

# Converting Colors

Hex(ABAFE2)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(ABAFE2) contains.

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# **Color**

**Hex(ABAFE2)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABAFE2
RGB	171, 175, 226
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 89%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3137, 0.1137
CMYK	0.24, 0.23, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	236°, 49%, 78%
HSV	236°, 24%, 89%
XYZ	45.8520, 44.8089, 78.1838
YIQ	179.6180, -18.7550, 15.0130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

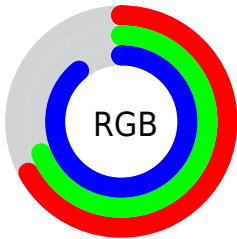
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">171, 175, 226</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11251682</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.77, 9.53, -26.05</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 27.739, 290.095</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.8089, 0.2716, 0.2654</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289441762</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFABAFE2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">179.6180, 22.8663, -7.5580</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.9394, 5.1246, -22.3919</a>

# Details

The Hex color **ABAFE2** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **E2DEAB**, and the grayscale version is **B3B3B3**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **E3E6FF**, and **767BAB** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **949AE2**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **C2C4E2**.

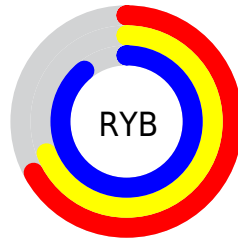
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (69%)

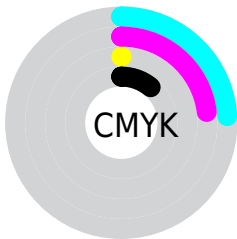
Blue (89%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (89%)

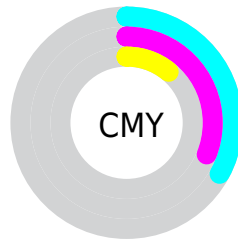


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color ABAFE2 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color ABAFE2 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ ABAFE2

■ ABAFE2

FFFFFF

■ 9094C6

■ E3E6FF

■ 767BAB

■ 5C6290

■ 434A76

■ 2B345D

■ 121F45

■ 00062F

■ 00011A

■ 000000

■ ABAFE2

■ ABAFE2

■ 949AE2

■ C2C4E2

■ 7E85E2

■ D8D9E2

■ 6770E2

■ EFEEE2

■ 515BE2

■ FFFFE2

■ 3A46E2

■ 2331E2

■ 0D1CE2

■ 0010E2

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87B7E4



ABAFE2



CBA6D3

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



ABAFE2



DFA68D



7AC0A9

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



ABAFE2



E2DEAB

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96BD91



ABAFE2



CDAE81

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



ABAFE2



E6A1A2



B3B683



67C1C3

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



ABAFE2



DAA2C4



B3B683



83BFA0



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



ABAFE2



EDEEFF



ABE2DD



757680



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



ABAFE2



B5BAFF



C2ABE2



656670



000DB0



000430



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



E2ABAF



FFB5BA



CBE2AB



706566



B0000D

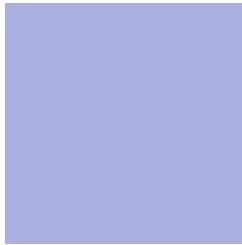


300004



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color ABAFE2 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

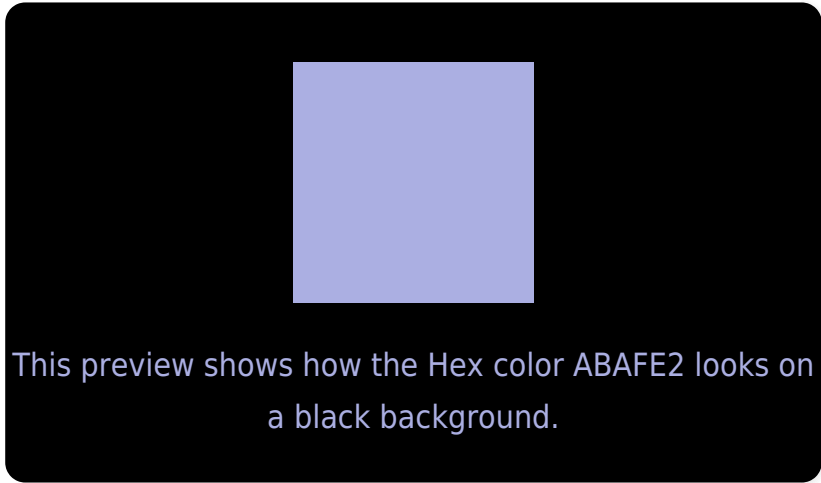
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex ABAFE2 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color ABAFE2.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color ABAFE2.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
ABAFE2

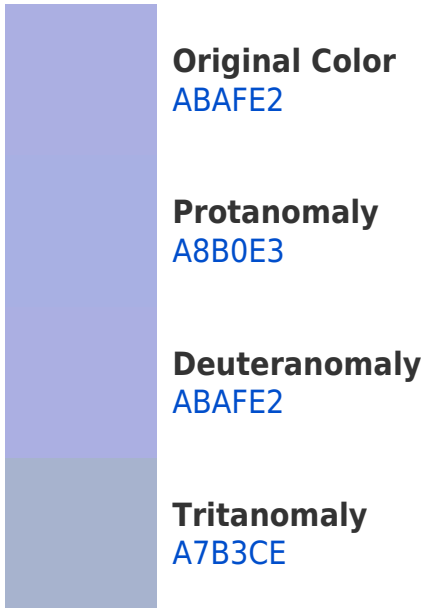
**Protanopia**  
A6B0E3

**Deuteranopia**  
ABAFE2

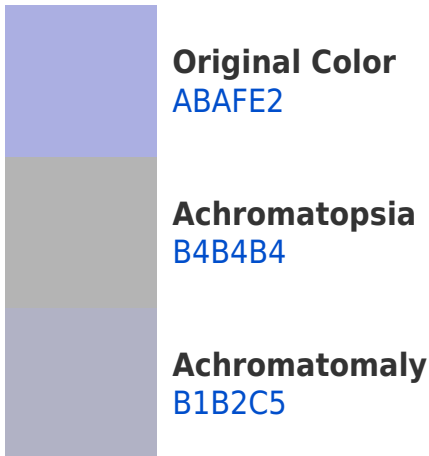


**Tritanopia**  
A5B5C3

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex ABAFE2 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #ABAFE2 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#ABAFE2  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #ABAFE2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #ABAFE2
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex ABAFE2 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#ABAFE2 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#ABAFE2 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #ABAFE2 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #ABAFE2; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #ABAFE2; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #ABAFE2 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex ABAFE2 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#ABAFE2 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#ABAFE2 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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