

Converting Colors

Hex(89D2FF)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(89D2FF) contains.

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Color

Hex(89D2FF)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89D2FF
RGB	137, 210, 255
RGB Percent	54%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.4627, 0.1765, 0.0000
CMYK	0.46, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	203°, 100%, 77%
HSV	203°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	51.4131, 58.6316, 103.2150
YIQ	193.3030, -57.9530, -1.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

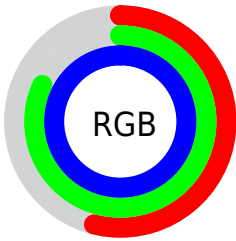
Format	Color
R _Y B	137, 182, 255
Decimal	9032447
CIE Lab	81.09, -11.09, -29.07
CIE LCh	81, 31.117, 249.119
Yxy	58.6316, 0.2411, 0.2749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287222527 (0xFF89D2FF)
YUV	193.3030, 30.4166, -49.3777
Hunter-Lab	76.5712, -14.1473, -26.3207

Details

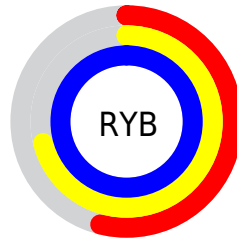
The Hex color **89D2FF** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **FFB689**, and the grayscale version is **C1C1C1**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **C3FFFF**, and **4E9CC6** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70C8FF**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **A3DCFF**.

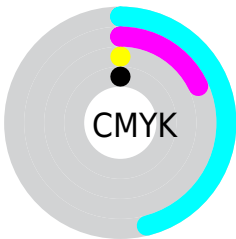
Distribution



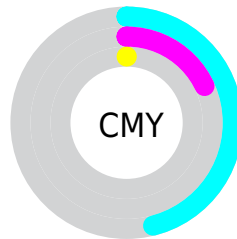
- Red (54%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 89D2FF changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 89D2FF by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89D2FF

 89D2FF

FFFFFF

 6CB6E2

 C3FFFF

 4E9CC6

 E1FFFF

 2D82AB

 006890

 005076

 00395D

 002446

 000B2F

 00011A

■ 89D2FF

■ 89D2FF

■ 70C8FF

■ A3DCFF

■ 56BFFF

■ BCE5FF

■ 3CB5FF

■ D6EFFF

■ 23ABFF

■ EFF9FF

■ 09A1FF

FFFFFF

■ 009EFF

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71D8ED



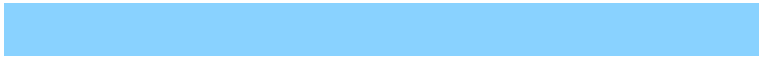
89D2FF



B1C9FF

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89D2FF



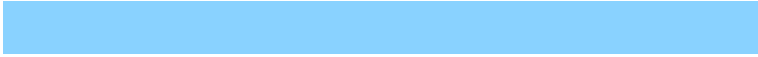
FFB4C1



B5D39C

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89D2FF



FFB689

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



D5CA90



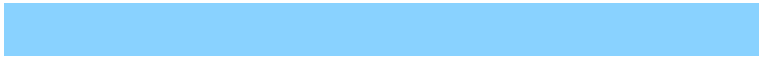
89D2FF



FFB8A6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89D2FF



F6B7DF



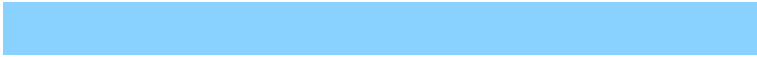
F0C194



94D8B4

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89D2FF



CDC2FC



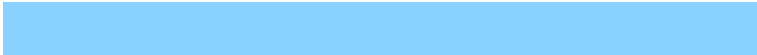
F0C194



C0D096

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89D2FF



DBF1FF



89FFB4



6A7780



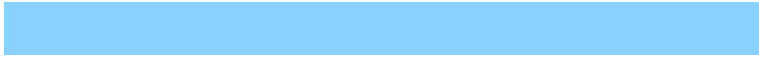
000000



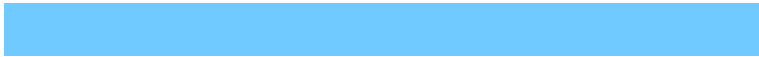
808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89D2FF



