

# Converting Colors

Hex(6DB5E1)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(6DB5E1) contains.

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**Color**

**Hex(6DB5E1)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DB5E1
RGB	109, 181, 225
RGB Percent	43%, 71%, 88%
CMY	0.5725, 0.2902, 0.1176
CMYK	0.52, 0.20, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	203°, 66%, 65%
HSV	203°, 52%, 88%
XYZ	36.4212, 41.7352, 77.3703
YIQ	164.4880, -57.0360, -1.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

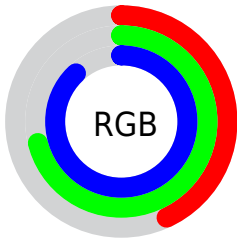
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 153, 225</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7189985</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.69, -10.49, -29.01</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">71, 30.846, 250.126</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.7352, 0.2342, 0.2683</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285380065 (0xFF6DB5E1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">164.4880, 29.8324, -48.6630</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.6028, -12.4218, -25.7856</a>

# Details

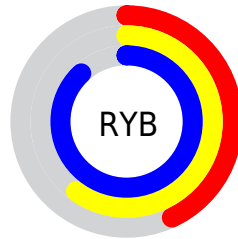
The Hex color **6DB5E1** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **E1996D**, and the grayscale version is **A4A4A4**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **A7EDFF**, and **2F80AA** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57ACE1**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84BEE1**.

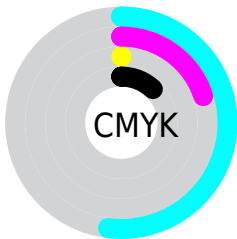
# Distribution



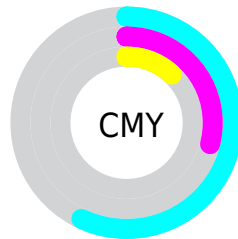
- Red (43%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 6DB5E1 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 6DB5E1 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



6DB5E1

6DB5E1

FFFFFF

509AC5

A7EDFF

2F80AA

C4FFFF

00678F

E1FFFF

004F75

00385C

002345

00082E

000119

000000

■ 6DB5E1

■ 6DB5E1

■ 57ACE1

■ 84BEE1

■ 40A4E1

■ 9AC6E1

■ 299BE1

■ B1CFE1

■ 1393E1

■ C7D7E1

■ 008CE1

■ DEE0E1

■ F4E8E1

■ FFF1E1

■ FFF9E1

■ FFFF E1

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53BBD0



6DB5E1



96ACE4

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6DB5E1



E598A4



98B681

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6DB5E1



E1996D

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



B7AE75



6DB5E1



E19C8A

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6DB5E1



D89AC1



D1A579



77BB99

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6DB5E1



B1A6DD



D1A579



A3B47C

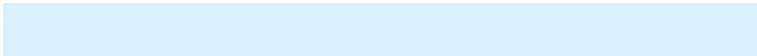


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6DB5E1



D9F0FF



6DE198



697780



000000



808080

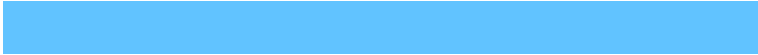


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6DB5E1



61C3FF



6D7CE1



656C70



006DB0



001E30



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



E16DB5



FF61C3



E1D26D



70656C



B0006D

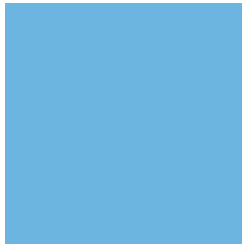


30001E



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 6DB5E1 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

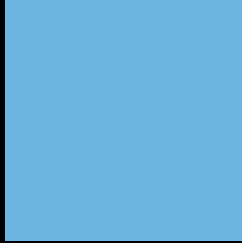
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 6DB5E1 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 6DB5E1 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 6DB5E1.

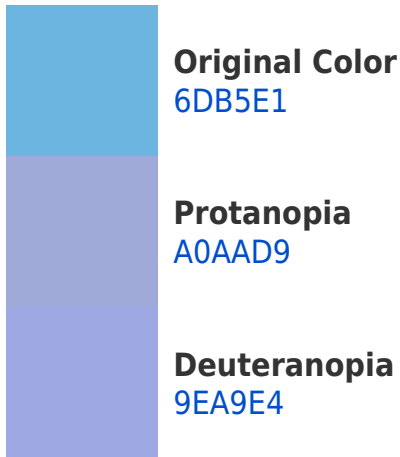


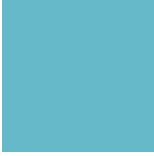
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 6DB5E1.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

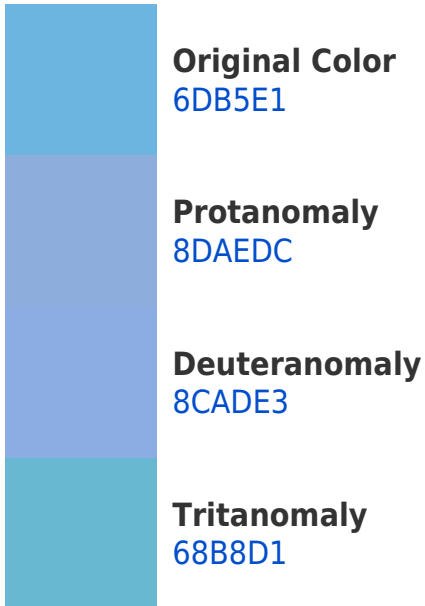
## Dichromacy



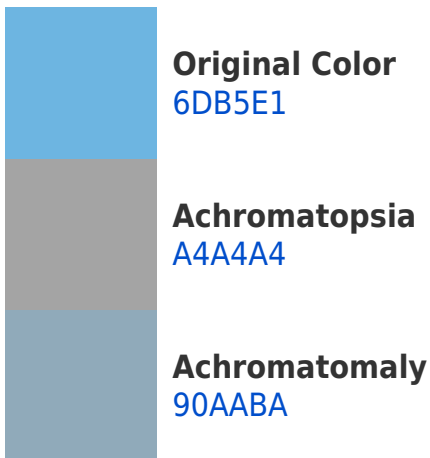


**Tritanopia**  
65B9C8

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 6DB5E1 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #6DB5E1 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#6DB5E1  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #6DB5E1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #6DB5E1  
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 6DB5E1 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid  
#6DB5E1 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#6DB5E1 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #6DB5E1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #6DB5E1; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #6DB5E1; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #6DB5E1 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 6DB5E1 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#6DB5E1 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#6DB5E1 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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