

# Converting Colors

Hex(7490A1)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(7490A1) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(7490A1)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7490A1
RGB	116, 144, 161
RGB Percent	45%, 56%, 63%
CMY	0.5451, 0.4353, 0.3686
CMYK	0.28, 0.11, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	203°, 19%, 54%
HSV	203°, 28%, 63%
XYZ	23.6087, 26.2327, 37.5373
YIQ	137.5660, -22.1450, -0.6490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

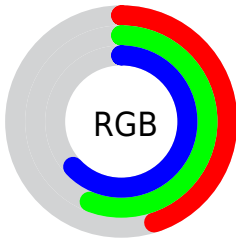
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	116, 133, 161
Decimal	7639201
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.26, -5.77, -12.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 13.503, 244.695
Yxy	26.2327, 0.2702, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285829281 (0xFF7490A1)
YUV	137.5660, 11.5530, -18.9134
Hunter-Lab	51.2179, -7.3523, -7.6008

# Details

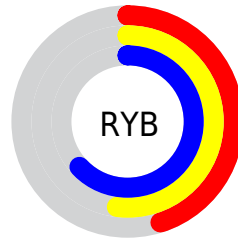
The Hex color **7490A1** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **A18574**, and the grayscale version is **898989**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **A9C6D8**, and **425E6D** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **648AA1**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8496A1**.

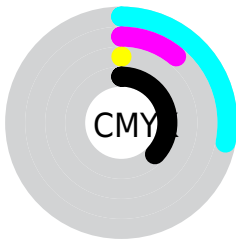
# Distribution



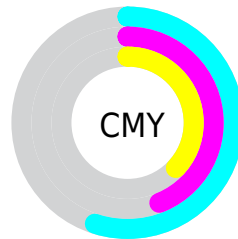
- Red (45%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 7490A1 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 7490A1 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 7490A1

■ 7490A1

FFFFFF

■ 5B7687

■ A9C6D8

■ 425E6D

■ C4E2F4

■ 2A4655

■ E1FEFF

■ 12303E

FEFFFF

■ 001B28

■ 000114

■ 000000

■ 7490A1

■ 7490A1

■ 648AA1

■ 8496A1

■ 5484A1

■ 949CA1

■ 447EA1

■ A4A2A1

■ 3478A1

■ B4A8A1

■ 2472A1

■ C5AEA1

■ 136CA1

■ D5B4A1

■ 0365A1

■ E5BBA1

■ 0064A1

■ F5C1A1

■ FFC7A1

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6D9299



7490A1



818CA3

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7490A1



A4848B



868F78

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7490A1



A18574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



948C75



7490A1



A4857F

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7490A1



9D8596



9E8877



799282

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7490A1



8C8AA1



9E8877



8B8E77



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7490A1



C0CBD1



74A185



5E6569



E8E8E8



696969



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7490A1



8AB6D1



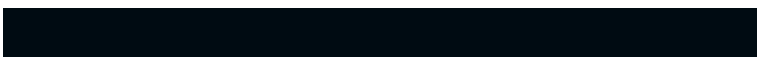
747AA1



494F52



005A91



000B12



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



A17490



D18AB6



A19B74



52494F



91005A



12000B



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 7490A1 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

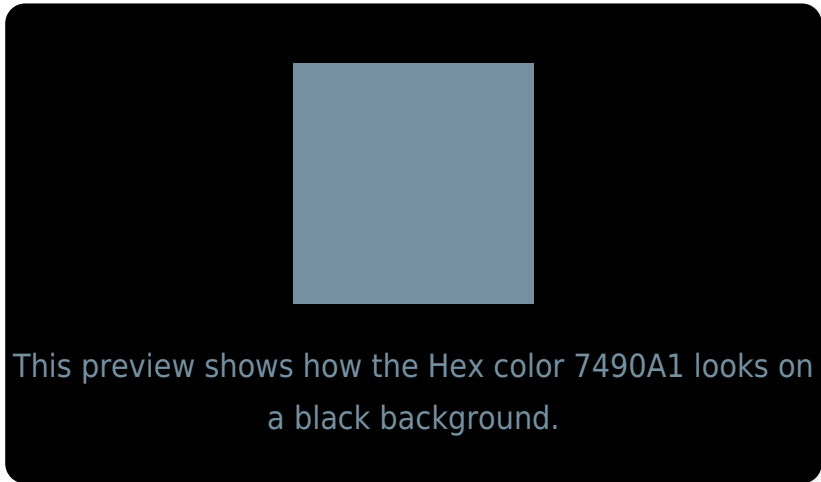
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

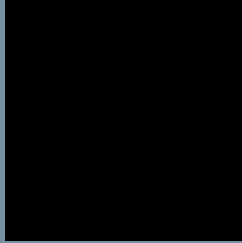
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

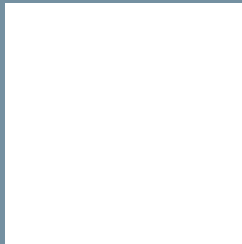
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 7490A1 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 7490A1.

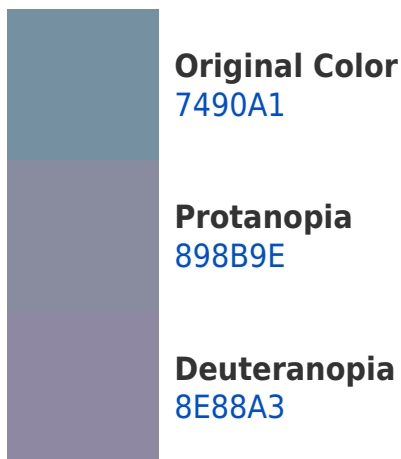



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 7490A1.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
73919C

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
7490A1

**Protanomaly**  
818D9F

**Deuteranomaly**  
858BA2

**Tritanomaly**  
73919E

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
7490A1

**Achromatopsia**  
8A8A8A

**Achromatomaly**  
828C92

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 7490A1 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #7490A1 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#7490A1  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #7490A1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #7490A1
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 7490A1 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#7490A1 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#7490A1 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #7490A1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #7490A1; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #7490A1; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #7490A1 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 7490A1 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#7490A1 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#7490A1 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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