

# Converting Colors

Hex(97F372)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(97F372) contains.

<b>Hex(97F372)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Hex(97F372)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97F372
RGB	151, 243, 114
RGB Percent	59%, 95%, 45%
CMY	0.4078, 0.0471, 0.5529
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.53, 0.05
HSL	103°, 84%, 70%
HSV	103°, 53%, 95%
XYZ	47.8504, 71.8954, 27.2748
YIQ	200.7860, -13.4230, -59.6230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

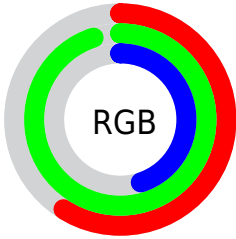
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">114, 243, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9958258</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.92, -50.17, 53.09</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">88, 73.045, 133.375</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.8954, 0.3255, 0.4890</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288148338 (0xFF97F372)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">200.7860, -42.7855, -43.6623</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.7912, -47.6513, 40.2820</a>

# Details

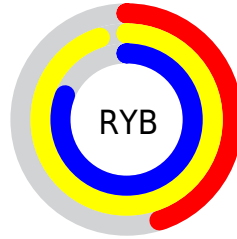
The Hex color **97F372** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF66**. A complement of this color would be **CE72F3**, and the grayscale version is **C9C9C9**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **D1FFA9**, and **5EBA3D** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86F35A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **A8F38A**.

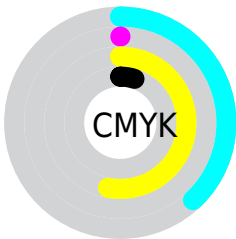
# Distribution



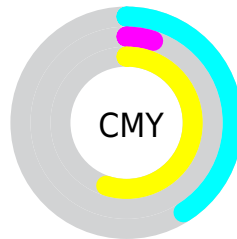
- Red (59%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 97F372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 97F372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97F372

FFFFFF

 D1FFA9

 EFFF C5

 FFFF E1

 97F372

 7AD657

 5EBA3D

 409F20

 1D8400

 006A00

 005100

 003900

 002300

 000000

■ 97F372

■ 97F372

■ 86F35A

■ A8F38A

■ 74F341

■ BAF3A3

■ 63F329

■ CBF3BB

■ 52F311

■ DCF3D3

■ 46F300

■ EEF3EB

■ FFF3FF

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



E5E34A



97F372



00FCB2

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97F372



00EFFF



FF9EC0

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97F372



CE72F3

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



FFA4FF



97F372



96D9FF

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97F372



00FBFF



FFBDFD



FFB080

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97F372



00FEE2



FFBDFD



FF9DD7

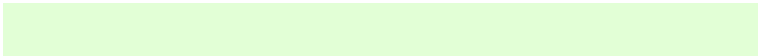


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97F372



E2FFD6



F3CC72



6E8067



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97F372



8BFF5C



72F38C



727A6E



35BA00



113B00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



CE72F3



D05CFF



F372D9



776E7A



8500BA

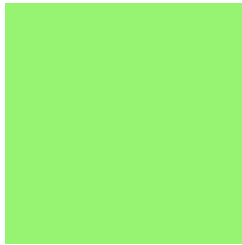


2A003B



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 97F372 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

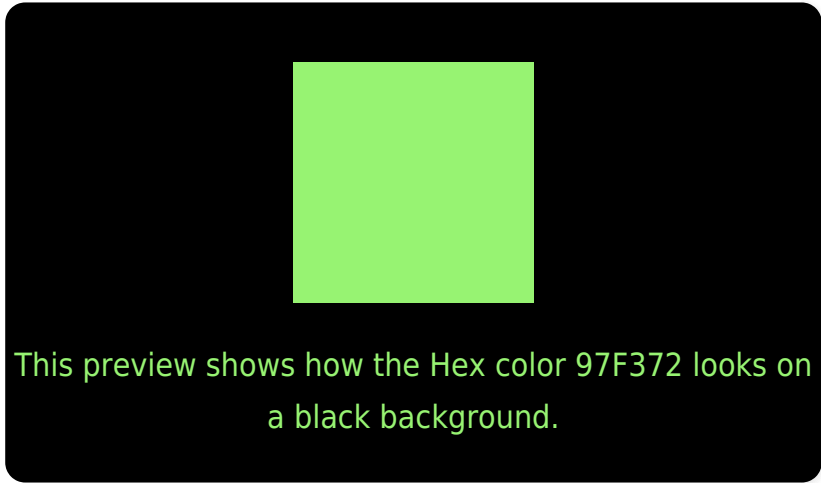
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 97F372 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 97F372.

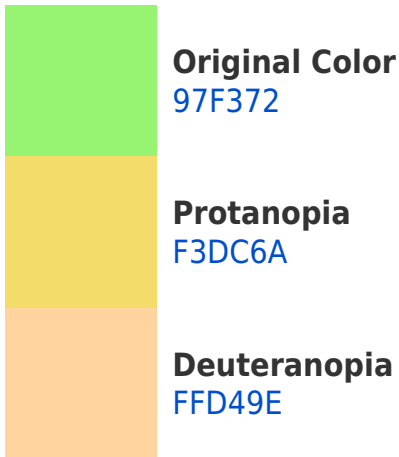


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 97F372.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



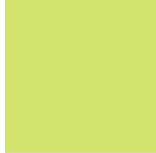


**Tritanopia**  
ADE5F7

# Trichromacy



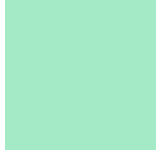
**Original Color**  
97F372



**Protanomaly**  
D2E46D



**Deuteranomaly**  
D9DF8E

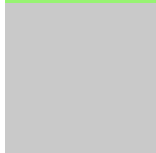


**Tritanomaly**  
A5EAC7

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97F372



**Achromatopsia**  
C9C9C9



**Achromatomaly**  
B7D8A9

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 97F372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #97F372 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#97F372  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #97F372 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #97F372
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 97F372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#97F372 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#97F372 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #97F372 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #97F372; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #97F372; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #97F372 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 97F372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#97F372 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#97F372 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor