

# Converting Colors

Hex(888A8C)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(888A8C) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(888A8C)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	888A8C
RGB	136, 138, 140
RGB Percent	53%, 54%, 55%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4588, 0.4510
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	210°, 2%, 54%
HSV	210°, 3%, 55%
XYZ	23.9754, 25.3046, 28.4316
YIQ	137.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

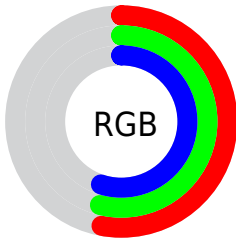
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	136, 137, 140
Decimal	8948364
CIELab	57.37, -0.33, -1.33
CIELCh	57, 1.372, 255.963
Yxy	25.3046, 0.3085, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287138444 (0xFF888A8C)
YUV	137.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295
Hunter-Lab	50.3037, -2.9560, 1.7020

# Details

The Hex color **888A8C** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **8C8A88**, and the grayscale version is **8A8A8A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **BDBFC1**, and **56585A** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7A838C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96918C**.

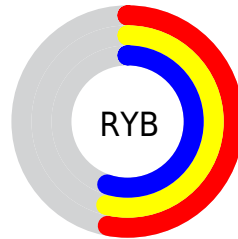
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (54%)

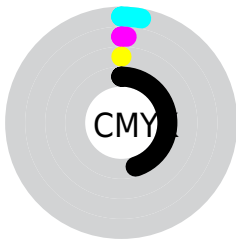
Blue (55%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (55%)

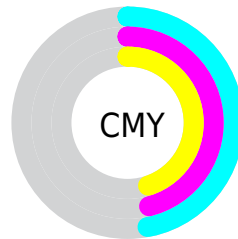


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 888A8C changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 888A8C by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





888A8C



888A8C

FFFFFF



6F7173



BDBFC1



56585A



D9DBDD



3F4143



F5F8FA



292B2D



151618



000000



888A8C



888A8C



7A838C



96918C



6C7C8C



A4988C

■ 5E758C

■ B29F8C

■ 506E8C

■ C0A68C

■ 42678C

■ CEAD8C

■ 34608C

■ DCB48C

■ 26598C

■ EABB8C

■ 18528C

■ F8C28C

■ 0A4B8C

■ FFC98C

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



878A8B



888A8C



898A8C

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



888A8C



8C8989



898A88

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



888A8C



8C8A88

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8A8A87



888A8C



8C8988

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



888A8C



8C898A



8B8987



888A89

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



888A8C



8A898C



8B8987



898A88



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



888A8C



B3B4B5



888C8A



5B5B5C



DBDBDB



5C5C5C



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



888A8C



B0B2B5



88888C



424345



004285



000305



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8C888A



B5B0B2



8C8C88



454243



850042



050003



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 888A8C looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

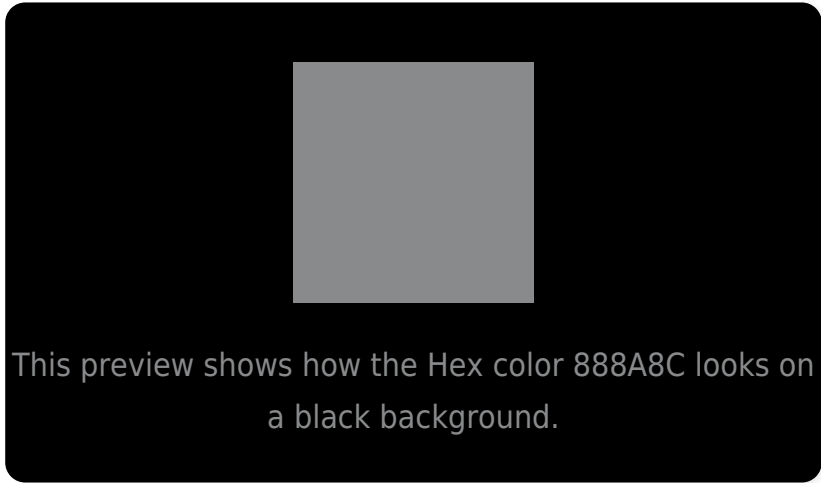
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

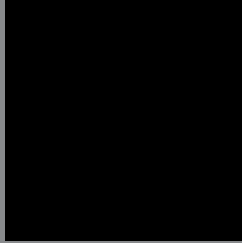
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

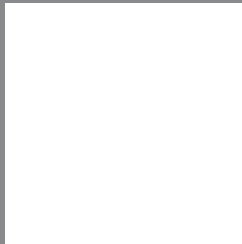
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 888A8C Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 888A8C.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 888A8C.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
888A8C

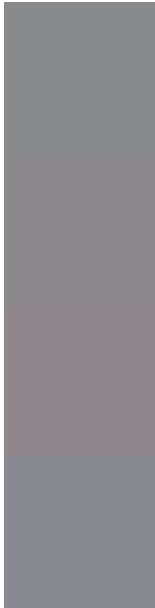
**Protanopia**  
8C898B

**Deuteranopia**  
95858D



**Tritanopia**  
898994

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
888A8C

**Protanomaly**  
8B898B

**Deuteranomaly**  
90878D

**Tritanomaly**  
898991

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
888A8C

**Achromatopsia**  
8A8A8A

**Achromatomaly**  
898A8B

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 888A8C is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #888A8C looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#888A8C  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #888A8C colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #888A8C
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 888A8C is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

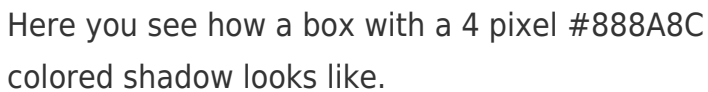
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#888A8C }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#888A8C }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #888A8C colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #888A8C; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #888A8C; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #888A8C }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 888A8C is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#888A8C }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#888A8C }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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