

# Converting Colors

Hex(8F0600)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(8F0600) contains.

<b>Hex(8F0600)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(8F0600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F0600
RGB	143, 6, 0
RGB Percent	56%, 2%, 0%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9765, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	3°, 100%, 28%
HSV	3°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.3928, 5.9699, 0.5518
YIQ	46.2790, 83.5780, 27.1780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

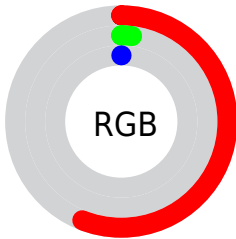
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">143, 6, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9373184</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">29.34, 51.11, 42.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">29, 66.594, 39.867</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">5.9699, 0.6360, 0.3332</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287563264 (0xFF8F0600)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">46.2790, -22.8155, 84.8243</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">24.4334, 40.4728, 15.7643</a>

# Details

The Hex color **8F0600** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **00898F**, and the grayscale version is **2E2E2E**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **CD492F**, and **530000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8F0600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8F140E**.

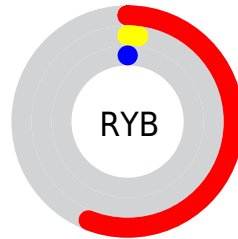
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (2%)

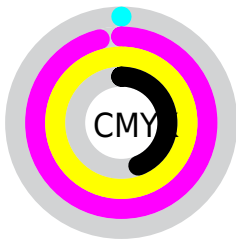
Blue (0%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (0%)

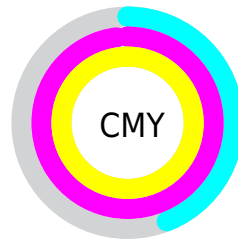


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 8F0600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 8F0600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 8F0600

 8F0600

 FFFFE5

 710000

 CD492F

 530000

 EC6446

 380002

 FF7F5F

 0D0000

 FF9A78

 000000

 FFB692

 FFD3AD

 FFF0C8

 8F0600

 8F140E

 8F211D

 8F2F2B

 8F3D39

 8F4B48

 8F5856

 8F6664

 8F7472

 8F8181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9B0037



8F0600



713500

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8F0600



00571E



0047AD

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8F0600



00898F

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0055A8



8F0600



005956

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8F0600



005300



005987



572C96

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8F0600



564300



005987



004DAF



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8F0600



BA8582



8F008A



5E3E3C



DEDEDE



5E5E5E



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8F0600



BA0800



8F4C00



474140



870600



080000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



00898F



00B2BA



00438F



404747



008187

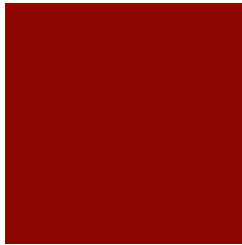


000708



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 8F0600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

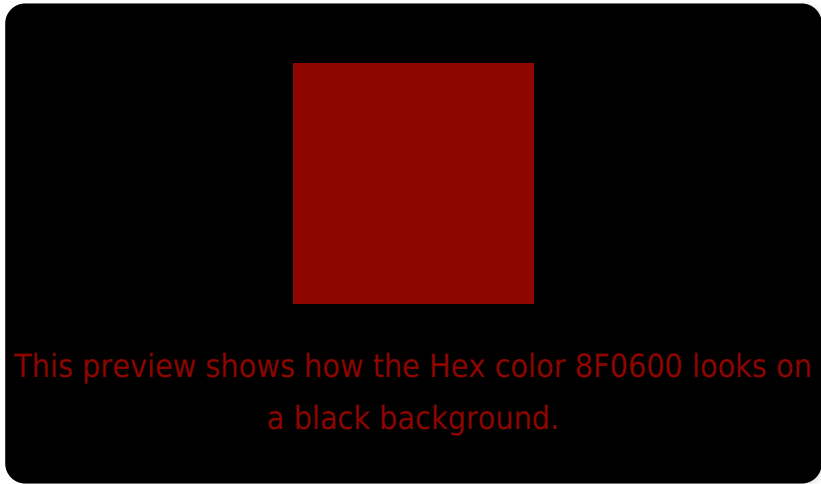
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 8F0600 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 8F0600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 8F0600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
8F0600

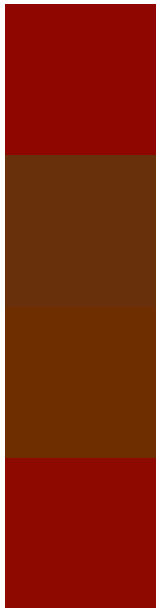
**Protanopia**  
514812

**Deuteranopia**  
5B4500



**Tritanopia**  
8E0D00

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
8F0600

**Protanomaly**  
68300B

**Deuteranomaly**  
6E2E00

**Tritanomaly**  
8E0A00

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
8F0600

**Achromatopsia**  
2E2E2E

**Achromatomaly**  
511F1D

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 8F0600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #8F0600 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#8F0600  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #8F0600 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #8F0600
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 8F0600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

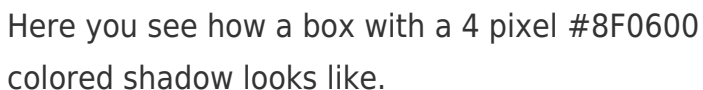
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#8F0600 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#8F0600 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #8F0600 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #8F0600; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #8F0600; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #8F0600 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 8F0600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#8F0600 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#8F0600 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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