

# Converting Colors

Hex(90010F)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(90010F) contains.

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**Color**

**Hex(90010F)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90010F
RGB	144, 1, 15
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 6%
CMY	0.4353, 0.9961, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.90, 0.44
HSL	354°, 99%, 28%
HSV	354°, 99%, 56%
XYZ	11.5987, 5.9855, 0.9959
YIQ	45.3530, 80.7340, 34.6700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

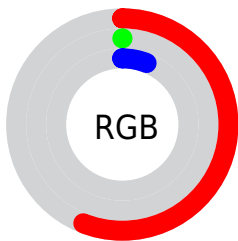
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">144, 1, 15</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9437455</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">29.38, 52.42, 36.41</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">29, 63.822, 34.782</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">5.9855, 0.6243, 0.3221</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287627535</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF90010F</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">45.3530, -14.9640, 86.5134</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">24.4653, 41.8104, 14.7121</a>

# Details

The Hex color **90010F** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **019082**, and the grayscale version is **2D2D2D**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **CE473B**, and **540000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90000E**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **900F1C**.

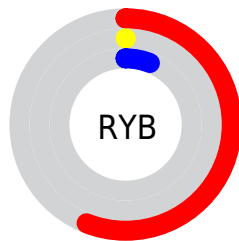
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (0%)

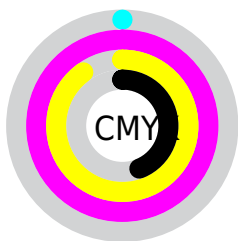
Blue (6%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (6%)

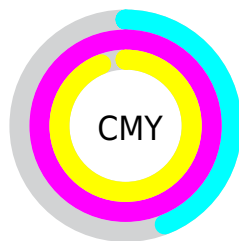


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 90010F changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 90010F by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90010F

 90010F

 FFFFF2

 720000

 CE473B

 540000

 ED6352

 390002

 FF7E6B

 100000

 FF9984

 000000

 FFB69E

 FFD2B9

 FFEFD5

 90010F

 90010F

■ 90000E

■ 900F1C

■ 901E29

■ 902C36

■ 903B43

■ 904950

■ 90575D

■ 90666A

■ 907477

■ 908384

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



970040



90010F



763100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90010F



005616



004AAA

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90010F



019082

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0055A0



90010F



00584C

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90010F



155100



00597D



483398

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90010F



5D4100



00597D



004FAA



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90010F



BA8288



820190



5E3C40



DEDEDE



5E5E5E



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90010F



BA0012



903A01



474041



87000D



080001



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90010F



BA0012



015790



474041



87000D



080001



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 90010F looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

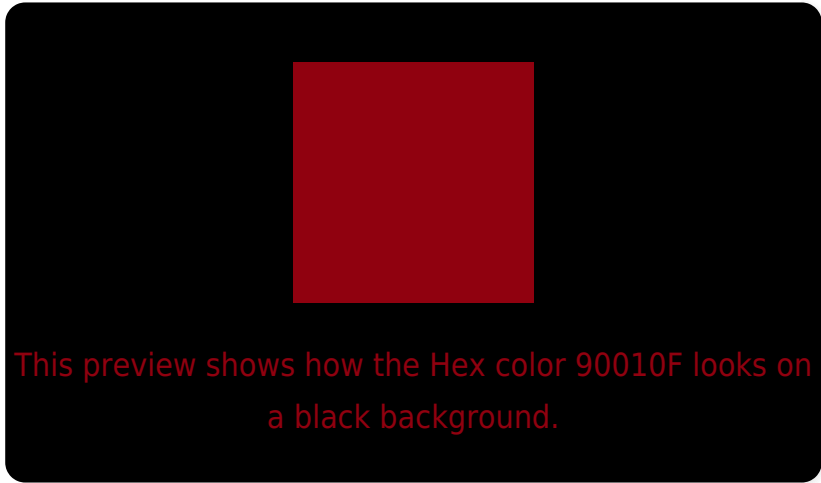
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 90010F Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 90010F.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 90010F.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
8F0D00

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
90010F

**Protanomaly**  
682F17

**Deuteranomaly**  
6F2C05

**Tritanomaly**  
8F0905

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90010F

**Achromatopsia**  
2D2D2D

**Achromatomaly**  
511D22

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 90010F is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #90010F looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#90010F  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #90010F colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #90010F
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 90010F is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

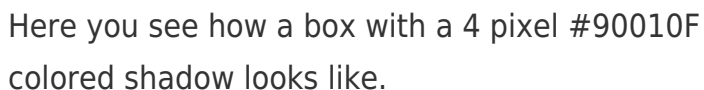
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#90010F }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#90010F }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #90010F colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #90010F; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #90010F; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #90010F }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 90010F is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#90010F }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#90010F }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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