

■ 64A864

■ 641264

■ 64B264

■ 640864

■ 64BC64

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



636265



646264



656263

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



646264



646260



606364

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



646264



626462

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



606362



646264



636360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



646264



656261



616361



606364

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



646264



656262



616361



606363



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



646264



828182



626264



424242



C2C2C2

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



646264



827F82



646263



333233



730073



F200F2



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



646264



827F82



626463



333233



730073



F200F2



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 646264 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

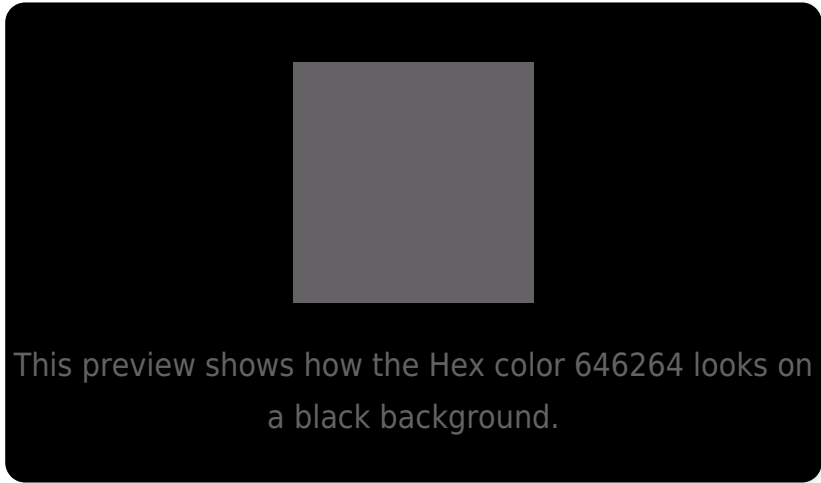
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

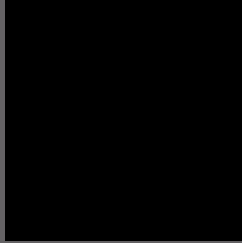
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

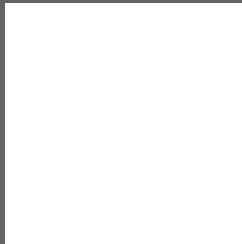
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## Hex 646264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 646264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 646264.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
646264

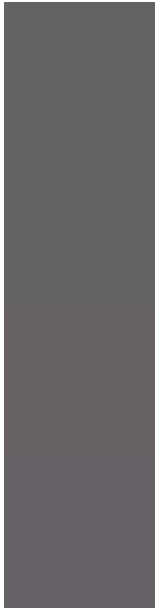
**Protanopia**  
646264

**Deuteranopia**  
6B6064



**Tritanopia**  
656169

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

646264

**Protanomaly**

646264

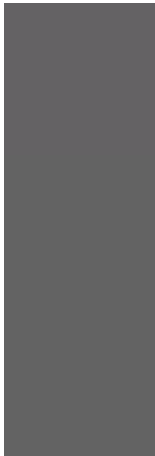
**Deuteranomaly**

686164

**Tritanomaly**

656167

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

646264

**Achromatopsia**

636363

**Achromatomaly**

636363

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 646264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #646264 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#646264  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #646264 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #646264
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 646264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

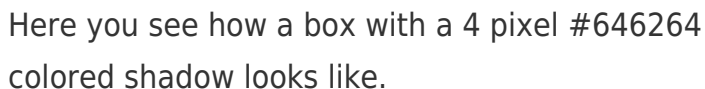
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#646264 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#646264 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #646264 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #646264; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #646264; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #646264 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 646264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#646264 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#646264 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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