

# Converting Colors

Hex(A8A591)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(A8A591) contains.

<b>Hex(A8A591)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Hex(A8A591)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8A591
RGB	168, 165, 145
RGB Percent	66%, 65%, 57%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3529, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.14, 0.34
HSL	52°, 12%, 61%
HSV	52°, 14%, 66%
XYZ	34.7144, 37.2794, 32.1541
YIQ	163.6170, 8.2080, -5.5840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

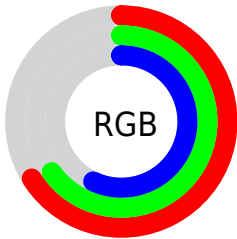
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">148, 168, 145</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11052433</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.49, -2.45, 10.76</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 11.032, 102.827</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.2794, 0.3333, 0.3579</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289242513</a> (0xFFA8A591)
YUV	<a href="#">163.6170, -9.1782, 3.8439</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.0569, -5.3618, 11.5162</a>

# Details

The Hex color **A8A591** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **9194A8**, and the grayscale version is **A4A4A4**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **DFDCC7**, and **74715F** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **A8A380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **A8A7A2**.

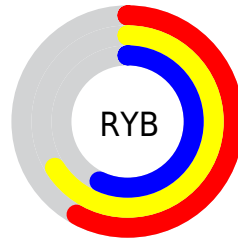
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (65%)

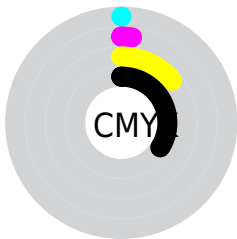
Blue (57%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (57%)

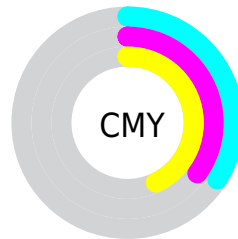


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color A8A591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color A8A591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





A8A591



A8A591

FFFFFF



8E8B77



DFDCC7



74715F



FCF8E3



5B5947



444230



2D2B1B



1A1701



000000



A8A591



A8A591



A8A380



A8A7A2

 A8A16F

 A8A9B3

 A89E5F

 A8ACC3

 A89C4E

 A8AED4

 A89A3D

 A8B0E5

 A8982C

 A8B2F6

 A8961B

 A8B4FF

 A8930B

 A8B7FF

 A89200

 A8B9FF

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



B2A292



A8A591



9CA896

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



A8A591



8CA9B1



B59EAA

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



A8A591



9194A8

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



ACA0B3



A8A591



94A7B7

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



A8A591



8CAAA8



9FA4B8



BA9EA0

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



A8A591



95A99B



9FA4B8



B29FAE



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



A8A591



DBDAD3



A89194



6E6D68



EDEDED



6E6E6E



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



A8A591



DBD7B8



A0A891



54534C



948100



141200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9194A8



B8BDD8



9991A8



4C4D54



001394



000314



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color A8A591 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

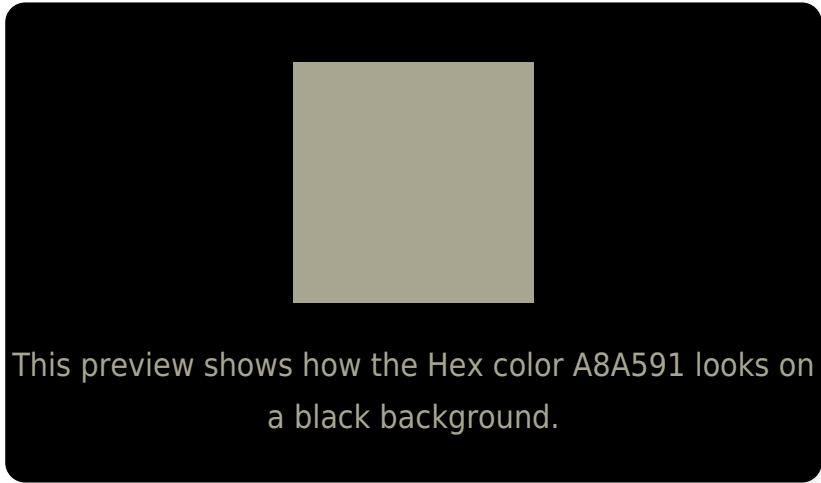
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

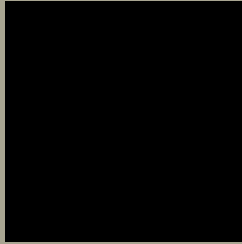
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex A8A591 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color A8A591.

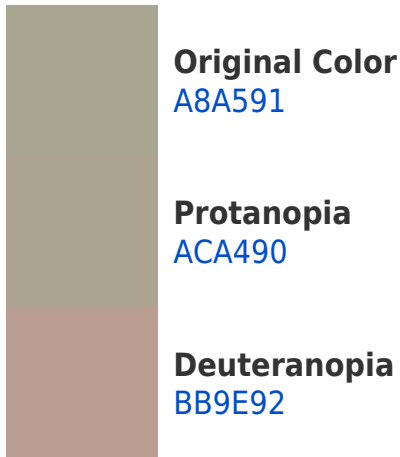


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color A8A591.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
A8A591

**Protanomaly**  
ABA490

**Deuteranomaly**  
B4A192

**Tritanomaly**  
ABA2A3

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
A8A591

**Achromatopsia**  
A4A4A4

**Achromatomaly**  
A5A49D

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex A8A591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #A8A591 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#A8A591  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #A8A591 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #A8A591
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex A8A591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#A8A591 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#A8A591 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #A8A591 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #A8A591; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #A8A591; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #A8A591 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex A8A591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#A8A591 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#A8A591 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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