70C9FF



8999FF



737B80



0076BF



002740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



FF89D2



FF70C9



FFEF89



80737B



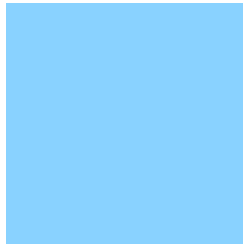
BF0076



400027

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 89D2FF looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

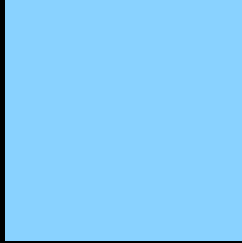
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 89D2FF looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

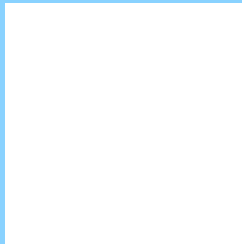
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 89D2FF Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 89D2FF.

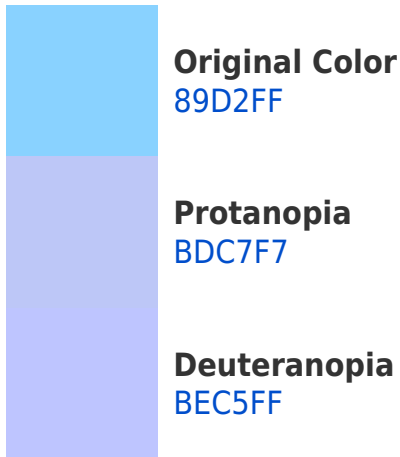


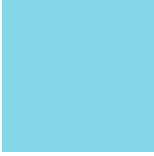
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 89D2FF.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

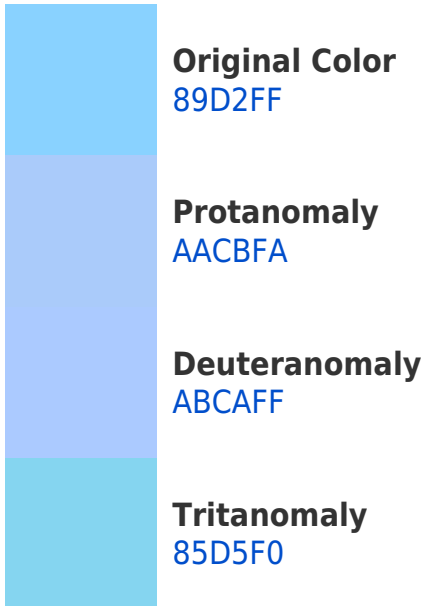
Dichromacy



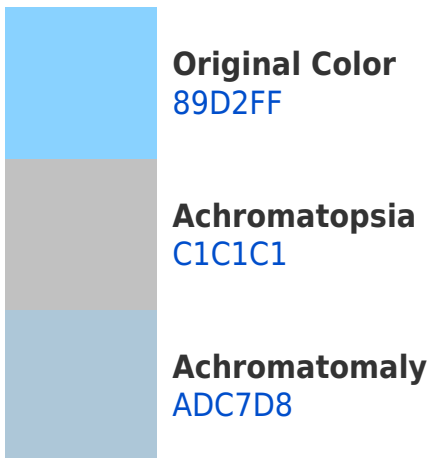


Tritanopia
82D6E7

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 89D2FF is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #89D2FF looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
  color:#89D2FF
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #89D2FF colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #89D2FF
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 89D2FF is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#89D2FF }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#89D2FF }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #89D2FF colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #89D2FF; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #89D2FF; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #89D2FF }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 89D2FF is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#89D2FF }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#89D2FF }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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