

Converting Colors

Hex(6DB96D)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(6DB96D) contains.

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Color

Hex(6DB96D)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DB96D
RGB	109, 185, 109
RGB Percent	43%, 73%, 43%
CMY	0.5725, 0.2745, 0.5725
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.41, 0.27
HSL	120°, 35%, 58%
HSV	120°, 41%, 73%
XYZ	26.4160, 39.0533, 20.6138
YIQ	153.6120, -20.9000, -39.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

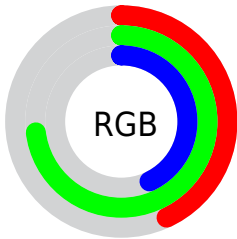
Format	Color
RYB	109, 185, 185
Decimal	7190893
CIELab	68.79, -39.18, 31.35
CIELCh	69, 50.175, 141.334
Yxy	39.0533, 0.3069, 0.4537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285380973 (0xFF6DB96D)
YUV	153.6120, -21.9937, -39.1247
Hunter-Lab	62.4926, -33.9092, 24.1875

Details

The Hex color **6DB96D** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **B96DB9**, and the grayscale version is **9A9A9A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **A4F2A1**, and **37833C** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5AB95A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80B980**.

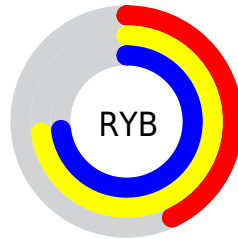
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (73%)

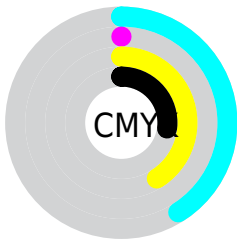
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (73%)

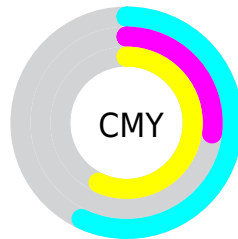


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 6DB96D changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 6DB96D by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 6DB96D

 6DB96D

FFFFFF

 529E54

 A4F2A1

 37833C

 C0FFBD

 186A24

 DDFFD9

 00510C

 FAFFF5

 003900

 002500

 000000

 6DB96D

 6DB96D

 5AB95A

 80B980

 48B948

 92B992

 36B936

 A5B9A5

 23B923

 B7B9B7

 10B910

 CAB9CA

 00B900

 DCB9DC

 EEB9EE

 FFB9FF

Harmonies

Analogous

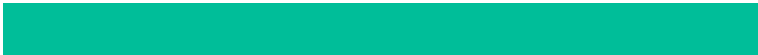
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



A3AF50



6DB96D



00BE99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6DB96D



27B1FF



FD8389

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6DB96D



B96DB9

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



F583B7



6DB96D



96A1FC

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6DB96D



00BAEE



D38FE1



EE9062

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6DB96D



00BFB8



D38FE1



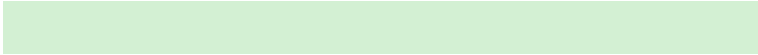
FD8298

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6DB96D



D3F0D3



B9B96D



677867



F7F7F7



787878

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6DB96D



7AF07A



6DB993



535C53



009C00



001C00

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



B96DB9



F07AF0



B96D93



5C535C



9C009C



1C001C

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 6DB96D looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

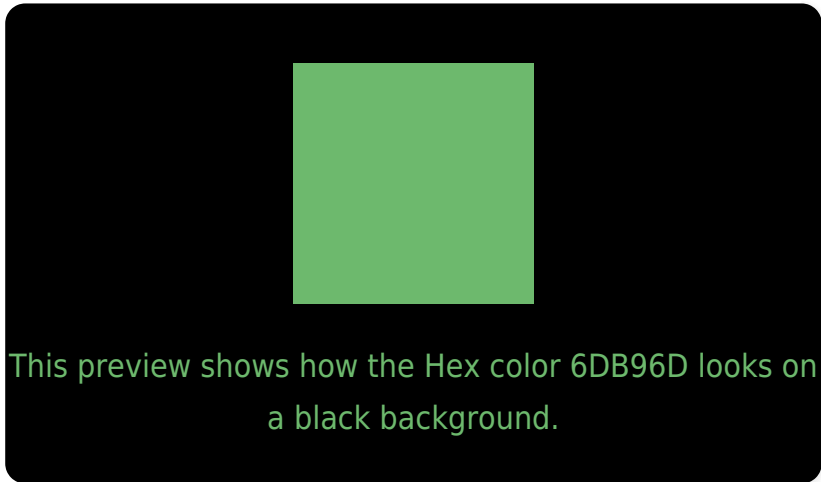
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

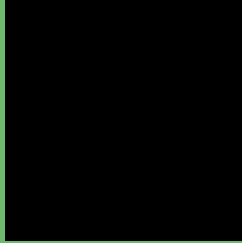
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 6DB96D Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 6DB96D.

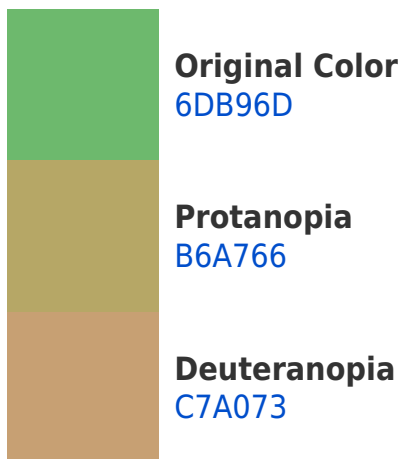


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 6DB96D.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

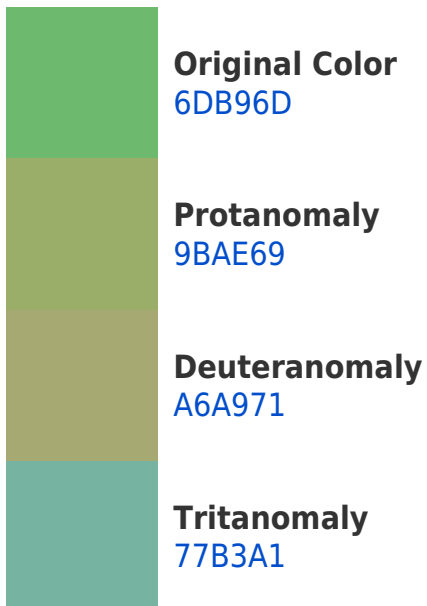
Dichromacy



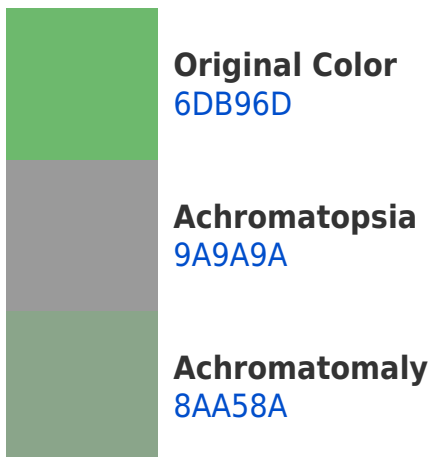


Tritanopia
7DB0BE

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 6DB96D is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #6DB96D looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#6DB96D  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #6DB96D colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #6DB96D
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 6DB96D is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#6DB96D }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#6DB96D }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #6DB96D colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #6DB96D; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #6DB96D; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #6DB96D }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 6DB96D is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#6DB96D }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#6DB96D }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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