

# Converting Colors

Hex(B02A31)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(B02A31) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(B02A31)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B02A31
RGB	176, 42, 49
RGB Percent	69%, 16%, 19%
CMY	0.3098, 0.8353, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.72, 0.31
HSL	357°, 61%, 43%
HSV	357°, 76%, 69%
XYZ	19.2868, 11.1078, 4.0332
YIQ	82.8640, 77.6170, 30.5850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

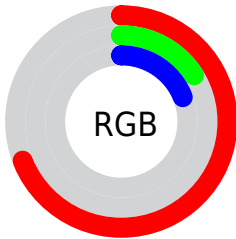
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	176, 42, 49
Decimal	11545137
CIE Lab	39.76, 53.47, 29.47
CIE LCh	40, 61.051, 28.864
Yxy	11.1078, 0.5602, 0.3226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289735217 (0xFFB02A31)
YUV	82.8640, -16.6950, 81.6803
Hunter-Lab	33.3283, 44.9719, 16.1549

# Details

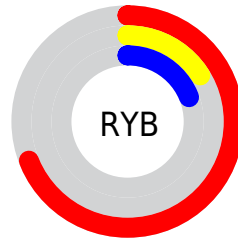
The Hex color **B02A31** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **2AB0A9**, and the grayscale version is **535353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **EE635F**, and **740004** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **B01820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **B03C42**.

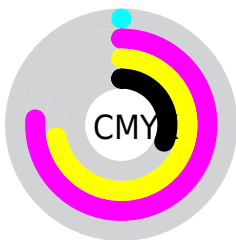
# Distribution



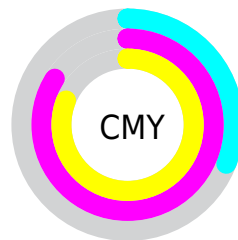
- Red (69%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color B02A31 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color B02A31 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 B02A31

 B02A31

FFFFFF

 92001C

 EE635F

 740004

 FF7E78

 560000

 FF9A92

 3B0002

 FFB6AD

 150000

 FFD3C8

 000000

 FFF0E4

 B02A31

 B02A31

 B01820

 B03C42

 B00710

 B04D52

 B00009

 B05F63

 B07074

 B08284

 B09495

 B0A5A6

 B0B7B6

 B0C8C7

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



B11C62



B02A31



994600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



B02A31



007025



0065C2

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



B02A31



2AB0A9

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



006FB3



B02A31



00735A

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



B02A31



426800



00738D



5351B6

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



B02A31



815500



00738D



0069C0



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



B02A31



E6B1B3



A72AB0



735354



F2F2F2



737373



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



B02A31



E61520



B0642A



595051



990008



1A0001



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



B02A31



E61520



2A76B0



595051



990008



1A0001



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color B02A31 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

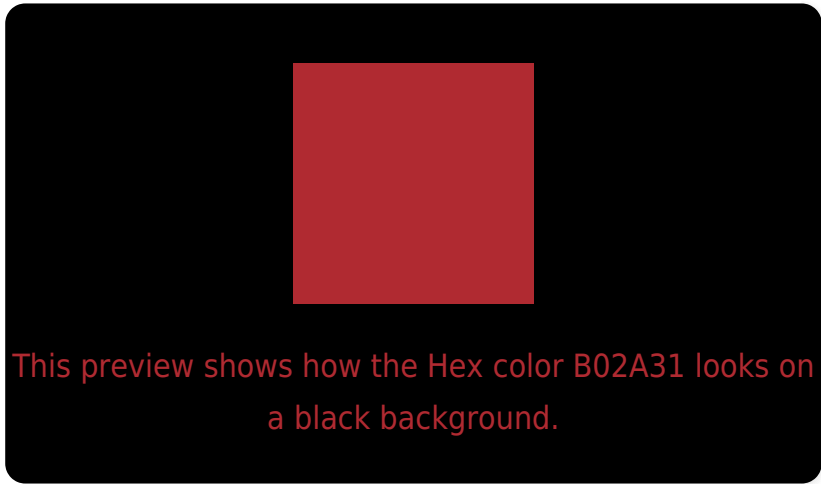
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex B02A31 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color B02A31.

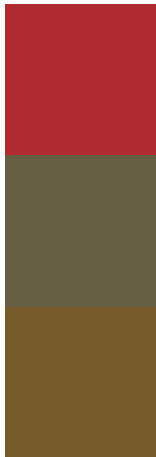


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color B02A31.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
B02A31

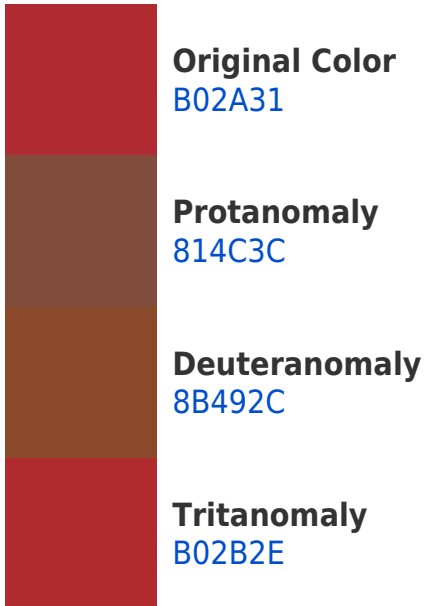
**Protanopia**  
665F43

**Deuteranopia**  
765A29

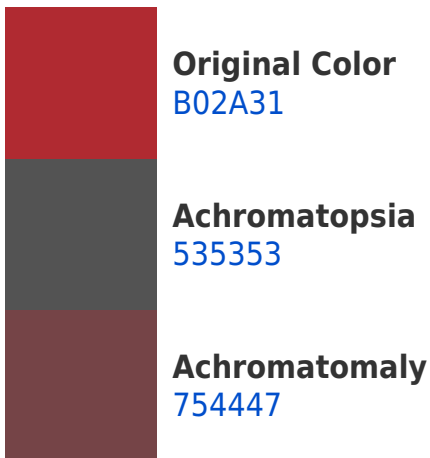


**Tritanopia**  
B02B2C

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex B02A31 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #B02A31 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#B02A31  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #B02A31 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #B02A31
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex B02A31 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

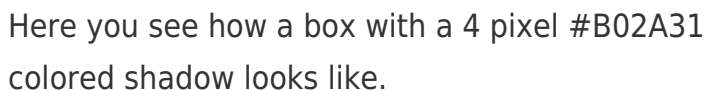
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#B02A31 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#B02A31 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `#B02A31` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #B02A31; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #B02A31; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #B02A31 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex B02A31 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#B02A31 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#B02A31 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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