

# Converting Colors

Hex(689FD0)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(689FD0) contains.

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# **Color**

**Hex(689FD0)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	689FD0
RGB	104, 159, 208
RGB Percent	41%, 62%, 82%
CMY	0.5922, 0.3765, 0.1843
CMYK	0.50, 0.24, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	208°, 53%, 61%
HSV	208°, 50%, 82%
XYZ	29.4922, 32.2934, 64.3534
YIQ	148.1410, -48.5090, 3.5790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

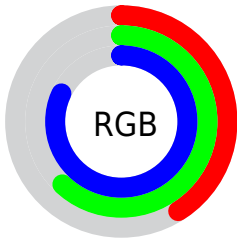
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">104, 140, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6856656</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.58, -4.54, -30.63</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 30.961, 261.575</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.2934, 0.2338, 0.2560</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285046736 (0xFF689FD0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">148.1410, 29.5105, -38.7117</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.8273, -6.8098, -27.3631</a>

# Details

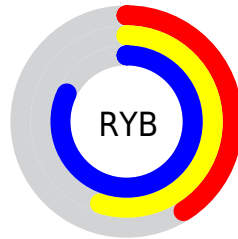
The Hex color **689FD0** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **D09968**, and the grayscale version is **949494**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **A0D6FF**, and **2D6C99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5395D0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7DA9D0**.

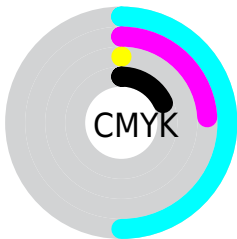
# Distribution



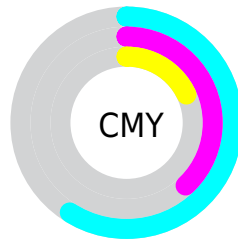
- Red (41%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 689FD0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 689FD0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 689FD0

■ 689FD0

FFFFFF

■ 4C85B4

■ A0D6FF

■ 2D6C99

■ BDF2FF

■ 00547F

■ DAFFFF

■ 003D66

■ F8FFFF

■ 00274E

■ 001337

■ 000221

■ 000006

■ 000000

■ 689FD0

■ 689FD0

■ 5395D0

■ 7DA9D0

■ 3E8BD0

■ 92B3D0

■ 2A82D0

■ A6BCD0

■ 1578D0

■ BBC6D0

■ 006ED0

■ D0D0D0

■ E5DAD0

■ FAE4D0

■ FFEDD0

■ FFF7D0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42A6C4



689FD0



9396CD

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



689FD0



D18687



79A577

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



689FD0



D09968

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



989E66



689FD0



C88C70

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



689FD0



CB86A3



B49664



57A991

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



689FD0



AB8FC3



B49664



84A370

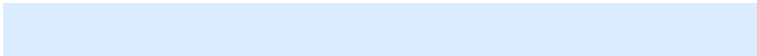


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



689FD0



D9EDFF



68D099



697580



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



689FD0



66B7FF



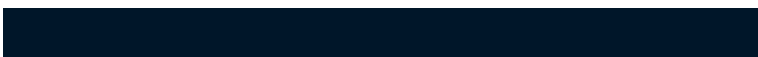
686BD0



5E6469



0059A8



001629



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



D0689F



FF66B7



D0CD68



695E64



A80059



290016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 689FD0 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

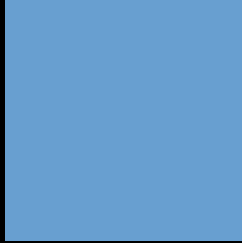
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 689FD0 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

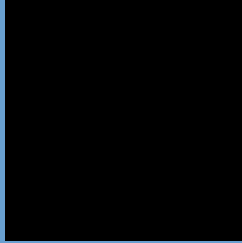
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 689FD0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 689FD0.

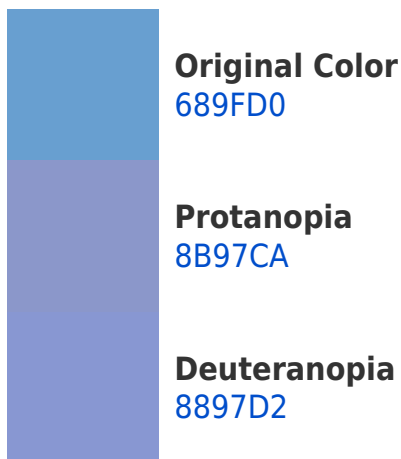


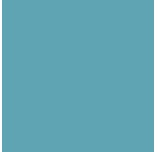
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 689FD0.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

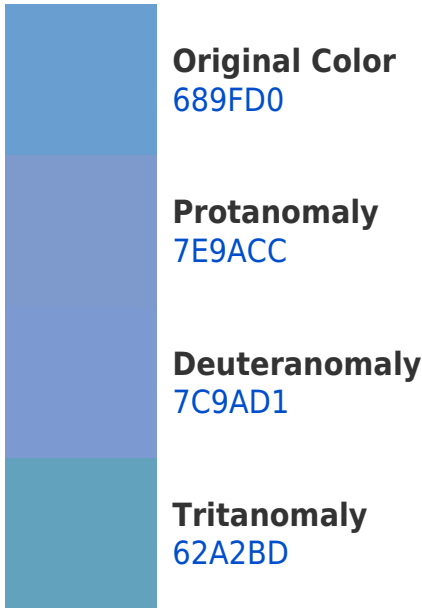
## Dichromacy



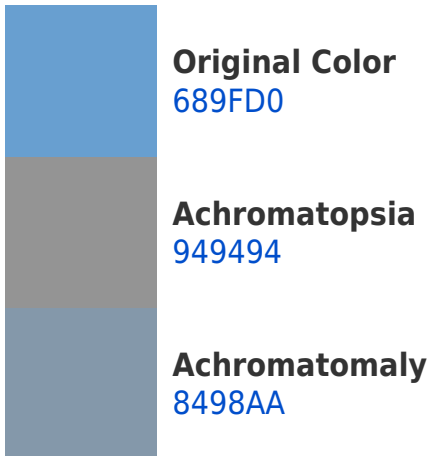


**Tritanopia**  
5EA4B2

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 689FD0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #689FD0 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#689FD0  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #689FD0 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #689FD0
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 689FD0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#689FD0 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#689FD0 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #689FD0 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #689FD0; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #689FD0; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #689FD0 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 689FD0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#689FD0 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#689FD0 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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