

# Converting Colors

Hex(8D1C20)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(8D1C20) contains.

<b>Hex(8D1C20)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(8D1C20)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D1C20
RGB	141, 28, 32
RGB Percent	55%, 11%, 13%
CMY	0.4471, 0.8902, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.77, 0.45
HSL	358°, 67%, 33%
HSV	358°, 80%, 55%
XYZ	11.6605, 6.5975, 2.0254
YIQ	62.2430, 66.0640, 25.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

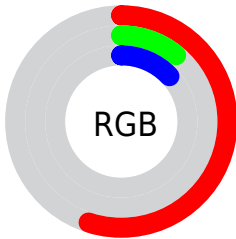
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">141, 28, 32</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9247776</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">30.87, 46.41, 27.82</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">31, 54.109, 30.944</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">6.5975, 0.5749, 0.3253</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287437856 (0xFF8D1C20)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">62.2430, -14.9098, 69.0699</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">25.6856, 36.0836, 13.3048</a>

# Details

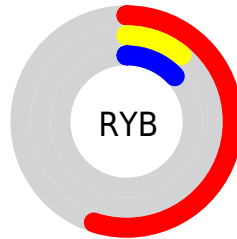
The Hex color **8D1C20** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **1C8D89**, and the grayscale version is **3E3E3E**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **C9534C**, and **530000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8D0E12**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8D2A2E**.

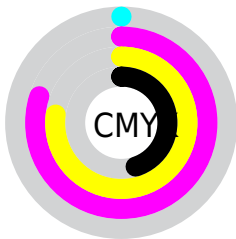
# Distribution



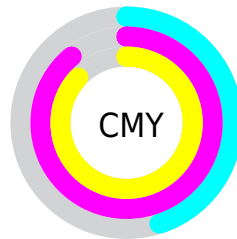
- Red (55%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 8D1C20 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 8D1C20 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 8D1C20

 8D1C20

FFFFFF

 70000A

 C9534C

 530000

 E76E64

 380002

 FF897D

 110000

 FFA497

 000000

 FFC0B2

 FFDDCE

 FFFAEA

 8D1C20

 8D1C20

■ 8D0E12

■ 8D2A2E

■ 8D0005

■ 8D383B

■ 8D4649

■ 8D5456

■ 8D6364

■ 8D7172

■ 8D7F7F

■ 8D8D8D

■ 8D9B9A

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



900949



8D1C20



793600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8D1C20



00581C



004E9E

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8D1C20



1C8D89

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



005793



8D1C20



005A49

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8D1C20



2D5200



005A73



443C92

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8D1C20



644200



005A73



00529D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8D1C20



B88C8D



871C8D



5C4142



DBDBDB



5C5C5C



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8D1C20



B8070E



8D4F1C



474041



870005



080000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8D1C20



B8070E



1C5A8D



474041



870005



080000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 8D1C20 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

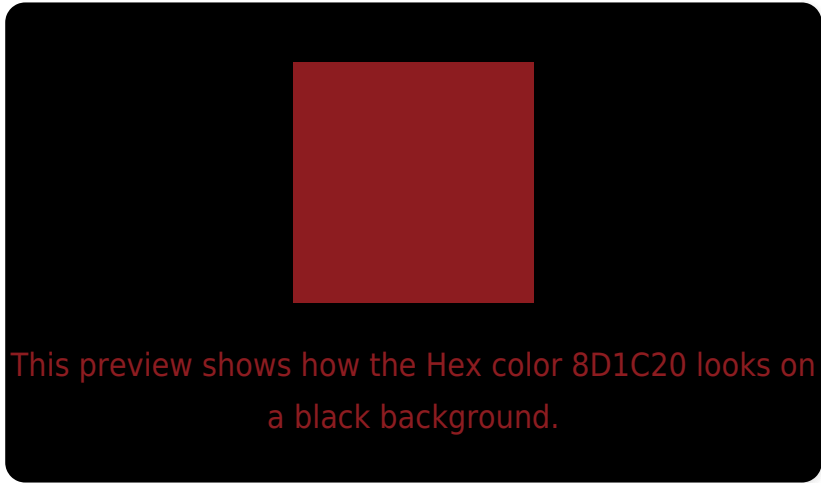
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 8D1C20 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 8D1C20.

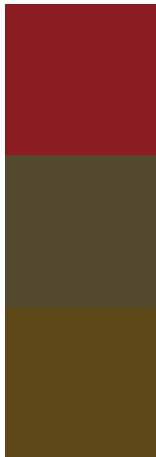


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 8D1C20.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
8D1C20

**Protanopia**  
514A2E

**Deuteranopia**  
5D4718



**Tritanopia**  
8D1D1D

# Trichromacy



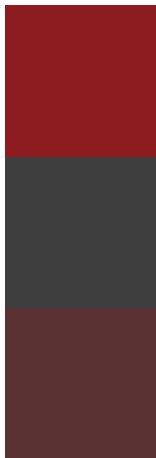
**Original Color**  
8D1C20

**Protanomaly**  
673929

**Deuteranomaly**  
6E371B

**Tritanomaly**  
8D1D1E

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
8D1C20

**Achromatopsia**  
3E3E3E

**Achromatomaly**  
5B3233

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 8D1C20 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #8D1C20 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#8D1C20  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #8D1C20 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #8D1C20
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 8D1C20 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#8D1C20 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#8D1C20 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #8D1C20 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #8D1C20; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #8D1C20; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #8D1C20 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 8D1C20 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#8D1C20 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#8D1C20 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor