

# Converting Colors

Hex(848EB2)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(848EB2) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(848EB2)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	848EB2
RGB	132, 142, 178
RGB Percent	52%, 56%, 70%
CMY	0.4824, 0.4431, 0.3020
CMYK	0.26, 0.20, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	227°, 23%, 61%
HSV	227°, 26%, 70%
XYZ	27.2246, 27.4659, 45.9860
YIQ	143.1140, -17.5160, 9.0760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

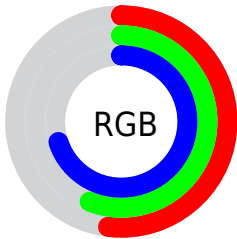
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">132, 140, 178</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8687282</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.40, 4.58, -20.05</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">59, 20.566, 282.866</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.4659, 0.2704, 0.2728</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286877362</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF848EB2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">143.1140, 17.1988, -9.7470</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.4079, 1.0125, -15.3393</a>

# Details

The Hex color **848EB2** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **B2A884**, and the grayscale version is **8F8F8F**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **BAC4EA**, and **515C7D** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7280B2**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **969CB2**.

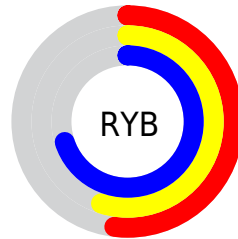
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (56%)

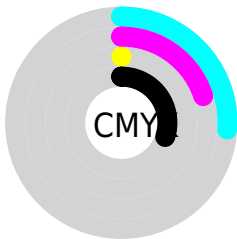
Blue (70%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (70%)

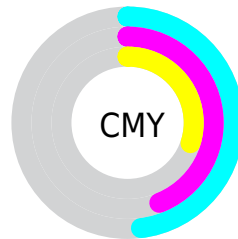


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 848EB2 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 848EB2 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





848EB2



848EB2

FFFFFF



6A7497



BAC4EA



515C7D



D6E0FF



394564



F2FCFF



222E4C



091A35



000020



000004



000000



848EB2



848EB2

■ 7280B2

■ 969CB2

■ 6072B2

■ A8AAB2

■ 4F64B2

■ B9B8B2

■ 3D56B2

■ CBC6B2

■ 2B48B2

■ DDD4B2

■ 193AB2

■ EFE2B2

■ 072CB2

■ FFF0B2

■ 0027B2

■ FFFDB2

■ FFFFB2

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6C94B1



848EB2



9C88AA

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



848EB2



B18577



6C9884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



848EB2



B2A884

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



809574



848EB2



A68A6D

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



848EB2



B48288



94906C



5E9996

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



848EB2



A884A0



94906C



72987E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



848EB2



D5DAE8



84B2A7



6A6C75



F5F5F5



757575



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



848EB2



A0B0E8



9084B2



505259



002199



00061A



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



B2848E



E8A0B0



A6B284



595052



990021

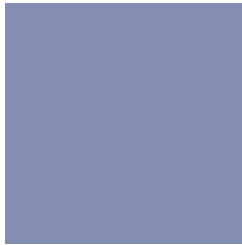


1A0006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 848EB2 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

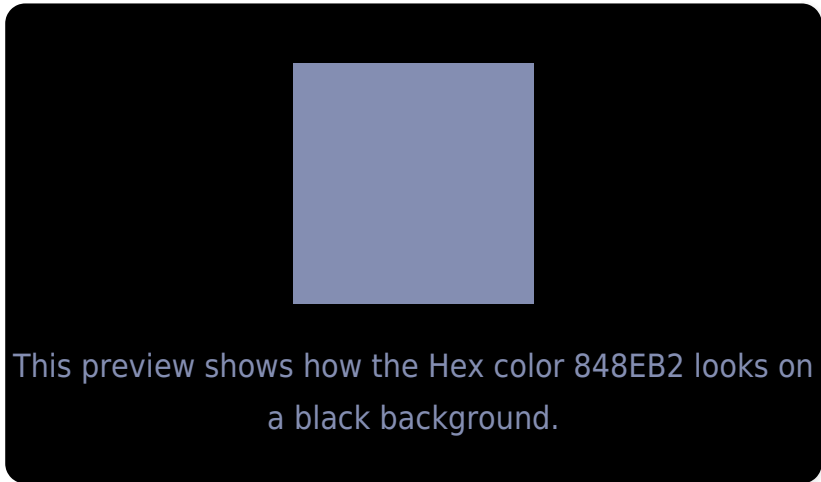
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

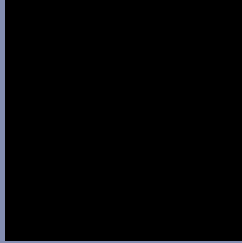
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

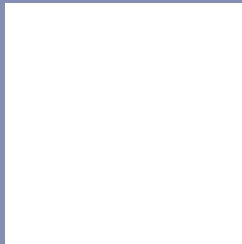
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 848EB2 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 848EB2.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 848EB2.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

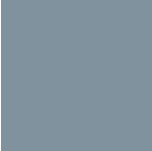
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
848EB2

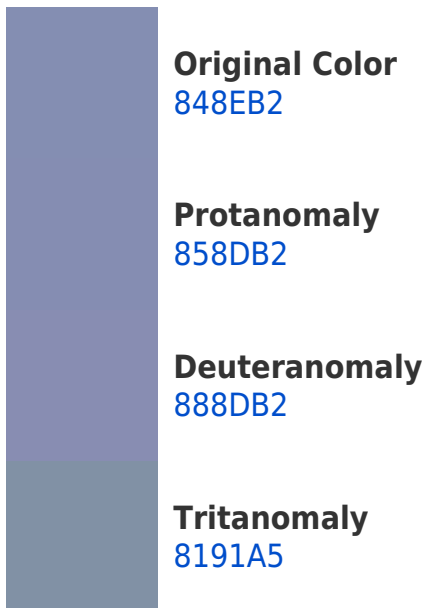
**Protanopia**  
868DB2

**Deuteranopia**  
8A8CB2

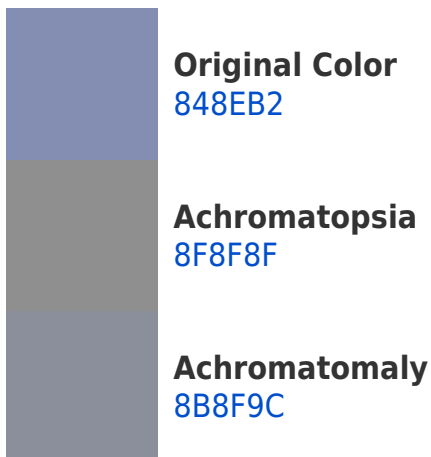


**Tritanopia**  
80929D

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 848EB2 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #848EB2 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#848EB2  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #848EB2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #848EB2
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 848EB2 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#848EB2 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#848EB2 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #848EB2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #848EB2; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #848EB2; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #848EB2 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 848EB2 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#848EB2 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#848EB2 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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