

# Converting Colors

Hex(ACACB0)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(ACACB0) contains.

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# **Color**

**Hex(ACACB0)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACACB0
RGB	172, 172, 176
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 69%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3255, 0.3098
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	240°, 2%, 68%
HSV	240°, 2%, 69%
XYZ	39.6023, 41.4103, 46.9800
YIQ	172.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

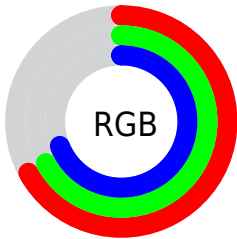
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">172, 172, 176</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11316400</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.46, 0.77, -2.06</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 2.194, 290.422</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.4103, 0.3094, 0.3235</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289506480</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFACACB0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">172.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.3508, -2.7630, 1.7603</a>

# Details

The Hex color **ACACB0** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **B0B0AC**, and the grayscale version is **ACACAC**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **E3E3E8**, and **78787C** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9A9AB0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **BEBEB0**.

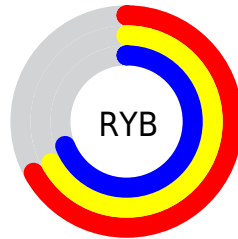
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

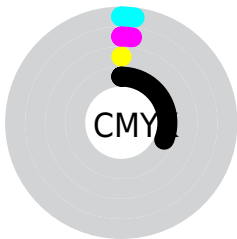
Blue (69%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (69%)

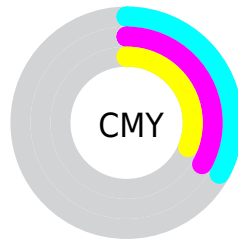


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color ACACB0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color ACACB0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ ACACB0

FFFFFF

■ E3E3E8

■ ACACB0

■ 919195

■ 78787C

■ 5F5F63

■ 47474B

■ 313134

■ 1C1C1F

■ 010107

■ 000000

■ ACACB0

■ ACACB0

■ 9A9AB0

■ BEBEB0

■ 8989B0

■ CFCFB0

■ 7777B0

■ E1E1B0

■ 6666B0

■ F2F2B0

■ 5454B0

■ FFFFB0

■ 4242B0

■ 3131B0

■ 1F1FB0

■ 0E0EB0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



AAADB0



ACACB0



AEABAF

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



ACACB0



B0ABA9



A8AEAC

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



ACACB0



B0B0AC

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



AAADAA



ACACB0



AFACA8

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



ACACB0



B1ABAB



ADADA9



A8AEAE

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



ACACB0



B0ABAE



ADADA9



A9ADAB



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



ACACB0



E3E3E6



ACB0B0



727273



F2F2F2



737373

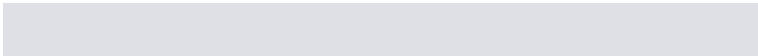


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



ACACB0



DFDFE6



AEACB0



565659



000099



00001A



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



B0ACB0



E6DFE6



AEB0AC



595659



990099



1A001A



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color ACACB0 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

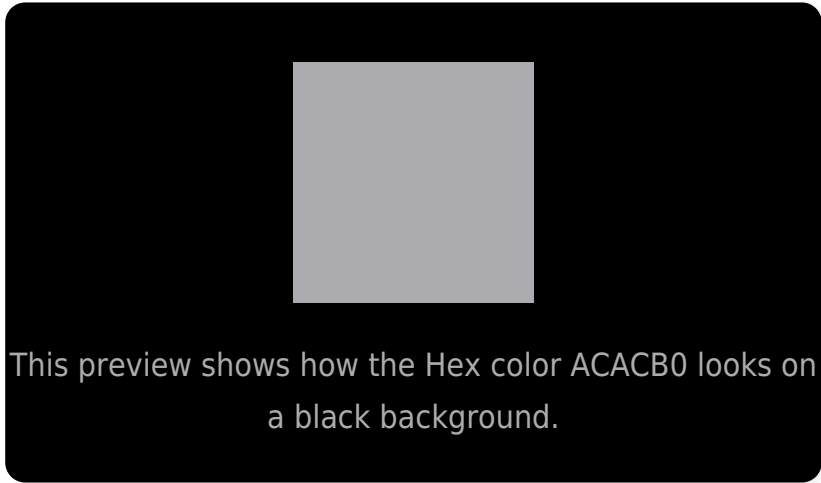
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

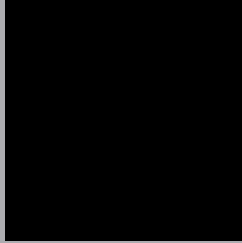
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex ACACB0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color ACACB0.

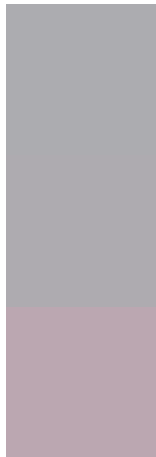


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color ACACB0.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
ACACB0

**Protanopia**  
AEABB0

**Deuteranopia**  
BBA7B1



# Trichromacy



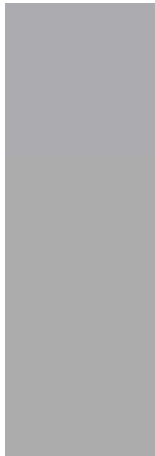
**Original Color**  
ACACB0

**Protanomaly**  
ADABB0

**Deuteranomaly**  
B6A9B1

**Tritanomaly**  
ADABB5

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
ACACB0

**Achromatopsia**  
ACACAC

**Achromatomaly**  
ACACAD

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex ACACB0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #ACACB0 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#ACACB0  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #ACACB0 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #ACACB0  
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex ACACB0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid  
#ACACB0 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#ACACB0 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #ACACB0 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #ACACB0; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #ACACB0; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #ACACB0 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex ACACB0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#ACACB0 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#ACACB0 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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